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PHILIPPINE NIGHT

S/set Vincent P. Dorgis

MORE ON FINEGAN LANDING: (Cont'd from P. 3) echelon is here we KNOW the island is

might have been. Commandeering some awaiting trucks, the base echelon drove forward rapidly up the Dagami - Burauen turnpike. Nowhere did the Japs dare offer his commandos. They stayed away for 85 any resistance. As they proceeded they were given wild ovations by WACS, Nurses and Red Cross girls. Beautiful Filipino girls tossed orchids at them. What a show. Having accomplished its mission of getting the Christmas packages safely to the 96th Division, Finegan's Fighting Fiends can't wait to get back aboard ship for another amphibious landing.

COMMENTS ON LANDING

***Jan 27-News of the invasion of Leyte by Major Finegan and his base echelon commandos spread rapidly throughout the world. The daring and audacity of this intrepid group of soldiers who landed not on H Hour, not on A day but on A plus 95 thrilled the imagination of people from Addis Ababa to Zanzibar, an Associated Press round-up shows. We quote comments of the press and individuals throughout

NEW YORK TIMES -- Securing of a beachhead on Levte by the 96th Division base echelon undoubtedly will cause much consternation in Tokyo. Hajor Finegan told his people in the Philippines, "I will be back." He has kept his promise.

CHICAGO TRIBUNE -- Call them isolationists if you will. Major Finegan and his men did not choose to land during a crowded invasion. They took their own time, seized the proper moment and landed without a casualty. It was a bit of masterful planning.

HOLLYWOOD CITIZEN NEWS--Nowhere, not even in Hollywood, could an invasion be staged with such timing, such attention to detail Landing like conquering heroes, the base echelon arrived just in time to steal the applause from a USO show.

LEYTE FILIPINO NEWS -- The people of Leyte have waited patiently for this historic moment. Frankly the situation had us a little worried but now that the base

RESTRICTED DEADEYE DISPATCH

> PRAVDA, MOSCOW--Stalingrad held out for 57 days. This brilliant and historic deed is now eclipsed by Major Finegan and

NICHI NICHI, TOKYO--Reports reaching us that Major Finegan and his raiders have invaded the island of Leyte do not impress us. Our submarines disposed of their ship long ago. They are unquestionably the walking dead.

Fred Allen, Hollywood-I knew a man named Major Finegan. He had whiskers on his

chinagin, begin agin. Lt. Col. Oveta Culp Hobby, Commander of the WACS--I only wish I could say the base echelon is an official part of the WACS. Their deeds are in the finest traditions of the Womens Army Corps. Their typewriters and mimeograph machines will be a welcome addition to our WACS who landed on Leyte two months previous to the assault waves of the base echelon. Adolph Hitler, Wilhelmstrasse, Berlin-The base echelon gestinken. The Japs will soon take care of their typewriters.

MP'S AND G-2 IN FINALS

Though few spectators would take even two to one odds on them, the G-2 team defeated the MP's in the last scheduled game of the CP volleyball tournament. It will now be necessary for the two teams to play a best four out of seven game series to determine the CP champion. During league play both teams won and lost one game.

Earlier in the day the G-2's had eked out a victory over the G-3 in a hard fought battle, which brought them to the finals.

Several challenges have already been received for which every team emerges the final victor, so that a Division champion can be decided. The Special Service Office will arrange for all intra-Division games. A call to Sgt. Bob Smith at the Special Service Office and all the details will be arranged as to time and place.

DEADEYE Teatures



And we became the proud possessors of the rt ht to pullah....

all this can be ours

how much do I miss you? your

Is Democracy better, I esk you?

presence close to me is like the fragrance of night-jasmine, cooling to the burning ardor that ravages my heart:

your eyes, wondrous in their glow, add courage to mine own, helping to thwart the foe which is lonliness;

and your smile is graven in my monory, spuring and quickening the weary hours of long separation.

how much to I love you?

I love you so much, deeper than the greatest sea and higher than the stars of evening:

v devotion encompasses that which others dare not:

the scorn and city of others are as nothing:

and it is more than Yeaven, more than life itself, this humble gift I offer ... all that I possess, everything within me. when shall we meet?

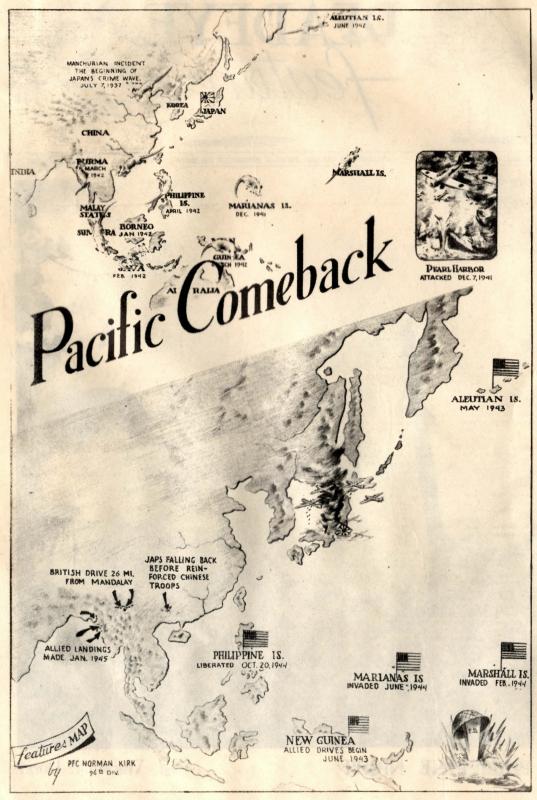
we have never been apart, darling, can never be apart. You one to me in my dreams; I summon you in beautiful fantasy; ours is something that transcends time and distance

ecause both of us feel that it was meant to be; and schoday, when present triuls are past, there shall be no need for furtagy. Then shall we come into impriness beyond all understanding, to peace and contentient not known before, with dignity and honor beyond all question.

ichael Oden

EIGHT

DEADEYE features



DEADEYE features



House of the Lord >

A G.1. who is tired from weary months of fighting could well be expected when the opportunity came, to sink down upon his cot and do nothing but rest. Unnecessary labor might easily be the last thing that he would consider. In a pagan nation that would be the case. But in the Division opstands an example of the merican soldiers belief in his God—a structure that will stand for many years as a prayer of thanks-giving that he had been brought through the battle unharmed, and as a monument to his buddies who will lay in the Philippines forever. A Chapel.

When the word spread that a place of worship was being constructed, contribu-tions of labor, equipment, and advice came from nearly every unit in the CP. From privates to generals the cooperation was wholehearted, and the result is the church that stands today.

Probably the chief credit goes to chaplain's sesistant T/5 Harry C. Richberger, architect, and Pfc. Wilmer W. Braithwaits, contractor. It was their problem to conquer the immmerable obstacles encountered in trying to erect a building in the midst of a Philippine Wilderness. Strange and few materials were available. Richberger, who was an architect in civilian life, had to draw the plans with no more drafting equipment than a G.I. pencil, and Braithwaite built everything from alter real to steeple with bamboo.

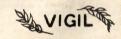
The permission and encouragement to construct the edifice was wholeheartedly given by Col. Herbert R. Damisch of Special Troops and Capt. John P. Hecimovich of Headquarters Company. It was they who saw to it that as many of the laborers as available were delivered to those working on the Chemical



The rilipino workers showed their good will by obtaining a special type of insect-resistant bamboo which often necessitates

The building is intended to be a Division Chapel, although it will mainly serve the Special Troops. All services in the CP area will be held in this Chapel. Catholic Mass will be said at 0900 Sunday mornings by Chaplain Konisky of Divarty, while general Protestant services will be at 1015 and Lutheran Communion at 1100, both by Chaplain von Husen of Special Troops.

A set of eighteen chimes was the Division Band's gift, and in addition, one of their men will be on hand each week to play them during the interwission between the Catholic and Protestant services. The chimes were made from a variety of artillers shell casings, including several Jap 75's.



A hedgehog poking furtively along and withered upland bush.

Here in this very doorway, tapped the ash Of winter. Will this thought arise no more:

By - Aust Matthews.

THREE

DEADEYE features



As 1944, came to a dismal end, seven rs of the Intelligence and Reconnais-platoon of "The Vikings" went over ountain to see what they could see.

10 day hegira behind the Jap lines
saw plenty.

The patrol led by let Lt. Charles Hymers, Erie, Pa. had the mission of lishing contact with the (censor, your scissors) Division advancing on ther side of the mountain range.

Their jumping off place in the foot-is so rugged that supplies can get only by hand carry but compared to the wcipitous cliffs the patrol had to scale is as smooth as the parade ground at the Lewis, Washington.

Says Corporal Thomas H. Page, Niagara

"The tamils were so steep you could the bottom of the heels of the man in ront of you. At some places the only way be could advance was to wade up streams."

While it hardly seems possible that any place could receive more rain than the DEADEES have seen, the mountain peaks are continually drenched with rain by the low lying clouds resting on them. And of course there is the accompanying mud. Every step along the elippery trails clinging to the sides of the mountain was fraught with danger. Blood sucking leech fraught with danger. Blood sucking leech and king size mosquitoes plagued their journey.

NO COWARDS IN FRANCE.

PARTS: (CMS)-Not a single American soldier n France has been executed for cowardice. in France has been executed for cowardice, desertion in the face of the enemy or any other military offense for which a court sartial may decree capital punishment, since the D-Day landings June 6. The records disclose only 16 instances of capital punishment in which final action has en taken. Of these four were for murder ad twelve for rape.

Instructions were not to fire on Japs unless necessary. Even if they wanted to, they were hopelessly outnumbered by the Jap patrols combing the area. Nostly the doughboys laid low and prayed they would not be seen.

On a couple of occasions, however, they set up neat ambushes. Tipped off by Filipino guerrillas about approaching Japs the patrol deployed along the trail. They let the Japs come within 20 yards of them and then let loose with every weapon they had. They wiped out eight Japs in one trap and added four more to their total in another.

For several days while searching for trails to their objective, they made their headquarters in a guerrilla hideout near the top of a mountain peak.

On Christmas Day the rilipinos threw a native feast for them of dishes, silver-ware and fancy tablecloths carefully hid-den from the Japs for the past two years, appeared as if by magic. As they feasted on roast suckling pig, camotes and concoc-tions of rice and carabas meat, they watched Jap patrols operating far below

Later in the day they had their narrowest escape from the Japs. From three
sides Jap patrols moved toward them. Nearly surrounded and in almost plain sight of
the Japs on their right flank, they feared
discovery at any moment, they broke their
own trail through the rough terrain and

THIS WEEK'S ADOLF HITLER STORY

IONDON: (CNS)—Although the worries of war are turning his hair gray, the eyes of Adolf Hitler still "beam with youthful Adolf Hitler still "Deam with youthful radiance," according to an article prepar-ed by Propaganda Minister Paul Joseph Coe-bbels for publication in DAS REIGH. "Nev-er does a word of deception or of base intent cross his lips," the Goebbels article adds, "He is truth itself." managed to reach the safety of their moun-

To reach their rendezvous on the other side of the mountain it was necessary to pass through five miles of open country gradually sloping down to the val-

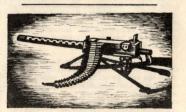
They set out at night to cross this ground. Several times they sweated it out as they crept past Jap occupied shacks. In one of them, a Jap was smoking a pipe in the doorway.

At midnight a heavy rain started to fall. This was one time when rain was welcomed by doughboys. It hid the sound of their approach.

A new fear beset the natrol as they approached the outposts of the (misth't say it) pivision. Afraid that they might be mistaken for enemy troops, they holed up in a nipa shack until dawn.

The next morning they completed their mission. Greeting them were no less than three two star generals - two division commanders and one corps commander, who praised them highly for their daring

They were treated like conquering heroes by soldiers in the Division CP. They were toasted with the first beer they had during the operation. The men then took off for their own unit hitch-hiking clear around the island and arrived back at regimental headquarters in high spirits.



DEADEYE features



INTERNATIONAL



of all the dictators which flourished in Europe, only one remains yet untouched by allied might—pranco. This man still dominates the government he seized in 1937. Between 1937 and 1942, Franco and his regime came out openly for full cooperation with Hitler. Today, as the allied armies encircle his country, Franco has been more silent. He realizes that he can now control Spain only as long as the Allies wish him to. Franco's next most logical move will be to win allied sympathy for his cause. He will put on a pentitent face and cause. He will put on a penitent face and say he was forced to deal with Hitler, that he believed in the Allied cause all along. In order that none of us be taken in by such propaganda, let us examine the facts.

FHANCO AS A FASCIST

Franco's history as a fascist is well Franco's history as a fascist is well known. The U. S. State Department knows it, England, France and Russia know it. The Allies are well aware that Spain it Nazi Germany's last big spy center in Europe. After five years of close collaboration with Hitler, Franco in 1942 said, "The historic destiny of our era is either according to the....formula Spain offers us, or according to any other formula of the Fascist nations." At the time he spoke, Franco was offering the industries spoke, Franco was offering the industries and mineral wealth of Spain to Germany, as

Commenting on German economic influence in Spain, the conservative London Financial Times said in April, 1944: "It is known that in 1942 Germany controlled more than 900 of Spain's 4800 Hasted companies. In the chemical and mining industries, Germany has also succeeded in building up a strong position. In recent months there has been considerable evidence of German infiltration into Spain's industry in the form of making available patentrights, technical plants and advisory engineers...Germany controls the most important iron and steel concerns on the Iberian Peninsula. These enterprises supply Germany with iron ore, lead, and zinc, the last being one of the scarcest base metals."

als."

The London Financial Times goes on to say that one of the leading Spanish chemical firms, the Union del Norte of Bilboa, is at present engaged in the construction of a large synthetic dye plant using I. G. Farben's processes. I. G. Farben is the gigantic German chemical combine which acts as a cornerstone for all German industry. Before the war, I.G. Farben's activities reached into almost every country in the world, even into the United States chemical industries.

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of all the dictators which flourished publication Die Deutsche Volkswirtschaft. imports from Spain in February 1944 were 39.2% of all Spains exports; 30% of these exports went directly to German factories in occupied countries. The matter of wolfram shipments to Germany is known to every one. Until Eritish and American officials would develop the factor of the countries of the countries. cracked down on Spain, about 100 tons a month were reaching Germany. Wolfram hard-ens the steel so necessary for modern ar-

Nor was Franco's collaboration limit—
ed to Spain's industries. According to
Spanish exiles in England, the Nazi Army
exercised direct control over Spanish seaports. These exiles also state that at
least 50,000 Spaniards have been sent out
of Spain by Franco to work as slave labor
in war plants of the Reich. Arrese, a
member of Franco's cabinet, made this
statement last July: "Despite official
withdrawal of the Blue pivision from Rusein, Spain has from 1,500 to 10,000 men
fighting with the German army on the Eastern front.

Despite present Allied successes in Europe, Francisco Franco has been surrep-titiously helping Nazi Germany by extendtitionaly helping Nazi Germany by extending Spain's diplomatic privileges. A news correspondent in Montevideo has reported that via Spanish shipping facilities, key wast financial and industrial organizers have been travelling to Argentina. This correspondent further states that Nazi party leaders have transferred much of their ill-gotten plunder in the form of credits through Spain to Argentine banks. He estimates that these assets total as much as a billion and a half dollars.

INSIDE SPAIN TODAY

While Franco and his Falange government has been working hand and glove with Hitler, not all Spanish citizens have seen fit to follow Franco's lead. Unity has not been achieved among the various Spanish groups of opinion, but nevertheless, unity among anti-franco groups is growing. These groups include the Communistic Party, the Catholic Church, men from the old Republican Army and the Royalist supporters. All of these groups have been severely suppressed by Franco at one time or another. Also, the fact that an estimated 50,000 political prisoners swell Spanish jails does not promote internal harmony either.

combine which acts as a cornerstone for all German industry. Before the war, I.G. Food is scarce in Spain today. It farmed in the scale of three to four times the script of the scale of three to four times its price in 1936. In San Sebastian, a person is allowed only a half pint of cooking oil—which is one of Spain's food staples—a week, and sometimes only a quarter of a pint in 15 days. The office-

ial price for oil is 4.80 pesetas a quart.
Due to lack of price ceiling enforcement,
however, the actual price of oil varies
from 30 to 45 pesetas a quart. Eggs are hardly ever available; when they are, each person can get only two each 15 - 20 days. There have been many serious food strikes in Spain, but due to Franco's complete control of news in Spain, the outside world seldom hears of them.

Whenever a dictatorship is not over-whelmingly successful, there is political unrest in that country. So too is it with Spain. Although the Spanish Civil War of-ficially ended on March 28, 1939, the la-bor Republican movement has never stopped opposing Franco. This resistance is not open and active, but rather, passive. There exists throughout Spain many small-sectors of passive resistance, where a Falangist runs a grave risk in walking alone at night. Whenever a dictatorship is not over

The number of underground anti-Francoists is estimated between 50,000 to 100,000 Spaniards. They are composed mainly of soldiers of the Republican Army who could not get out of Spain when the war ended. These resistance factions have been augmented by younger generations of Spanish democrats who were too young to defend the Republic during the Civil war.

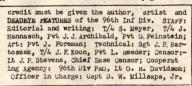
Anti-Franco opposition has solidified in Spain enough during the last six months to see the organization and action of guerrilla forces. Operating comewhat like the guerrillas in the Ph. Appines, Spanish bands have sought to contar Franco by sabotage and propagands. They have set up mmserous secret printing presses, as well as two illegal researching spanish guerrilla sabotage as have been aimed at preventing war activated from reaching at preventing war from reaching man factories. of guerrilla German factories.

activities are quickly supressed, but some
do trickle out. In one instance, the guerrillas dynamited a trainload of oxen destined for German, and tied up two important railway lises. For ammunition and tant railway weapons, the guerillas raid ralange head-quarters in daring hit-and-run attacks. Spanish Republical constitute food to keep the pervillas alive.

WHY FRANCO STILL MULKS SPAIN

Allied political policies in Europe have been dictated by military expediency. They interferred in the affairs of neutral countries only when actions of the neutral countries affected the over-all military situation. During the critical period of 1941-43, the Allies hesitated to take stringent measures against Franco for fear that he would abandon his position of dubious neutrality and officially enter the continued on page seven.

Continued on page seven.



FOUR

DEADEYE features

Among Men.



Battles are won by men. Bare communi-ques mentioning the taking of this town or the ten mile advance of that Division can-not possibly convey the thousands of in-dividual actions that went into those vio-tories. The 96th Division made its splen-did showing in its first campaign because of its good training, excellent equipment and skilled leadership but more than that it has men with fighting spirit.

Let's take a look at some of the brave deeds of a few of our buddies. These are picked at random. There are many DRAMEYES who have equalled and even excelled the feats of these men. It would take a large volume to do justice to all the brave men in the Division and would include virtually everybody.

Take Staff Sergeant Leary C. Ray of Little Book, Ark. Cool and courageous under fire, he has volunteered for every hearsfers petrol assigned his company. Twise he lad patrols into a village, through a gauntlet of enemy bullets to evacuate wounded soldiers and recover bodies of coursees who had been killed.

Then there is Private Albert M. Bart-nat of Engens, Oregons, Numbers of his company were pinned down by Jap machine gan and suiper fire. Although he himself, was in a safe spot, he grabbed a light ma-chine gun, advanced to an exposed position and covered with fire the excuation of all the men including the casualties.

the Jap armed only with a machete.

From every state in the Union, from every walk of life, and of all creeds are the brave men of the Division. Technical-Sergeant Daniel K. Neimela is a native of Honolulu, T. H. While his platoon was trying to neutralise a strong enemy emplacement, he advanced alone against the Jap position and killed two Japs in his advance.

Staff Sergeant Albert S. Kimberlin, West Columbia, S. C., enacted in real life the sort of deed that is depicted in Holly wood versions of the war. A sniper had been holding up the advance of his recomnaissance patrol from dugont on the opposite side of the river. Stripping off his clothes, he took his towny gun and swam across the stream. Moving forward under fire, he eliminated the sniper.

Every doughboy in the Division has praise for those unamm herces, the medical aid men who brave enemy fire countless times to rescue wounded. We mention one of them, Corporal Bry Dann, Caklarn, Ill. Three doughboys of his company were wounded, they lay helplassely on open ground exposed to Jap morter fire. Without a moments hesitation, Corporal Duan ran forward to their aid, treated their wounds and remained with them until they could be evacuated.

and covered with fire the evacuation of all the men including the casualties.

Typical of the spirit of the doughboy who would risk his own mack to protect his comrades is Corporal Andrew Schoeb, Jr., While standing guard on a battalion outer perimeter, he saw a Jap crawling toward him. Knowing that other doughboys were in his line of fire, he jumped out of his foxhole and fought

then assumed command of the section. His skillful adjustment of artillery fire help-ed break up a Jap Bansai attack.

For courage and persistence Private First Class Florian G. Promowics, Flint, Michigan, has set a fine example. His platoon leader fell wounded in a rice paddy. With enemy bullets flying around him, Pic Promowicz crept 300 yards waist deep in mad and water to go to his aid. Because of the heavy enemy fire, an hour and a half was required to make the rescue.

In the finest tradition of the Infantryman was the action of Private First Class Wilson A. Traham, Creole, La. His squad was advancing across an open field, Out in front as point man, Pfc Traham spotted three Jap anipers in perfect position to pick off members of the squad. He attacked them singlehandedly, exposing himself to their fire and so diverted their attention, that the squad was able to cross the clearing safely.



Lt F. C. Ohland talks with S/Sgt E. Diaz,

DEADEYE - features

SPAIN Continued from page five. Axis nations' war camp. A neutral Spain, from the Allied point of view, was a lesser evil than a Spain at war.

Then came the North African campaign.
Here again, the Allies could not afford
to have Hitler's troops just behind their
backs. If Germany could have supplied her
afrika Korps directly from Spanish ports
and afrields, the war in North Africa
might have been indefinitely prolonged.
Today, with the battle against Germany
taxing the Allies' every last reserve of strength, they cannot deviate in their at-tack to interfere with Spain.

THE COURSE OF FUTURE EVENTS

rranco, as mentioned before, knows that he rules Spain only as long as the Allied nations allow him to. The day of reckoning is approaching when all rascists in Europe must answer to Allied courts for their past actions. As an indication that the various Allied nations have not forgotten Franco, many British, American, and French statemen have called for Franco's dethorates by their expansions. ethroning by their governments.

Since the return from Paris of Anthony Eden, the British Kinister for the Foreign Office and the Minister of Information have made strong anti-Pranco statements in the House of Commons. This suggests a

joint British-French policy towards Spain. Several weeks ago in a speech before the British House of Lords, Lord Templeton called Franco Spain "practically a semi-occupied country". He accused Spain of being pervaded by German Gestapo influence over press and radio.

In London, Madrid's bid for a place in the world peace conference has been offi-cially smubbed. At the peace conference, Spain is more likely to find herself be-fore the bench than upon it.

General Degaulle, while he has offi-cially recognized the government of Spain, on the other hand continues to give refuge to Spanish Republican refugees. In the United States, the ghost in the closet of United States, the ghost in the closet of the State Department has been its relation with Franco-Spain. Critics have been most outspoken in their demands that our gov-ernment break with Franco. The U.S. State Department, however, has been following the policy of expediency and appears like-ly to do so in the future—at least until cessation of hostilities with Germany.

The course of future events will, in The course of future events will, in all likelihood, see Francisco Franco deposed, either by his own countrymen, or by Allied political pressure. The future of Spain can be most promising. She has extensive mineral deposits which have only been tapped. As cultural head of all Latin america, Spain could enjoy a brisk

foreign trade. As a nation, Spain is geo-graphically united. A sound government is all that is needed to unite Spain politi-cally and restore her to a respectable place among the powers of the world.





