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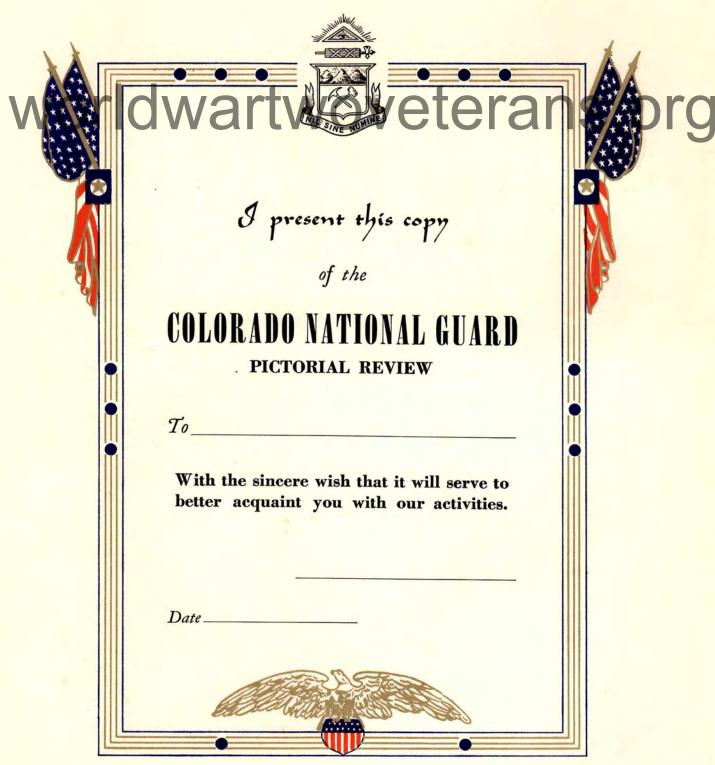
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COLORADO

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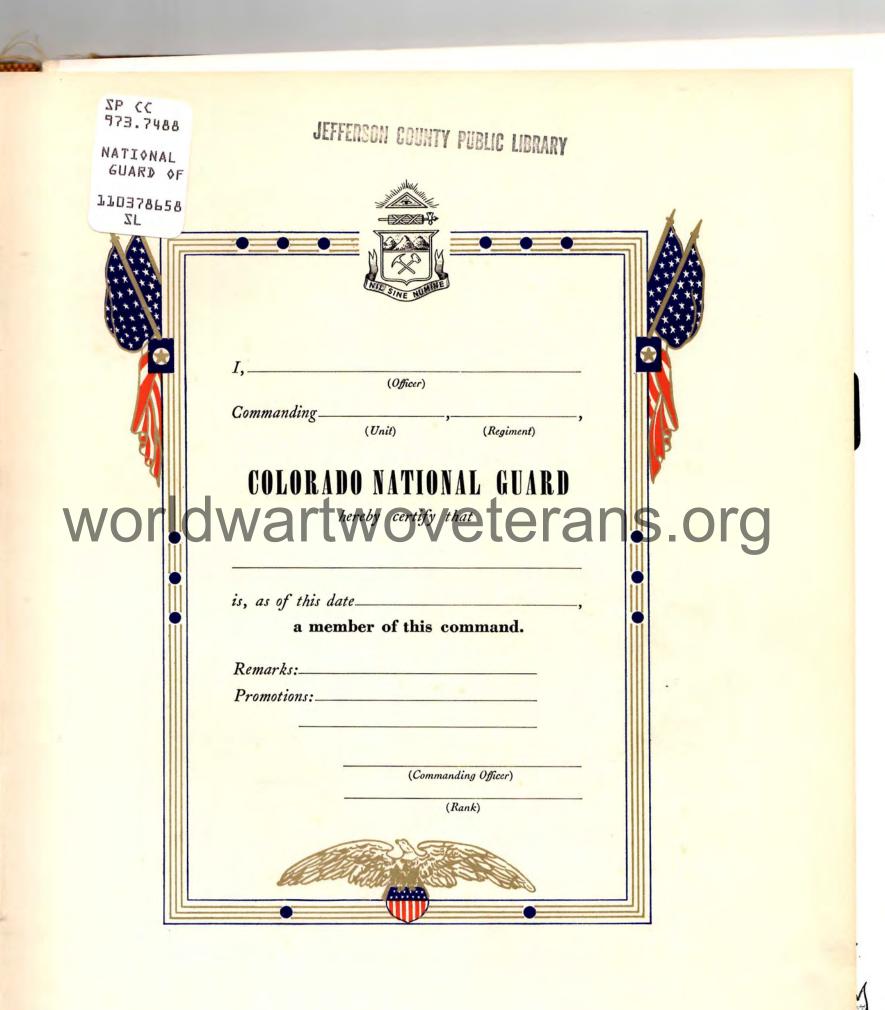
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Atlanta, Georgia



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NATIONAL GUARD

OF THE

State of COLORADO

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Adjutant General Harold H. Richardson and the Members of the Colorado Mational Guard:

I hope that the Historical Annual of your organization may tell the real story of the activities of the Colorado National Guard. I feel that some expression of the true spirit of a high-class military organization should be contained in this book for the benefit of the general public and for the enlightenment of future citizens of Colorado.

It is a happy circumstance that I have enjoyed a close contact with your body during my time in office. I have come to know most of you personally, have witnessed your activities on duty and off, and have gained a respect and regard for the Mational Guard which I never entertained before.

May I mention particularly the manner in which you responded to a call from the Jovernor when a civil war impended in our mountain districts at the Green Mountain Tunnel last August. There had already been bloodshed, and certain loss of life threatened when you went into that district. As true soldiers, you took up the task. Calmly and quietly you policed the section in such a manner that not a single act of violence followed. Your conduct reflected credit upon you and did honor to your state.

With such organizations as the Colorado National Guard to supplement the National Army, no citizen of the United States need ever fear an invasion from without.

As Governor of Colorado and Commander-in-Chief of the Mational Guard, I salute you and acknowledge Colorado's debt to your organization.

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Ralph L. Carr, Governor and Commander-in-Chief



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COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF

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RALPH L. CARR worldwartenwy et al. ans.org

COLORADO NATIONAL GUARD

MAROLD M. RICHARDSON. BRIGADIER GENERAL. THE ADJUTANT GENERAL

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GREETINGS:

To the Sponsors of this Pictorial Review, the Colorado Mational Officers' Association and the officers and enlisted men of the respective organizations and units of the Colorado National Guard who have made this this publication possible, I extend my hearty greetings. I can visualize the results of this work as forming a band which will bind us all closer together in the great labor of National Defense which, of course, with us, begins in our own State. I sincerely believe it will have a tendency to make us realize our respective duties and responsibilities and put such an urge into our hearts and souls that we shall stand ever ready to maintain and defend the Constitution of the United States and the State of Colorado. I believe it will make us desire to uphold that high level of humanity below which democracy cannot exist, and, where Communism, Maziism and dictatorships thrive. The familiar faces and names appearing on page after page will bring to our minds many memories which, no doubt, would otherwise be forgotten. This book will be a real memorial for all of us who are fortunate enough to possess a copy, and, as time passes, these memories will be more and more endeared. May we all strive to hold high the traditions of our beloved State and Nation is my sincere wish.

Harold 7 Hachardson

HAROLD H. RICHARDSON, The Adjutant General.

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HAROLD H. RICHARDSON BRIGADIER-GENERAL The Adjutant General COLORADO NATIONAL GUARD

Record of Military Service		
Enlisted as Pvt., Tr. "G", 1st Colo. Cavalry June	4,	1917.
Enlisted as Pvt., Tr. "G", 1st Colo., Cavalry June Transferred as Pvt. to Co. "G", 157th Infantry Øct Promoted and served as Sergeant to	13,	1917.
Promoted and served as Sergeant toMar.	13,	1919.
Promoted 2nd Lt., and assigned to 858th Motor Transport Corps		
Honorably dischargedAug.	10,	1920.
Enlisted as Pvt., Service Co., 157th InfantryJan.	4,	1922.
Honorably discharged to accept commissionJan.	20,	1922.
Appointed 2nd Lt., and assigned to Service Co., 157th	21	1922

\	Promoted 1st Lt., and assigned to Hq. Co., 2nd Bn., 157th Infantry, and extended Federal recognition. Nov. 26, 1923. Promoted Captain, and assigned to Regt'l Hq. 157th Infantry, and extended Federal recognition. Febr 20, 1926. Promoted Major, and assigned to duty as Plans and Training Officer, Hq. 157th Infantry, and extended Federal recognition. Mar. 15, 1934.	
	Transferred to 89th Infantry Brigade, and assigned to duty as Executive OfficerMar. 2, 1938.	
	Appointed The Adjutant General, State of ColoradoJan. 10, 1939.	
	Appointed United States Property and Disbursing Officer for Colorado, to assume duties Feb. 24, 1939.	





U.S. ARMY

INSTRUCTORS org

H. CRAMPTON JONES Lieut.-Colonel Field Artillery

> CHARLES M. ANKCORN Major Infantry

> > ARTHUR F. BOWEN Major Infantry

> > > JOHN K. NISSLEY Captain Air Corps



EZRA E. GRAHAM Staff Sergeant Infantry, DEML



GEORGE P. STOKES Staff Sergeant Field Artillery, DEML



GEORGE F. KING Staff Sergeant Air Corps, DEML



LAWRENCE D. CAVANAUGH
Sergeant
Infantry, DEML

FLAG SECTION

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157th Infantry Regimental Colors and United States Flag.

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157th Infantry Regimental Colors.

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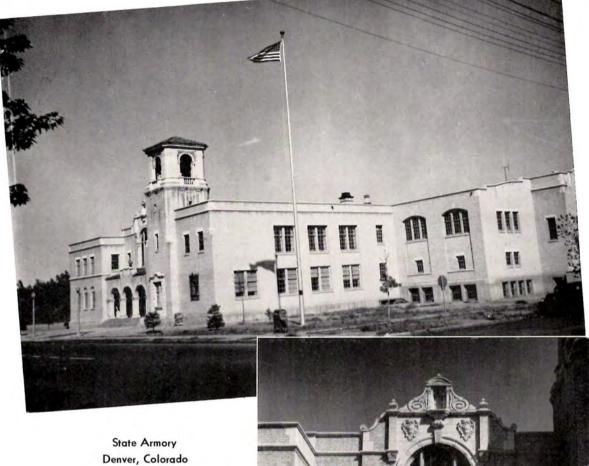
COLORADO NATIONAL GUARD

HEADQUARTERS

STATE ARMORY

Denver, Colorado





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Entrance to State Armory

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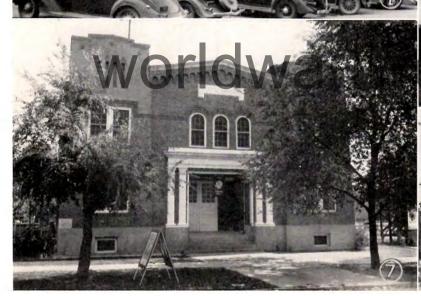
A

- 1. Fruita, Colorado.
- 2. Manzanola, Colorado.
- 3. Fort Morgan, Colorado.
- 4. Pueblo, Colorado.
- 5. Montrose, Colorado.

6. Canon City, Colorado.
7. Fort-Collins, Colorado.

8. Delta, Colorado.

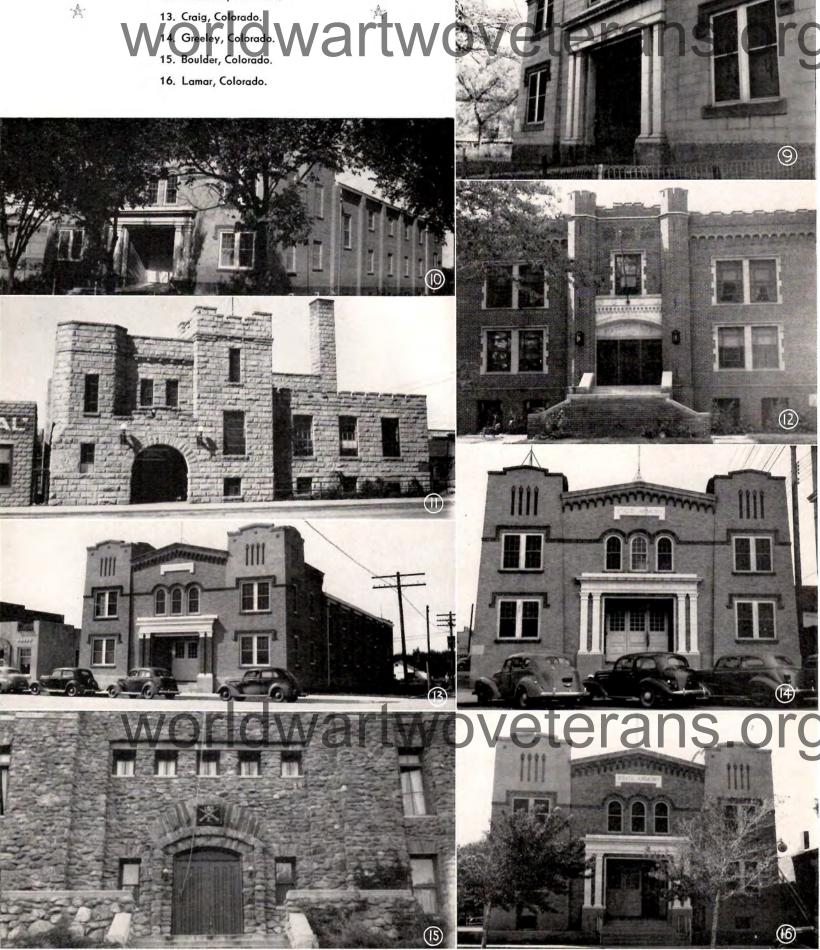






RIES

- 9. Brighton, Colorado.
- 10. Brush, Colorado.
- 11. Monte Vista, Colorado.
- 12. Loveland, Colorado.





Camp George

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Entrance to Camp George West.

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Camp George West Station.

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Rifle Range, Camp George West.

Quartermaster and Property Staff, Camp George West.

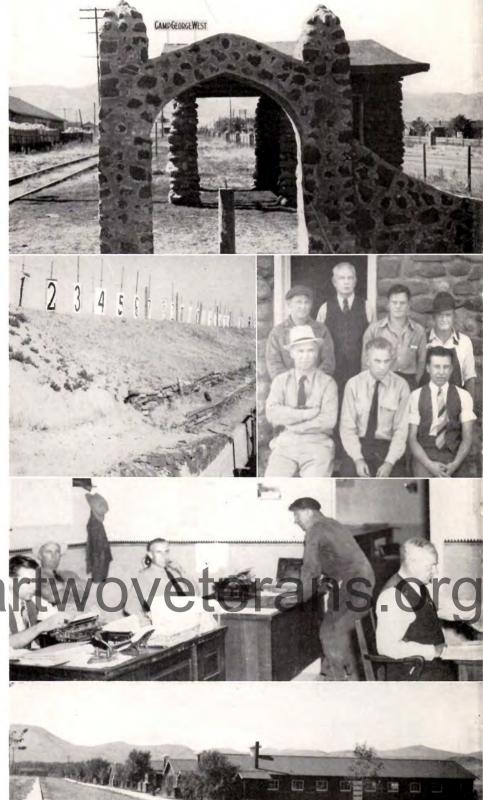


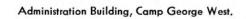
Quartermaster and Property Division.

WORD



Infantry Mess Halls, Camp George West.







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Permanent Quarters, Camp George West.



Amphitheater, Camp George West.



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A BRIEF HISTORY OF THE NATIONAL GUARDOFCOLORADO

The most comprehensive history of the Colorado National Guard published in late years is that of Major John H. Nankivell, former Senior Instructor, Colorado National Guard, entitled—

HISTORY OF THE MILITARY ORGANIZATIONS OF COLORADO 1860—1935

Nankivell.

In the Colorado National Guard Year Book, 1922, there appeared a brief, coneise Military Elstory of Colorado, by D. Shaw Duncan, then Chaplain 157th Infantry which seems to be very fitting for insertion in this Pictorial Review of the Colorado National Guard, 1939. By his permission it follows. Following the year 1922, the history is continued by taking certain data from the Biennial Reports of the Adjutants General of Colorado and bringing the most important events of a military nature up to date.

THE MILITARY HISTORY OF COLORADO

By D. Shaw Duncan

THE CIVIL WAR PERIOD.

ON FEBRUARY 26, 1861, just six days before Abraham Lincoln became President of the United States, Congress created the Territory of Colorado, and on May 20 of the same year, Covernot William Gilpin arrived to take up his duties as chief executive. The Civil War had started, and there arose strong evidence of divided sentiment in the Territory, for many of the early settlers had come from the South. The military organizations in the Territory were insignificant. Two small companies—The Jefferson Rangers and the Denver Guards—had been organized in 1860, but they were disbanded in the spring of 1861. The attempt of the Southern sympathizers to swing the Territory for the South, by raising the "Stars and Bars"

over a store in Denver; the menace of a Confederate advance from New Mexico, and the Indians watching for an opportunity to spring upon the settlers, forced Governor Gilpin to take action. In July of 1861 he took steps to perfect a military organization. Men were being enlisted in Colorado for service in a Kansas Regiment, but Governor Gilpin succeeded in keeping them in Colorado, and these formed the nucleus of the First Regiment of Volunteers. Recruiting took place in the important towns of the Territory, and by the end of September the quota of the First Regiment was filled. Mr. John P. Slough, a Denver attorney, was appointed Colonel of the Regiment. In the meantine, Captain John H. Ford and Captain Theodore Dodd recruited two companies in the vicinity of Canon City. This was the beginning of the Second Regiment of Colonel. rado Volunteers. These companies left in December, 1861, for Fort Garland, to assist Col. Canby in checking the Confederate move from the south under Gen. Sibley, and were mustered into the Federal service. Captain Dodd's company was hurried to the Rio Grande valley, and arrived at Fort Craig in time to participate in the hot battle of Valverde on February 21, 1862. The success of Gen. Sibley in this first encounter with Col. Canby, resulted in orders to Acting Governor Weld of Colorado Territory, from General Hunter, at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, to "send all available forces, * * to reinforce Col. Canby." The First Colorado was ordered to proceed to Fort Union, in Northern New Mexico, with all dispatch. Col. Canby being shut up in Fort Craig, Gen. Sibley anticipated no trouble in taking the forts farther North, for he knew nothing of the presence of the First Colorado Regiment at Fort Union. On the morning of March 26, 1862, the two forces came into conflict at Apache Canon, and by evening the Confederates were defeated and forced to retreat. Reinforcements being hurried up, a second attempt was made at Pigeon's Ranch, but largely thru the strategy of Major Chivington of the Colorado Volunteers, who attacked the Confederates in the rear and burned their camp and wagon train, the dreams of the South to get control of New Mexico and Colorado were shattered. In October of 1862 the War Department decided that one of the Colorado Regiments should be

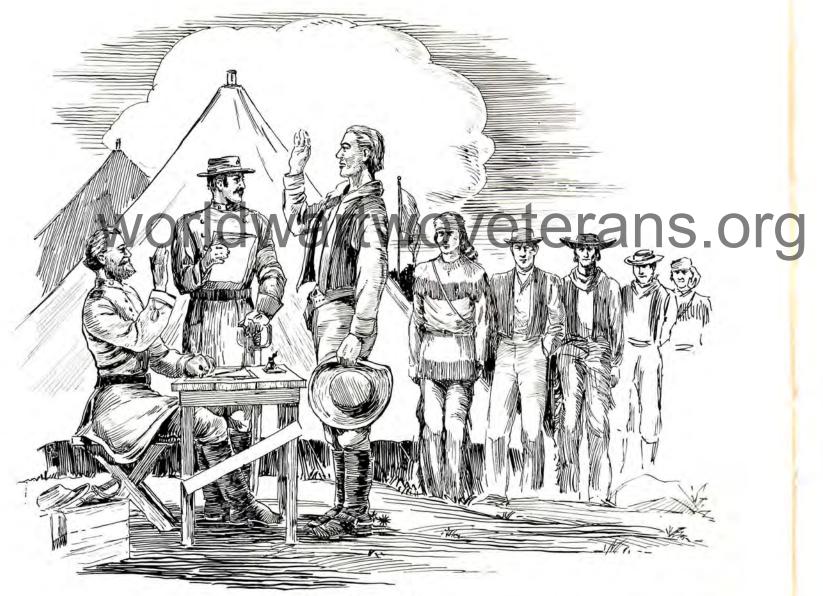
made into a cavalry regiment for western service only. Governor Evans, who had succeeded Governor Gilpin, recognizing the services of the First Colorado Regiment of Volunteers, ordered their Colonel, John M. Chivington, to attend to the details. On January 13, 1863, the regiment marched into Denver. This was the last time the First Colorado appeared in service as a unit. The companies were separated and assigned duty in Colorado, Kansas and Nebraska.

In February, 1862, Jesse H. Leavenworth was commissioned by the War Department to organize the Second Regiment. By August two thirds of the total strength of the Regiment had been enlisted, and it proceeded to Fort Lyon, on the Arkansas rice. In

April of 1863, the Second Regiment was enlarged by the arrival of the two veteran companies of Dodd's and Ford, which had done such brilliant service in the New Mexico campaign under Col. Canby. Six of the eight companies were ordered to Fort Leavenworth, and from that time on were engaged with Indians, Confederates and renegades. In the summer of 1862 the Third Regiment of Colorado Volunteers was begun, but by February, 1863 there were only enough soldiers for five companies. They were ordered to Fort Leavenworth, and saw service in Missouri in the Spring of that year. On October 11, 1863, the Second and Third Regiments were ordered to consolidate into a new regiment, and to be known as the Second Regiment of Colorado Volunteer Cavalry. Owing to the fact that the companies of the two regiments were widely scattered, the consolidation was delayed, and it was not until January of 1864 that the reorganization was accomplished at St. Louis. During the Summer of 1864 the troops were engaged in combating the fierce guerillas of Missouri. The Regiment took part in defeating Gen. Price's Confederate Army, which invaded Missouri with the intention of conquering the state. After this campaign the Regiment was ordered to Fort Riley, Kansas, where it remained until mustered out of service in the fall of 1865. During this whole period the Indians were restless, and by the autumn of 1864 the Indian Uprising was in full force. Measures were taken to meet the situation, and finally a peace conference met in Denver to settle the trouble. Nothing



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Mustering Volunteers-1862

was definitely accomplished, and Col. Chivington began to make preparations for dealing a severe blow to the Indians. The Third Colorado Volunteer Cavalry, an organization of one-hundred-day men, had been organized, and these with several units of the First Cavalry were selected for this campaign. A large number of Arapahoes and Cheyennes were encamped at Sand Creek, forty miles west of Fort Lyons, and on the morning of November 29, 1864, the village was attacked, and the entire encampment—men, women and children—was practically wiped out. The effect of this Sand Creek battle only added fuel to the flame of Indian hatred and hostility, and many years were to pass before peace and quiet reigned on the frontier.

THE TERRITORIAL MILITARY ORGANIZATION

Owing to the Civil war conditions, and Indian troubles, it was imperative that steps be taken to provide for the defense of the Territory, and the Territorial Legislature, October 18, 1861, passed the first military act, which, with modifications from time to time, continued in the main to be the scheme until abolished by the act of February 11, 1883. The Covernor was the Commander in-Chief, and appointed an Adjutant General, with the rank of Brigadier General. The Territory was divided for military purposes into two divisions, over each of which a Major General was appointed, and under him there were Brigadier Generals, the number varying from time to time. All males in the territory of military age were to be enrolled, and the Brigadier Generals were instructed to arrange the persons enrolled into companies, and to letter the

companies. The number of Brigades, Regiments and Companies, was usually determined by the law, but at times it was left to the discretion of the Military Board. The Adjutant General's report of March 10, 1864, shows that eight companies had been organized, as follows: "The Governor's Guards," "The Central City Light Guards," "The Boulder County Mounted Rifles," "The Buckskin Grays," "The Empire Guards," "The Evans Guards," "The Elbert Guards," and "The Montgomery Home Guards." The Indian uprising of this year forced Col. Moonlight, Commanding the Colorado Military District, to ask for help. The report of 1865 shows eight additional companies were organized: "The Arvada Light Cavalry," "The Denver Guards," "The Colorado Rangers," "The Tyler Rangers," "The Weld County Cavalry," "The Boulder City Cavalry," "The Clear Creek Mounted Rifles," and "The Douglas County Guards." From these companies a Regiment of six mounted companies was called into service, Feb. 18, 1865, and known as the First Colorado Mounted Militia. At first the National Government refused to pay the express of the Regiment but later Contress

pay the expenses of the Regiment, but later longress by joint resolution provided for the payment of the amounts legitimately expended, in the campaign against the Indians.

With the closing of the Civil War a slump took place in military affairs, and the report of Adjutant-General Hal Sayr of 1867 states: "There never was a full and perfect organization of the militia in the Territory," and that of the sixteen companies mentioned in the report of 1865, "there was but one company fully organized as required by law." The reports of 1869 and 1871 state: "There is no organized militia within the Territory." In 1873 the Adjutant General reported there were two companies equipped as Cavalry, "The Denver Scouts," and the "Pikes Peak Rangers," of Colorado Springs, and an independent Denver organization known as "The Governor's Guards." There was very little interest shown in the military the last years of the territorial government, and the Adjutant General's report of 1875 shows but five companies, the three mentioned above, and the "Emmett Guards," Central City, and the "Jarvis Hall Cadets," Golden City. This latter organization was made up of students in Jarvis Hall, a boys school, and was loaned rifles by the Territorial Covernment.

THE STATE MILITARY ORGANIZATION

1876-1898

The military organization in the Fall of 1876, just a few months after the Territory of Colorado became a State, showed little change over the previous year. There were two Major Generals, and two Brigadier Generals for each division. To the "Emmett Guards," the "Governor's Guards," and the "Pikes Peak Rangers," (a cavalry company), there were added, the "Sterling Scouts" (a cavalry company) and the "Mitchell Guards," a private organization subject to the orders of the Governor. However, a marked change is apparent in the report of Adjutant General Robert S. Roe, Dec. 14, 1878. In addition to the Major Generals, and Brigadier Generals, already noted, we find the following companies:

Chaffee Light Artillery,	Denver, 2 gui	battery 25
Co. B, First Cavalry,	Colo. Springs,	
Hugo Scouts,		"50
Co. A, Emmett Guards,	Central City,	Infantry, .52
Co. B, Governor's Guards,	Denver,	"40
Co. C, Lake City Guards,	Lake City,	"49
Co. D,	Ouray,	" 68
Co. E,	Ouray,	" 62
Co. F, Downer Guards,	Saguache,	" 37
Co. G, Sedgwick Guards,	Animas City,	" 43
Co. H, Emerald Rifles	Georgetown,	"55
Co. I., Colorado Rifles,	Colo. Springs,	" 35

The report adds: "These companies have not been organized into regiments or battalions, though they have been lettered with that purpose in mind. To meet this new situation, the State Legislature, February 8, 1879, passed an Act which provided for the division of the State as the previous Acts had done, and the appointment of Major Generals and Brigadier Generals. The organized Militia was to be known as the "Colo-

rado National Guard," and was not to exceed 100 companies of Infantry, six batteries of Artillery, and twelve troops of Cavalry, except in cases of emergency. The companies were to have not less than 24, nor more than 70 men; the battalion was to have not less than two nor more than six companies; and the Regiment not less than eight nor more than 10 companies. The uniforms were to be furnished by the Adjutant General, and to be similiar to the uniforms of the United States Army.

During this year the last Indian uprising upon Colorado soil took place, at the White River Agency, near the present town of Meeker, Colorado. In 1878, Mr.

N. C. Meeker, one of the founders of the town of Gree-ley, had been appointed agent at the White River Agency. While he was sincere in his desire to reform the Indian methods of living, "he was not a man of sufficient ability or personally fitted to manage the Indians." The unrest among the Indians increased, and the Government at Washington moved. Major Thornburgh was ordered to lead a detachment of cavalry into the country, but on the morning of September 24 the force was ambushed along the valley of Mill Creek, and Major Thornburgh and a number of others were killed. On the same day, the agency at White River was attacked and Meeker and eleven others were killed, while the women were taken captives. Two companies of the Colorado National Guard were employed on this occasion. The Adjutant General's report of 1880 shows they were the "Pitkin Guard" of Lake City, and the "Downer Guards" of Saguache.

In 1880 the National Guard consisted of fourteen companies, seven uniformed and equipped, and seven not uniformed, but with arms and waist belts. Regimental organization being impracticable, contiguous commands were arranged by battalions. The roster consisted of the Adjutant General with the rank of Brigadier General, two Major Generals and four Brigadier Generals. The companies were as follows: Chaffee Light Artillery,

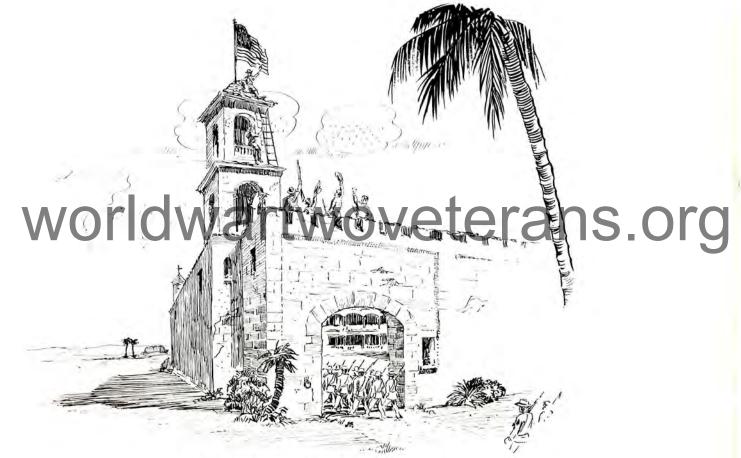
(unattached),

1st Battalion Cavalry

The Buccumon Cuvany	
Co. A	Denver
Co. B, Pitkin Light Cavalry	Leadville37
Co. C, Tabor Light Cavalry	"49
1st Battalion Infantry	
Co. A, Emmett Guard,	Central City72
Co. B, Governor's Guard,	Denver60
Co. C, Georgetown Light Inf.	Georgetown
Co. D, Zouaves	Denver46

First Colorado Mounted Militia-1865





Capture of Fort San Antonio de Abad-1898

2nd Battalion Infantry	
Co. A, Pitkin Guard,	Lake City 59
Co. B, Downer Guard,	Saguache
Co. C, Parrott City Guard,	Parrott City43
Co. D,	Animas City43
3rd Battalion Infantry	
Co. A, Wolf Tone Guard,	Leadville59
Co. F, Carbonate Rifles,	Leadville38
Co. H, Buena Vista Guard,	Buena Vista58
4th Battalion Infantry	
Co. A, Gunnison Guard,	Gunnison36
Co. B, Rocky Mountain	
Guard,	Gunnison48
Co. C, Rough and Ready	
Guard,	Gunnison44
The Adjutant General's	report of 1882, shows that
the effective force of the St	ate was four companies of
cavalry, one battery of art	
panies of infantry, and arrar	
1st Battalion Cavalry	(Org. July 14, 1881)
Cos. A, B, C, D.	
Chaffee Light Artillery	(Org. Mar. 7, 1878) 41
41 ***	(unattached)
1st Battalion Infantry	(Org. Dec. 29, 1881)
Cos. A, B, C, D, E, F.	
2nd Battalion Infantry	(Org. Nov. 12, 1881)
Cos. A, C, D, E.	
3rd Battalion Infantry	(Org. July 7, 1880)
Cos. A, D, E, F, H, I.	
4th Battalion Infantry	(Org. Nov. 1, 1882)
Cos. A. B.	82
44	

The time had now arrived for some definite regimental organization, and on February 11 and 27, 1883, the Legislature abolished all Major Generals and all but one Brigadier General, and provided that in time of peace there should not be more than three regiments

of infantry, one regiment of cavalry, three battalions of artillery. In harmony with the law the companies were organized into regiments and battalions.

First Regiment Infantry, Organized March 22, 1883, and reorganized April 10, 1884.

Cos A B C D E F C	G, H, I, K446
2nd Battalion Infantry, Cos. A, D, E, F, G.	(Org. Nov. 12, 1881)
3rd Battalion Infantry Cos. A, E, D, H.	(Org. July 7, 1880)
4th Battalion Infantry Cos. A, B, C, D.	(Org. Nov. 1, 1882)
1st Battalion Cavalry Cos. A, B, C, D.	(Org. July 14, 1881) 123
Chaffee Light Artillery Companies unattached	(Org. Mar. 17, 1878)45 (unattached)
"Continentals" "Capital Guards"	

Companies were in the following places: Denver, Leadville, Lake City, Buena Vista, Breckenridge, Pueblo, Central City, Durango, Rico, Georgetown, Colorado Springs, Silver Cliff, Boulder, Grand Junction, Del Norte, Fort Collins and Trinidad.

During the next two years the military organiza-

tion remained much the same. There were twenty-three companies of infantry, one private organization known as the "Taylor Guards," two troops of cavalry and one battery. The First Regiment had ten companies; the Second Battalion, a band and five companies; the Fourth Battalion four companies and the Fifth Battalion four companies. The organization was quite representative of the State and new companies quite representative of the State and new companies. was quite representative of the State and new companies were organized in Golden, Greeley, Fort Morgan, Alamosa, Telluride, Canon City and Idaho Springs.

Under Adjutant General George West the military of the State was reorganized. By S. O. 34, A. G. O., May 11, 1887, the Second and Fourth Battalions of Infantry were consolidated, forming the Second Regiment, and by S. O. 52, A. G. O., June 9, 1887, the four separate troops of cavalry were consolidated, constituting the first battalion of Cavalry. The report of 1888 shows the National Guard of the State consisted of:

Two Regiments of Infantry,

One Battalion of Cavalry,

One Battery of Artillery,

Two unattached companies of Infantry,

(Emmett Guards, Rocky Mt. Rifles.)

The grand lotal of officers and men amounted to 984. In 1887 the State was faced with what might have been serious Indian trouble. After the Meeker Massacre of 1879, the Indians surrendered their title to the White River Country and removed to the Uintah reservation in Utah. Settlers began to pour into the country vacated; ranches were opened; homes were built. Soon the Indians began to molest the whites. Stock was stolen and killed, crops destroyed, and lives threatened. In the summer of 1887 the settlers began to prepare for an Indian outbreak, and demands were made on the Governor for protection. Troops A, B, C, of the First Battalion of Cavalry, Co. H of the Second Infantry, (mounted), and the Aspen Infantry Company (unattached) were called to the scene of the trouble. The matter was finally settled by General Crook, of the United States Army agreeing to place a sufficient number of troops between the Uintah Reservation and Colorado, so as to prevent any further invasions of Colorado by the Indians.

On April 2, 1889, the State Legislature passed an Act changing the organization of the National Guard. In times of peace it should not consist of more than two battalions of infantry of six companies each; one signal corps; one battery of artillery and one battalion of cavalry, with a total membership of not over 1,550 persons, which might be increased in an emergency. It provided this should constitute a Brigade under a Brigadier General, the latter to be chosen by the com-

missioned officers from the field and line officers of the National Guard. The organized force consisted of:

Brigade Staff

First Battalion Infantry

Troop A, Colorado Springs,

Co. B, Denver.

Co. C, Aspen.

Co. D, Central City.

Co. E, Denver. Co. H, Boulder.

Second Battation Infantry and S. Of Co. A, Lake City.

Co. B, Alamosa.

Co. C, Pueblo.

Co. D, Monte Vista,

Co. G, Leadville.

Co. K, Ouray.

Signal Corps.

Chaffee Light Artillery.

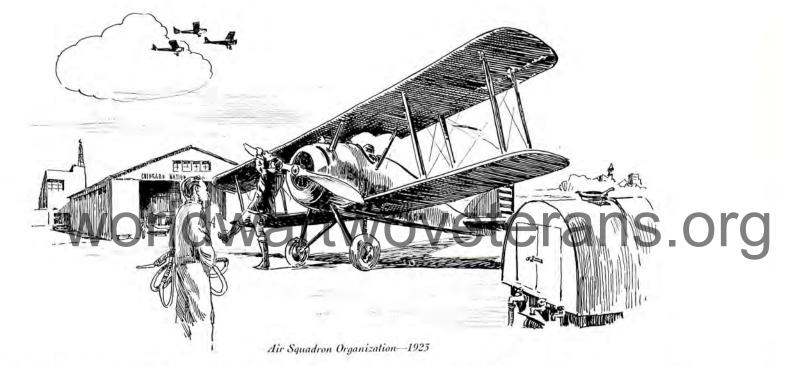
Brigade Band.

In September, 1890, the troops of the First Brigade went into camp near Fort Logan, for a period of seven days. The report of the Adjutant General for 1892 showed the organized force of the State remained the same with the exception that company F of the Second Battalion was added, and that the First Battalion had a band at Denver, and the Second Battalion a band at Greeley.

The State Legislature, on April 15, 1893 changed the law of 1889 and provided for organizing the National Guard into one Brigade under a Brigadier General, and organizing Regiments, Battalions, and Troops. It was provided there should not be more than Two Regiments, of from ten to twelve companies each; One Signal Corps; One Battery of Artillery, and Two Troops

Strikes and Riots in Coal Towns-1894





of Cavalry, one to each Regiment of Infantry. The Guard was reorganized and at the end of 1894 consisted of:

Signal Corps, Denver.

Cavalry-

Troop A, Colorado Springs, (attached to 1st Inf.) Troop D, Monte Vista, (attached to 2nd Inf.) Chaffee Light Artillery, Denver.

First Infantry,

Cos. B, C, E, H, K.

Second Infantry,

Cos. Headquarters,

B, Pueblo.

C, "

F, Grand Junction.

G, Leadville.

H, Lake City.

K, Durango.

Total commissioned and enlisted strength, 1,121. During the "hard times" of 1893 many of the miners were thrown out of employment and began to gather in Denver. To supplement and assist the aid given by private charity, the Military Board appropriated a thousand dollars, and established "Camp Relief" to meet the emergency. The Camp was in existence for fifteen days, and five thousand persons were maintained. On the day "Camp Relief" was established, a large mob gathered and attacked the jail, in Denver. In anticipation of trouble the Chaffee Light Artillery was mobilized, but no request having been made to the Governor, the troops were not called into service. The jail was stormed, and a helpless prisoner was taken out and strangled to death.

The relations between the State Government and the City Authorities were badly strained. The Fire and Police Board of the City of Denver was appointed by and subject to removal by the Governor. Owing to conditions in the city, Governor Waite removed certain members of the Board, March 7, 1894, but when their successors came to take office the men removed refused to comply with the removal order. After waiting one week the Governor, March 14, 1894, called out Companies B, E, and K of the First Regiment and the Chaffee Light Artillery because of the large number of men who were armed by the Fire and Police Board,

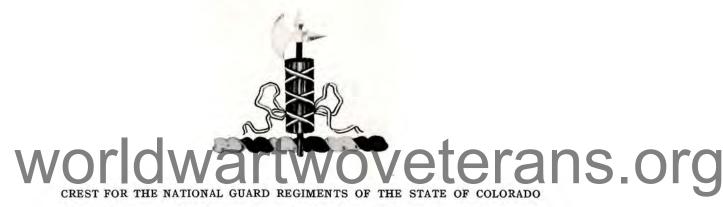
the resistance of the Police, and the large quantity of dangerous and explosive material stored in the City Hall. The National Government was called upon for aid, and troops were sent from Fort Logan. When but a spark was needed to fire the train, the Governor, at the suggestion and importunity of the Chamber of Commerce, appealed to the Supreme Court to pass upon the matters involved, and the troops returned to their Armory. The unsettled conditions in the mining districts forced the Governor to call the National Guard into active field service for some fifty days. On March 16, 1894, Companies B, E, and K of the First Regiment, together with the Signal Corps, and the Chaffee Light Artillery, were sent to Cripple Creek. The difficulty was soon settled, and March 20 the troops returned to Denver. The second campaign was a much more serious one. The sheriff of El Paso County had sworn in a great many deputies to protect property, etc. Rioting took place, and on June 4 the Governor called the National Guard into field service. Companies B, E, H, and K, of the First Regiment and Companies B and C, of the Second Regiment and Troop A, were ordered to Cripple Creek. The inability of the sheriff to control his 1,200 deputies complicated affairs, and civil war was threatened, but the withdrawal of the deputies cleared the atmosphere, and the troops were soon withdrawn.

The report of Adjutant General Moses in 1896, showed that some changes had taken place in the organization of the Colorado National Guard. The First Regiment consisted of seven companies, four from Denver, and the other three from Boulder, Longmont and Greeley. The Second Regiment had eight companies, two from Leadville, two from Pueblo, and the others from Lake City, Monte Vista, Cripple Creek and Colorado Springs. There was one troop of Cavalry, (Denver City Troop), and the Chaffee Light Artillery. Owing to the burning of Cripple Creek, April 30, 1896, the local Company G of the Second Regiment gave prompt aid, and Companies B and C were ordered to the scene. A strike at Leadville resulted in calling out the First and Second Regiments of Lafantry, the Denver City Troop and the Chaffee Light Artillery, Sep-

tember 21, 1896, and these were kept in the field until March 10, 1897, when they were relieved from duty.

On April 13, 1897, the State Legislature passed a new act regarding the National Guard. It provided for a Medical Department; a Quartermaster and Com-

(Continued on Page 138)



Crests: On a wreath or and gules a fasces paleways proper with ribbon of red, white and blue.

DESCRIPTION

The fasces appears on the seal of the State. It is a bundle of rods with a battle axe bound together with the ribbon. It is a symbol of authority in the Roman Republic. Singly the rods are easily broken, bound together they are unbreakable. The name of the State is of Spanish origin and a large portion of its area was partly territory of the Texas Annexation and partly of the Mexican War Annexation, the colors of the heraldic wreath or torse are accordingly gold and red.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT

worldwartwoværærs.org COLORADO NATIONAL GUARD



STAFF

Word Was H. DAMERON Veterans. Q



GEORGE J. WILLIAMS Captain Inspector General's Department





ROY L. QUALLS Captain Finance Department



LEWIS deR. MOWRY



National Defense Trophy

IN THE HEAD OFFICE

wartwoyeterans.org

L. E. De HAVEN Executive Assistant to Adjutant General





CHARLES L. WHEATON Second Lieutenant Service Company, 157th Infantry



MICHAEL J. MALONEY Master Sergeant Service Battery, 168th Field Artillery



ALLEN CLIFF Bookkeeper



SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

First Row: P. J. Bettinger, M. R. Vasquez, R. C. Royall, B. P. Pacheco, R. T. Heller, J. Duran.

Second Row: M. H. Salaz, R. M. Sandahl, F. W. Johnson, J. D. Martinez, I. Alire.

Third Row: J. G. Ramirez, L. G. Roeder, G. H. Peller, C. L. O'Byrne, J. F. Hamilton, J. J. Kearney, A. J. Peller, R. H. Puckett.

DENVER, COLORADO

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Captain George J. Williams

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Master Sergeant						M. R. VASQUEZ
Technical Sergean	t.					C. L. O'BYRNE
Technical Sergean	t.					R. H. PUCKETT
Staff Sergeant .						P. J. BETTINGER
Staff Sergeant .						F. W. Johnson
Staff Sergeant .						L. G. ROEDER

CORPORAL

HELLER, R. T.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

Cohn, J. B. Martinez, J. D.

PACHECO, B. P. SANDAHL, R. M.

PRIVATES

ALIRE, I. DURAN, J. PELLER, A. J. PELLER, G. H. RAMIREZ, J. G.

ROYALL, R. C. SALAZ, M. H. SANCHEZ, P. D. SMITH, H. FREY, E. M.

(For History of Unit see page 148)





1. Non-commissioned Officers. 2. Company Front. 3, Issuing Clothes.

DETACHMENT HEADQUARTERS

DENVER,

COLORADO

HISTORY

Until the close of the World War, the troops of the Colorado National Guard were, in most part, assigned to the 40th Division. A reorganization took place shortly thereafter and the 45th Division was formed of troops the States of Arizona, Colorado, New Mexico, Oklahoma. The first appointments to the new division staff from the Colorado National Guard were made on February 11, 1924, as follows:

Lieutenant Colonel Arthur L. Hart, Infantry, Assistant Chief of Staff, G-2.

Captain Joseph E. Moorhead, Ordnance Department, Ordnance Section.

Captain Walter H. McComb, Infantry, Aide Section.

Many changes have taken place in the Detachment Headquarters since 1924, and the present personnel consists of the following officers:

Lieutenant Colonel Rudolph J. Seyfried, Infantry, Inspector General's Department.

Lieutenant Colonel Richard F. Grinstead, Ordnance Department, Ordnance Section.

Lieutenant Colonel Carlos L. Reavis, Air Corps, Aviation Section.

Major Nasby W. Bolling, Infantry, Asst. to Asst. Chief of Staff, G-3.

NASBY W. BOLLING



45TH TANK CO.

DENVER, COLORADO

- 1. Non-Commissioned Officers.
- 2. Company Front.
- 3. Boxing Team.
- 4. Company Headquarters.
- 5. Preventative Mainfenance Class.
- 6. Lieutenant in Turret of Tank.
- 7. Tank Going over Trench in Obstacle Lesson Run.





SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

First Row: W. T. Blakley, C. E. Willmore, C. L. Snoddy, W. T. King, J. D. Sue, A. H. French, F. C. Stott, A. A. Perry. SECOND ROW: F. W. McKie, L. McClearey, L. W. Reininger, A. F. Merrittig, R. A. Barr, M. F. Ernst, C. E. Duran, E. H. Weiss. O. K. Welborn.

THIRD ROW: J. I. Grill, D. C. Putallaz, C. H. Cowler, L. S. Edenfield, B. A. McDonald, R. L. Henderson, G. W. Altman, G. P. Morrow, Jr., J. G. Peters.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Captain				. LOU W. APPELDORN
First Lieutenant				EDWIN B. ALLEN
First Lieutenant				WALTER F. ANDERSON
Second Lieutenant				HARRY H. DICKISON
Second Lieutenant				HAROLD S SPITZER

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

First Sergeant Henry G. Briggs Staff Sergeant Julian D. Sue

SERGEANTS

CARPENTER, EMERSON D. INSKEPP, MILLARD C. COCHENNET, RUSSELL C. KELLEY, ERNEST E. PARACHINI, CHARLES L.

> ANDERSEN, EDWARD J. Brown, Leonard O. DAVIS, ROBERT C. FREY, JOHN R. PERRY, ALFRED A.

HONLEY, ROBERT H. LEWIS, LEON A. McDonald, Bernard A. MERRITTIG, ALBERT F.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

BLAKLEY, WILLIAM T. BUSBY, THOMAS H. DURAN, CANDIDO E. HONLEY, RUSSELL P. KING, WILLIAM T. LOYD, HARRY L.

McCourt, James C.
Murray, Clay P.
Rhoads, Edwin M.
Searle, John G.
Seldomridge, Phillip W.
Stott, Floyd C.

PRIVATES

Andersen, Darwin E. Barr, Robert A. Beigler, Earl S. BENFORD, ROBERT V.
BLAKE, PAUL W.
CHAPMAN, ARTHUR W.
CORMANY, ROBERT L.
DOANE, STANLEY O. EDENFIELD, LEWIS S. ERNST, MAXWELL F. FOWLER, CHARLES H. FRENCH, ALBERT H. GARRIOCH, ARCHIE GIVLER, RALPH L. GRILL, JACK HAWKINS, MICHAEL L.



LOU W. APPELDORN Captain



EDWIN B. ALLEN First Lieutenant

D E



SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

FIRST ROW: A. Garrioch, C. P. Murray, C. H. Lundeen, E. M. Rhoads, E. S. Beigler, E. C. Krenzer, P. W. Seldomridge, E. E. Kelley. Second Row: R. C. Davis, S. O. Doane, R. P. Honley, R. V. Benford, J. Sears, H. L. Loyd, R. H. Honley, W. A. Goebel, Jr., H. G. Briggs. Third Row: J. R. Frey, W. E. Storey, J. H. Kraft, W. McDowell, J. D. Seifert, P. W. Blake, R. L. Givler, R. D. Zarker, T. H. Busby.

PRIVATES

HENDERSON, ROBERT L.
KRAFT, JACK H.
KRENZER, EDWIN C.
LINDSEY, RUFUS B.
LUNDEEN, CLARENCE H.
MCCLEARY, LA RUE
MCDOWELL, WILLIAM U.
MCKIE, FORREST W.
MORROW, GUY P., JR.
PETERS, JOHN G.

PUTALLAZ, DANIEL C.
REININGER, LEE W.
SEIFERT, JOHN D.
SNODDY, CHARLES L.
STOREY, WILLIAM F.
WATKINS, JACK L.
WEISS, ELLWOOD H.
WELBORN, OMAR K.
WILLMORE, CHESTER F.
ZARKER, RAYMOND

HISTORY

On January 10, 1921, James G. Bennett, a veteran of the British Heavy Tank Corps, and George C. Devalon were respectively appointed Captain and Second Lieutenant, Tank Company (Infantry) Colorado National



WALTER F. ANDERSON First Lieutenant

HAROLD S. SPITZER Second Lieutenant

HARRY H. DICKISON Second Lieutenant

Guard, under authority from the National Guard Bureau, War Department, Washington, D. C. They proceeded to organize a Tank Company with a platoon in Denver, Colorado, and a platoon in Golden, Colorado, during the months of January and February, 1921. Organization was completed and the company mustered into State service by Major Charles B. Lore, I. G. D., Colorado National Guard, on February 24, 1921, with an initia! strength of five officers and fifty enlisted men. The company was federally inspected by Major Dennies E. McCunniff, Infantry (D. O. L.), Instructor, Colorado National Guard, on March 24, 1921, and Federal recognition was extended to the unit as of that date. The officers of the company at this time were: Captain James G. Bennett; First Lieutenants Albert S. Bowser, and Harold W. Stanton; Second Lieutenants Robert C. Mulnix and George C. Devalon. Company headquarters and the First Platoon were assigned to station at Denver, and the Second Platoon at Golden, Colorado.

Under the provisions of General Orders No. 25, Adjutant General's Office, Denver, Colorado dated October 27, 1921, the designation of the company was changed to 45th Tank Company, Colorado National Guard (Infantry) effective as of November 1, 1921.

On January 16, 1923, by special authority of the War Department, National Guard Bureau, the platoons of the 45th Tank Company were consolidated with station at Denver, Colorado.

(Continued on page 148)

COLORADO

89th BRIGADE



WILLIAM E. GUTHNER Brigadier General Commanding 89th Brigade

HISTORY

The organization of the Detachment, 89th Brigade Headquarters, Colorado National Guard, was accomplished on December 22, 1927, when Major John P. Donovan, Engr. Res., (now Commanding Officer, 168th F. A., Colorado National Guard), was appointed Major of Infantry, Colorado National Guard, and assigned to duty with the 89th Infantry Brigade Headquarters Captain Richard F. Bourne, V. C., was assigned to the Brigade staff as brigade veterinarian on October 19, 1927, and 1st Lt. Milton P. Lightner, Infantry, as aide on May 14, 1928. These three officers constituted the Detachment 89th Brigade Staff, Colorado National Guard, until May 22, 1933, when under instructions from the Militia Bureau, the position of brigade veterinarian was abolished and Captain Bourne was transferred to the National Guard Reserve. Major Donovan and 1st Lt. Lightner continued as sole members of the staff detachment until ol William E. Guthner, Executi

of Brigadier General, vice Brigadier General A. M. Tuthill, who was promoted to Major General commanding the 45th Division on June 14, 1933.

Officer 157th Infantry, on February 15, 1934, to the ra

DENVER,

HEADQUARTERS

Major Donovan, as executive, resigned November 20, 1935, and was followed by Major William O. Perry (now commanding 2nd Battation, 457th Inf.) who was promoted from Captain and assigned to the 89th Brigade on December 16, 1935. Major Patrick H. Kastler (now S-4, 157th Inf.) followed Major Perry, when the latter was transferred to his present assignment, on March 1, 1936. Major Harold H. Richardson, the present Adjutant General of the State of Colorado, followed Major Kastler, upon the latter's transfer to his present assignment, and is the present Brigade executive of the 89th Infantry Brigade.

1st Lt. Milton P. Lightner (deceased) was followed by 1st Lt. Howard E. Reed, formerly with Troop "C", 117th Cavalry, on August 1, 1934, and is still on duty as aide, 89th Brigade.

1st Lt. Harry L. Dotson was transferred to the 89th Brigade as aide from the F. A., 45th Division Head-quarters on November 1, 1933. Lt. Dotson was followed by 2nd Lt. Roy L. Qualls (now Captain, Finance Dept., State Staff, Colorado National Guard.) Captain Qualls was followed by 2nd Lt. Harold I. Johnston, who was appointed First Lieutenant upon his assignment as aide, 89th Brigade, and is at present holding that assignment.



HAROLD H. RICHARDSON Major





HOWARD E. REED First Lieutenant

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COLORADO





Oklahoma Infantry.

Oklahoma Infantry.

"I", 1st Colo. Infantry.

"I", 1st Colo. Infantry.

"I", 1st Colo. Infantry.

Infantry, A. E. F.

Infantry, Colo. N. G.

Infantry, Colo. N. G.

Infantry, Colo. N. G.

RUFUS A. JOHNSTON

COLONEL

Commanding 157th Infantry

Summit and Grand County Insurrection (Green Mountain Dam Strike), August 3, 1939 to August 31, 1939.

This regiment has held its annual field training can Camp George West, Golden, Colorado, since participated in the Third Army Maneuvers at Pole Mountain Reservation, Wyoming, August, 1938.

The 157th Infantry is completely organized and the most recent change was the conversion of the Howitzer Company into the Autitank Platoon, Headquarters

Our Motto is: "Eager for Duty" and we stand ready and willing to "Carry On" for "Duty, Honor, and Country."

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY



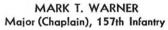
*

Maj. Patrick H. Kastler



HEADQUARTERS,





HARWOOD L. MARSHALL Captain, 157th Infantry





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ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY



CARL H. CARLSON
Captain
Headquarters Company

RUSSELL M. LITTLE Captain Service Company

FRANK E. SANBURG
Captain
Antitank Platoon

REGIMENTAL OFFICERS



HARRY T. MARLING First Lieutenant Service Company

DONALD L. STEWART Second Lieutenant Headquarters Company RUSSELL B. GLYNN ; First Lieutenant Service Company

CHARLES L. WHEATON Second Lieutenant Service Company FRED A. LUTHI First Lieutenant Antitank Platoon

JAMES W. LEE Second Lieutenant Antitank Platoon

[36]

HEADQUARTERS COMPANY
(Less Anthon (Platoon) CWa

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH **INFANTRY**

GREELEY, COLORADO







(Above) Radio.

(Below) Communication Staff.







Company Group.

Mess Line in Field.

Making up Pup Tent.



HEADQUARTERS COMPA

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Captain CARL H. CARLSON Second Lieutenant Donald L. Stewart

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Master Sergeant · · · · · . . . GORDON B. KINDRED First Sergeant Conrad M. Seastrand Technical Sergeant STANLEY WILLIAMSON

SERGEANTS

BILLS, WALTER B. Brown, Warren

Shonsey.

Hazelton, D. R. Nelson.

Нид., JIM R.

SLATER, BENJAMIN B.

WARNER, WALTER E.

Busch, Solomon A. CULBERTSON, ROBERT L. HAMLIN, GEORGE B.

MILLER, NORMAN J. ROWBOTHAM, EUGENE B. WARNER, KENNETH P.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

Angaran, Joe D. BRACY, ALAN W. DARLING, DUANE M. DILKA, RONALD W. GIFFIN, BERTRAND L. GOODWIN, JAMES W. HART, BRUCE E. HAZELTON, FRANK M. JAEGER, WILLARD G. JAGGER, ALFRED LYNN, CLAUDE F. McGlothlan, John A. NELSON, DAROLD R. SCHOBERLIN, MELVIN H. SWANSON, CARL W. VAN DYKE, ROBERT L

PRIVATES

ASLAKSON, MYRON BACKUS, THOMAS A. BAKER, ROBERT M. BAUER, RUBEN

CARLSON, HERBERT

DIX, MARION FOSTER, CLYDE E. FRAZEE, LEO A.

GEORGE, BERNARD J. JACOBY, SAM L. JOHNSON, GLENN E. JORDAN, THEODORE K.

LEAL, MANUAL J. MEAN, JOHN T. MERCER, DEAN F.



FIFTY-SEVENTH



First Row: Morganstern,
A. Jagger, K. P. Warner, M. J.
Leal, H. R. Ramey.
SECOND ROW: J. D. Angaran,
J. Troop. J. A. Frazce, J. R.

Hill, D. M. Darling, B. J. George.

Third Row: C. W. Werner, S. A. Busch, R. L. Culbertson, K. W. Kerfoot, S. O. Stone, L. M. Armstrong, J. W. Goodwin.

(less Antitank Platoon)

PRIVATES

MONICAL, HAROLD H. STE
MULLIN, CAROL B. STO
NEWMAN, GLENN E. SWI
OSTRANDER, GILBERT G. TOT
PFERSCH, DAVID C. TRC
RAMEY, HERBERT R. WE
ROBERTS, ELMER C. WE
SIGNORELLA, MICHAEL A. WH
SIMMONS, VIRGIL K. WII
WREN, HAROLD E.

STEELE, JOHN L.
STONE, SIDNEY O.
SWINSCOE, DALE L.
TOTTEN, VERNE C.
TROOP, JOE
WEBER, BEN R.
WEBBER, ADDISON E.
WERNER, CLYDE W.
WHITCOMB, DAVID A.
WILKINS, LUTHER A.

HISTORY

This Company was originally organized and Federally recognized as Headquarters Company, 177th Infantry, Colorado National Guard, on September 21, 1921, and was redesignated as Regimental Headquarters Company, 157th Infantry, Colorado National Guard, on November 16, 1921.

The Company was organized mainly through the efforts of Captain Hubert D. Waldo, Jr., who was the

first company commander, and a group of citizens of Greeley interested in the National Guard.

The following men have served as officers of the Company since its organization:

Captain Hubert D. Waldo, Jr., Company Commander from September 16, 1921 to May 3, 1924.

Captain Louis F. Jaccard, Second Lieutenant from September 16, 1921 to May 2, 1924, Captain and Company Commander from May 3, 1924 to December 7, 1925.

Captain Sidney G. Frazier, Company Commander from December 7, 1925 to March 12, 1929.

Captain Carl H. Carlson, Second Lieutenant from November 20, 1923 to May 1, 1929, Captain and Company Commander from May 2, 1929 to the present time.

Second Lieutenant Elmer C. Roberts from December 3, 1928 to January 30, 1930.

Second Lieutenant Donald L. Stewart, from February 7, 1930 until the present time.

This Company was redesignated Headquarters Company (Less Antitank Platoon) on September 1, 1939.

(Continued on page 148)

INFANTRY---GREELEY, COLORADO



FIRST Row: R. J. Murphy, R. W. Trivett, B. O. Elkins, R. C. Koch, W. McLain, H. L. Hofmaister, A. J. Townes, E. E. Stultz, L. Oyler, J. W. Seibert.

SECOND ROW: J. E. McLain, E. V. Graver, B. G. Elkins, L. O. Ledbetter, J. L. Ong, R. E. Howell, W. P. Cody, W. J. Taylor, J. O. Ledbetter, F. R. Husky, R. L. Hosman.



ANTITANK PLATOON

Headquarters

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Captain					FRANK E. SANBURG
First Lieutenant					. FRED A. LUTHI
Second Lieutenant					IAMES W. LEE

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

First Sergeant ALFRED J. TOWNES

SERGEANTS

Візнор, Leo V. HOFMAISTER, HOWARD L. McLain, William

CORPORALS

LEDBETTER, LESLIE O. CUNNINGHAM, RUSSELL J. SMALLER, ELMER J. HARDIN, LAWRENCE R. HUSKY, FRED R. SPRAGUE, DEVOLA J. KOCH, ROSWELL C. STIMATZE, RUSSELL E.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

McCurry, Jess E. BOLIN, BEN F., JR. OYLER, LEW COOK, HENRY L. GRAVER, ERNEST V. PARKER, THOMAS L. SAMPLE, RAYMOND W. Hosman, Roy L. HOWELL, RAY E. STIMATZE, OLIVER L. TAYLOR, WALTER J. LEDBETTER, JESSE O.

PRIVATES

BARNES, MERLIN D. ONG, JOHN L. BOYD, ROBERT L. ROBERTS, RICHARD A. CODY, WILLIAM P. Seibert, John W. CONLEY, ELRY J. STULTZ, EVERETT E. ELKINS, BENNY O. TRIVETT, ROYAL W. ELKINS, BERNIE G. WILLIAMS, PAUL E. KNOWLES, SHERIDAN G. WILLYARD, RAYMOND C. McLain, Jim E. WITCHER, HAROLD T. MURPHY, RAYMOND J. Wood, John A.

HISTORY

The Antitank Platoon, Headquarters Company, 157th Infantry traces its history back to an early period in Colorado's history. On April 2, 1889 there was organized at Canon City. Colorado, a company of rillement

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY designated as Company "H", 2nd separate Battalion. This organization was mustered out on June 27, 1898, Company "F" having been organized April 14, 1898, most of those mustered out of Company "H", transferred over to Company "F", 2nd Infantry, which remained in existence until March 29, 1904. After a period of inactivity, Company "K", 2nd Infantry was organized at (Continued on page 149) Non-Commissioned Officers.
 37mm Squad in Action.
 Supply Room.
 37mm Squad in Action.
 37mm Squad Prepares for Action.
 37mm Squad in Column Formation Moving into Action.



FIRST Row: G. E. Gustafson, W. Hessler, C. R. Strait, L. V. Woodman, W. A. Hyland, R. Berkenkotter, S. D. Lilly, R. J. Monez, J. A. Corbin.

SECOND ROW: G. W. Taylor, S. H. Mastin, C. V. Young, R. E. Hubble, R. M. Stewart, G. W. Keathly, W. E. Austin, D. R. Studebaker, L. J. Watt.

THIRD ROW: H. L. Graham, C. J. Ullery, L. K. Klooz, W. P. Porter, M. R. Parrish, F. P. Barry, J. R. Snyder, W. Weidenkeller, N. R. Gustafson, A. A. Crandell.



Service

DENVER, COLORADO

C	OI	MN	ISS	SIO	NE	D (OFF	FICERS
Captain								. Russell M. Little
First Lieutenant								. Russell B. Glynn
First Lieutenant								. HARRY T. MARLING
Second Lieutenant								CHARLES L. WHEATON

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

nt								. RICHARD A. HEFLIN
nt								. WALTER A. HYLAND
nt					+			. CLARENCE J. ULLERY
								GEORGE E. GUSTAFSON
								. LAWRENCE K. KLOOZ
	nt nt nt	nt .	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt	nt

SERGEANTS

HESSLER, WALTER Monez, Raymong J. PHEN H. PORTER, WARREN P. STUDEBAKER, DEWEY R. Mastin, Stephen H.

CORPORALS
GUSTAFSON, NEAL R. PREISS, NORBERT W. STEWART, RICHARD M.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

CORBIN, JAMES A.
KEATHLY, GEORGE W.
McGUAIRE, MATTHEW W. AUSTIN, WILLIAM E. BARRY, FRANK P. BREWER, ERVIN F. PARRISH, MILTON R.

PRIVATES

BERKENKOTTER, RICHARD BERKENKOTTER, RICHAR CRANDELL, ALBERT A. GRAHAM, HORACE L. HENDERSON, MAXWELL HUBBLE, RAYMOND E. LILLY, SIDNEY D. LILLY, WILBUR E. SNYDER, JOHN R.

S
STEWART, CHARLES R.
STRAIT, CHARLES R.
TAYLOR, GLENN W.
WARNER, REUEL J.
WATT, LEROY J.
WEIDENKELLER, WADE
WOODMAN, LEE V.
YOUNG, CHARLES V.

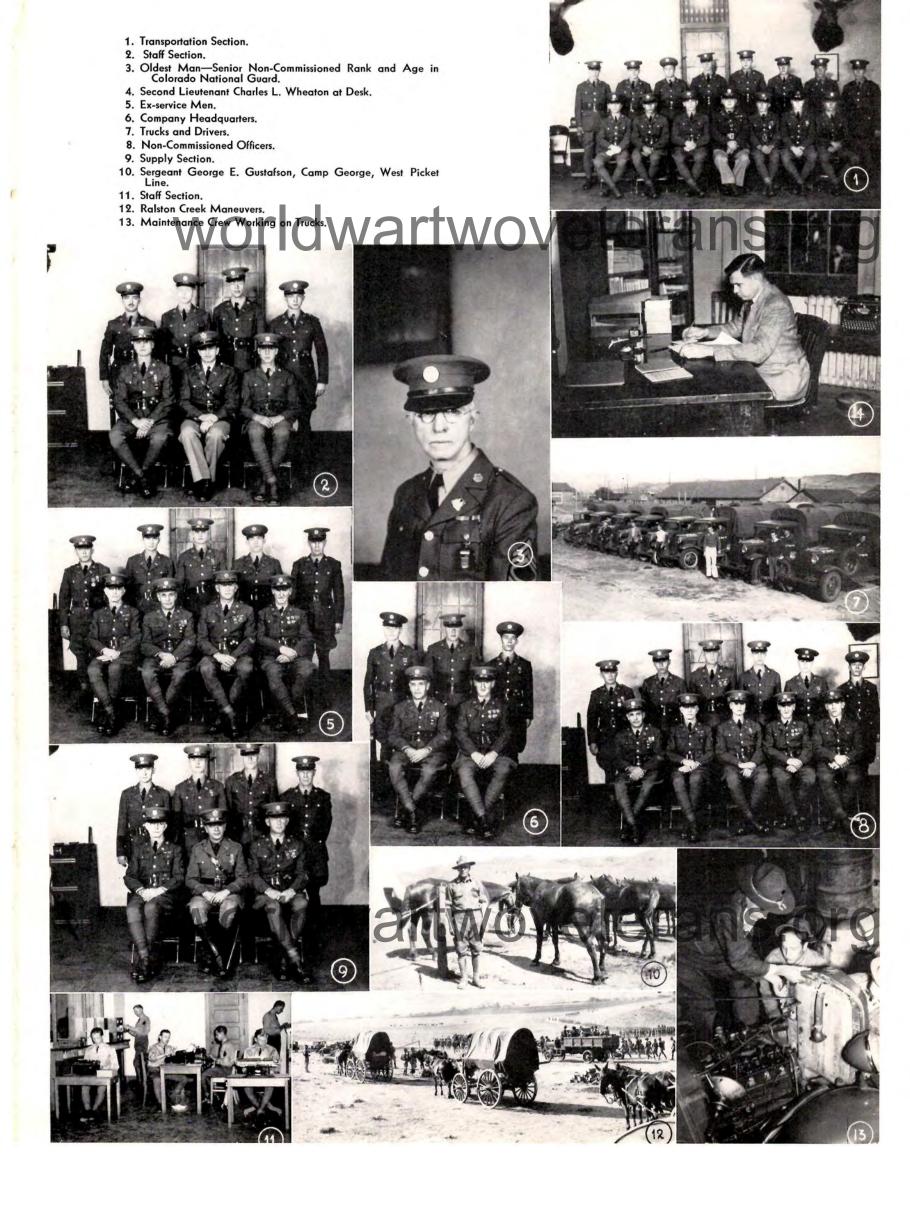
HISTORY

The Service Company, (less Band Section) 157th Infantry, Colorado National Guard, was organized in 1917 (Federal recognition October 4, 1918) as supply company 157th Infantry and continued as such during 1917—1918 in the World War. It had service in France in 1918—

redesignated Service Company, 157th Infantry at that Master Sergeant Walter A. Hyland is the only original

(Continued on page 149)

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY

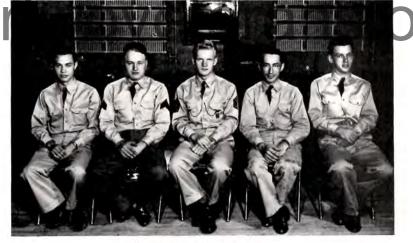




157th Infantry



GREGORY A. BUECHE Warrant Officer



Non-Commissioned Officers.

WARRANT OFFICER COMMANDING

Gregory A. Bueche

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

SERGEANTS

BLACK, WILBUR L.

E. L. BIGLOW, DONALD W. HUNT, RICHARD A.

CORPORALS

FROID, RAYMOND H.

KRUG, HUBERT L.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

AVERY, GEORGE E. CURTIS, ALBERT A. DARNELL, ROBERT L.

Davis, Richard O. Meyer, Leo J. Munsell, William C., Jr.

PRIVATES

Band Playing Formation.

Austin, Earnest R.
Becker, Arthur H.
Brown, Clarence
DuPertuis, Lawrence S.
Gardner, Robert P.
Garrison, Walter B.

GRIFFITH, CHET R. HAMILTON, GENE C. HENRY, JACK M. HOBART, FRANKLIN E. JOHNSON, GORDON H. MILLER, MASON E. O'CONNOR, JOHN S. ORR, PAUL E. ROBINSON, JAMES R. SANDERS, RAYMOND L.

S. SWAN, KAYE E.
VAUGHN, WILLIAM G.
R. WEYANDT, FORD E.
ED L. WILSON, VERNON J.
WINN, CHARLES

BAND

The Band Section Service Company, 157th Infantry, Colorado National Guard, having conformed to the conditions prescribed by National Guard Regulations, and in accordance with the provisions of Section 60, National Defense Act, was extended Federal recognition by the Secretay of War to date from October 4, 1918, with station at Ft. Collins, Colorado, where it is at the present time. For a period of time this Band was stationed in Denver, but, under Par. 1, S. O. 60, AGO, Colorado, dated October 23, 1922, was transferred to Ft. Collins, effective October 24, 1922. Prior to the spring of 1924, the Band had had a rather precarious existence, but on April 2, 1924, Federal recognition was extended to Warrant Officer Robert L. Horney who directed it in a more

Band Playing Formation.





[44]

OFFICERS girst BATTALLON 157th Infantry



First Lieutenant Headquarters Company

> **CHESTER JAMES** Captain Company "A"



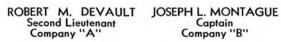


LEO E. MARKRUD Second Lieutenant Headquarters Company

WOODSON HERRING First Lieutenant Company "A"

MAJOR IRVING O. SCHAEFER Commanding First Battalion





LEWIS E. HOLLARD First Lieutenant Company "B"

EDWARD F. VON BERGEN Second Lieutenant Company "B"

GORDON F. WISONER
Captain
Company "C"



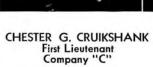


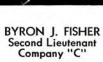














ROBERT ROATCAP Captain Company "D"



ERNEST L. BENSON, JR. First Lieutenant Company "D"

JOHN A. SIMPSON Second Lieutenant Company "D"



First Row: Paul P.
Paterson, Private; Raymond W. Stone, Private;
James T. Pooler, Private;
John M. Sampson, Private; Stanley M. Bradbury, Private First Class:

bury, Private First Class; Max H. Bradbury, Corporal.

Second Row: Weldon E. Cisney, Private; Lester V. Black, Corporal; William P. Keleher, Sergeant; Willard P. Selke, Sergeant; Sydney N. Hogsett, Private; Jay C. Paterson, Private First Class.

Third Row: Forrest K. Moore, Sergeant; Theodore B. Sparks, Sergeant; Joe C. Lujan, Corporal; Rex N. Raney, Private; Warren G., Cisney, Private; John M. Ingelhart, Staff Sergeant; Sherman G. Kloster, Private; Warren L. Shelly, Private.

Headquarters

COMPANY

Girst Battalion

FRUITA, COLORADO

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

First Lieutenant GEORGE D. PENNER
Second Lieutenant LEO E. MARKRUD

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICER

Staff Sergeant John M. Ingelhart

SERGEANTS

KELEHER, WILLIAM P. SELKE, WILLARD P. MOORE, FORREST K. SPARKS, THEODORE B.

CORPORALS

BRADBURY, MAX H.

Lujan, Joe C.

BLACK, LESTER V.

WILLIAMS, WILLIAM E.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

BRADBURY, STANLEY M.

ZIMMERMAN, ROBERT L.

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH

CISNEY, WELDON E.
HOGSETT, SYDNEY N.
KLOSTER, SHERMAN G.
PATERSON, JAY C.

PATERSON, PAUL P.

RANEY, REX
SAMPSON, JOHN M.
SHELLY, WARREN L.
SNOOKS, HENRY
STONE, RAYMOND W.

HISTORY

The reorganization plans of the 157th Infantry regiment placed the Headquarters Company 1st Battalion at Canon City. The organization of this unit became effective on October 14, 1921, 1st Lt. H. L. Burton being the Commanding Officer. This organization was redesignated Headquarters Company 3rd Battalion 157th Infantry on May 18, 1923. The Company at Montrose which had been mustered in as Headquarters Company 3rd Battalion on April 19, 1923, was now redesignated to 1st Battalion May 18, 1923. On April 1, 1929, Headquarters Company 2nd Battalion at Denver was redesignated Company "B." This unit having been previously stationed at Fruita. Headquarters Company 1st Battalion of Montrose was mustered out on January, 24, 1928, and reorganized at Fruita on February 14,

1928, with Lt. H. D. Finch as the Commanding Officer. He functioned in this capacity until 1932 when civilian duties forced him to sever his connections with the organization, and Lt. G. D. Penner was designated the Commanding Officer. A year later Leo E. Markrud was commissioned Second Lieutenant. The above named officers are to this date the commissioned personnel of the unit.

The organization has functioned very effectively, not only in the field, but have placed very high in the mobilization test and at Federal inspection.

Company Front.
 Non-Commissioned Officers.
 Supply Room.
 Wire Section.
 Intelligence Section.
 Radio Section.
 Orderly Room.
 Message Center.
 Walkie Talkie in Operation.





FIRST ROW: R. L. Moore, O. W. Haughey, H. A. Eberle, R. L. Eberle, H. R. Watson, R. E. Wright, R. H. Coles, H. M. Wright, J. B. Easley.

SECOND ROW: M. R. Hawley, N. F. Nelson, W. Herring, Jr., R. L. Crabtree, J. C. Daniels, E. D. Conner, R. L. Jenking, D. F.

THIRD ROW: C. G. Conner, R. M. Krieger, R. W. Wilson, J. L. McGinnis, R. E. Leckenby, A. E. Entsminger, R. L. Tatom, J. D. Seick, A. F. Beckett.



COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Captain				CHESTER JAMES
First Lieutenant				. Woodson Herring
Second Lieutenant				ROBERT M. DE VAULT

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICER

First Sergeant Henry A. Eberle

SERGEANTS

McGinnis, John L. EASLEY, JIM B. HAUGHEY, OLIVER W. NELSON, NELS F. MOORE, RONALD L. WILSON, ROBERT W.

WRIGHT, HOWARD M.

CORPORALS

INMAN, VERNON Mc. McGinnis, A. Fredrick JAMES, LEE J. SAUNDERS, MAHLON E. LECKENBY, ROBERT E. TATOM, ROBERT L. McClement, Vere E. Van Dorn, George B

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

HAWLEY, MARTIN R. BECKETT, ARNOLD F. BOYATT, CRAIG L. HEROD, WALTER R. CAMERON, DAN F PRITCHARD, CECIL W.

EBERLE, RAYMOND L.

SEICK, JOHN D.

ENTSMINGER, ARDYS G.

WAGNER, VERNIE H.

WRIGHT, RICHARD E.

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH



PRIVATES

BEAVER, MELVIN E. BUDNIATIS, WILLIAM A. CHIVINGTON, E. PAUL Coles, Russell H. CONNER, CLYDE G. CONNER, EVERETT D. CRABTREE, ROY L. DANIELS, JOHN C. DILLON, RICHARD L. DILLON, ROBERT J. ENTSMINGER, ARLEN E. FRENCH, JOHN O. GORE, GEORGE J. GREEN, ROBERT R. HERRING, WOODSON, JR. HOLLIMAN, DONALD T.

HORTON, CHARLES B. JENKING, ROBERT L. JONES, DALE W. JONES, ROY J. KISER, VERNON W. KISER, LOREN D. KRIEGER, RALPH M. LEMMON, ALFRED PAYTON, EDWIN D. SHORT, WINFRED A. SNYDER, EDWARD M. SPRINGSTEEL, GRAYDON E. STRAUSBORGER, EDWIN E. SUTHERLAND, RONALD R. WATSON, HAROLD R. WELCH, WALTER L.

WHITLOCK, JOHN F.

HISTORY

The infantry rifle company at Craig, Colorado was mustered into state service by Special Order No. 21 from the Adjutant General's Office, dated March 26, 1921. The first officers were elected by the company to command it and received their assignment April 7, 1921, as follows: Captain, Frank D. Miller, 1st Lt., Ralph B. Yoder, 2nd Lt., Curtis N. Chapman. The 157th Infantry Regiment received designation and Federal recognition October 16, 1921. Company "A" received notice of its Federal recognition in A. G. O. General Order No. 25, dated October 27, 1921 and dates from April 30, 1921. 2nd Lt. Curtis N. Chapman resigned and Sergeant Walter C. Hammond was elected to fill the vacancy April 21,

SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

First Row: R. R. Sutherland, M. E. Beaver, W. R. Herod, D. W. Jones, E. E. Strausborger, R. J. Dillon, J. F. Whitlock.

SECOND ROW: C. L. Boyatt, E. P. Chivington, A. G. Entsminger, M. E. Saunders, C. B. Horton, D. F. Darlington, J. O. French.

1922. Captain Frank D. Miller and Lt. Ralph B. Voder resigned and on November 14, 1922 an election was held to fill the vacancies, results as follows: Captain, Irving P. Beckett, First Lieutenant, Walter C. Hammond, Second Lieutenant, Chester James. Lieutenant James was transferred to the National Guard Reserve on December 16, 1927 and on February 11, 1928 James L. Johnson was made Second Lieutenant to fill vacancy. Captain Irving P. Beckett resigned April 12, 1929 and Lt. Hammond appointed to fill the vacancy. Lt. James returned and was made First Lieutenant to fill the vacancy May 2, 1929. Captain Hammond resigned October 27, 1930. 1st Lt. James was appointed Captain January 5, 1931 to fill the vacancy and Lt. Thatcher M. Stinson was appointed Second Lieutenant. In 1933 Lts. Johnson and Stinson resigned and shortly thereafter Woodson Herring and George M. Payton were appointed Lieutenants to fill the vacancies. On March 20, 1935 Lt. Payton was made First Lieutenant and on October 1, 1938 resigned. Lt. Herring was made irst Lieutenant and Sergeant Robert M. De Vault ap-

pointed Second Lieutenant and assigned to fill the vacancies, October 2, 1938. On August 3, 1939 Company "A" was called into active service for the first time for duty in Grand and Summit Counties due to the Kremmling Insurrection.

INFANTRY --- CRAIG, COLORADO



COMPANY B

FIRST BATTALION

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH

INFANTRY

DENVER, COLORADO











COMPANY "B"

Girst Battalion

Captain Joseph Iv Montague

First Lieutenant Lewis E. Hollard

Second Lieutenant Edward F. Von Bergen

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

First Sergeant DELTON D. FLANDERS

SERGEANTS

AFFLEY, FRANK W.

RAEL, JOE

DILTZ, LAWRENCE H.

REEVES, PAUL W.

EHRENBURG, OTTO

VAUGHN, VERNON D.

WITTLICH, WALTER H.

CORPORALS

BUTLER, BEN L.

JENSEN, ARTHUR R.

DESPAIN, ARTHUR L., JR.

LEE, HARRY M.

FRAZER, GUY L.

VILLINES, VICTOR A.

WILSON, FRANK H.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

Aylor, Meredith M.

HUGGINS, ROBERT W.

CAMPBELL, CHARLES G.

KING, JAMES E.

DEMPSEY, WILLIAM J.

McNatt, Orville F.

ELGART, HARRY

Messenger, William B.

FERGUSON, CHARLES R.

Mock, Walter H.
VILLINES, WILLIAM M., JR.

HICKS, WARREN B.

YORTY, EDWIN R.



ADER, MARVIN M. AUGIER, WILLIAM R. CAPPS, LARRICK L.

CHERRY, ROSCOE C.

CHITWOOD, ALLISON A. CONTER, LOUIS A.

COOPER, ROBERT E.

CRAM, ALVIN L.

Cummin, Orville J. Faudree, Blair E.

FRIEDNASH, ROBERT H.

GARNER, DONALD C.

GLASGOW, FRANK J.

Hamilton, Stephen E., Jr. Hayhurst, George C.

HAZE, BYRON J. HILLMAN, LAWSON R. Hudson, Richard W.

JAGER, SIDNEY S.

JEFFERSON, HORACE H. JOHNSON, CYRUS F.

Jouett, Guy V.

LEGAULT, LESLIE E. LOVELESS, WILLIAM E.

McMorrine, Stuart R. Mengers, Edwin H.

ONEIL, SAM

PASCHALL, LEE M.

PAYNE, JERRY S.

PETERSON, ALBERT F.

RIGBY, ARTHUR B.

VAUGHN, RAYMOND C.

WELLS, SYLVAN R. WHITWORTH, BURREL J.

HISTORY



The Daddy of Them All—we give you Company "B", 157th Infantry. Daddy of all the military organizations of Colorado. The oldest military organization with a continuous line of descent in the state.

Back in 1860, there was formed a company of volunteer troops known as "Jefferson's Rangers" (surprisingly enough, a foot troop unit) for the purpose of repelling raiders from "Bloody Kansas". This Denver unit performed its work with distinction in the "Bummer's War" and then seemingly was disbanded. In 1861, Com-

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH



pany "B" of the First Colorado Volunteers, Captain Samuel F. Tappan commanding, was formed and joined the territory's armed forces against the Confederate invaders. In 1864 "The Governor's Guards" of the Volunteer Militia was formed.

Although it is reasonably certain that these organizations were the granddaddy of the present unit there is no definite proof of this fact. From 1864 to 1872 there seems to have been a definite lack of interest in military affairs in the Territory and no records seem available.

However, the definite line of descent of the unit started May 4, 1872 with the formation of the Governor's Guards under the command of Captain Ira C. Smith. This was a semi-private military organization, subject to call of the Governor, but not a regular part of the Territorial Militia.

December 10, 1875, Company "B", First Colorado Infantry Volunteers (Governor's Guard) for the first time became a regular unit of the territory's armed forces, Captain A. H. Jones, commanding.

In 1880 an attempt to bring Colorado Troops under a definite organization plan, made Company "B" a part of the First Infantry Battalion, Captain M. L. Paddock, commanding.

1881 saw a furtherance of this attempt, with Company "B" retaining its designation, Captain M. B. Carpenter, commanding.

Carpenter, commanding.

Captain Carpenter maintained command of the unit, when it became part of the First Regiment of Infantry, Colorado National Guard on March 22, 1883.

Another reorganization in 1889 saw the unit returned

SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

First Row: J. Rael, E. R. Yorty, A. R. Jensen, W. H. Mock, S. S. Jager, S. R. Wells, D. D. Flanders, W. H. Wittlich, O. F. McNatt, W. E. Loveless, H. Elgart, A. L. deSpain, Jr., M. M. Ader.

SECOND ROW: R. W. Hudson, V. D. Vaughn, R. H. Friednash, J. E. King, L. H. Diltz, H. M. Lee, G. C. Hayhurst, W. B. Messenger, A. F. Peterson, R. C. Cherry, C. F. Johnson, W. M. Villines, Jr.

Third Row: P. W. Reeves, V. A. Villines, F. H. Wilson, S. E. Hamilton, Jr., C. G. Campbell, F. W. Affley, B. L. Butler, C. R. Ferguson, L. R. Hillman, H. H. Jefferson.

to the designation of First Battalion, Infantry, Colorado National Guard. Captain William Heing was in command at this time.

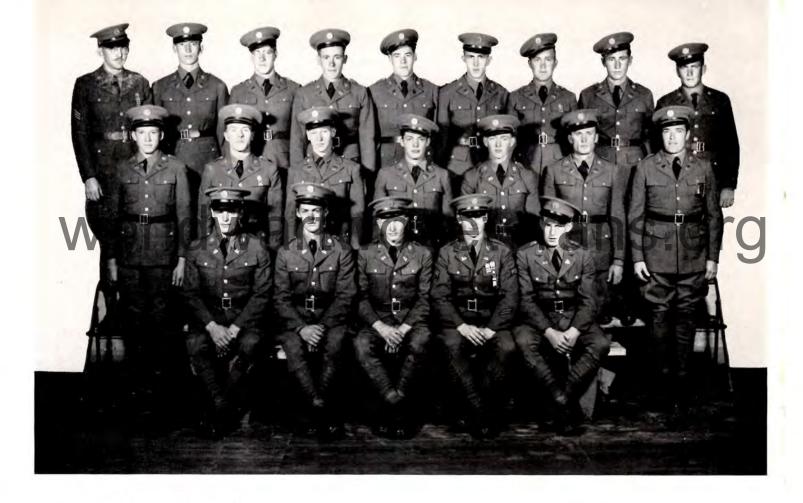
The Spanish American War saw the formation of the First Colorado Volunteers, with Company "B" an integral part of the Regiment. Captain F. W. Carroll was Commanding Officer in 1898.

Once more the Colorado Troops were changed, July 12, 1915 and Company "B" was assigned to the First Colorado Infantry. Captain H. E. Insley commanded the unit

September, 1916 saw another reorganization for the Mexican Printing Expedition and Company "B" became part of the First Separate Battalion, Colorado Infantry under the command of Captain J. H. Nanki vell

When the World War brought a new designation of the Infantry Regiment, Company "B" became part of (Continued on Page 149)

INFANTRY ... DENVER, COLORADO



First Row: L. A. Pittsonger, M. T. Minear, C. C. Peterson, R. G. DesErmia, W. Jackson.

Second Row: H. V. Collom, G. W. Dunn, L. R. Herd, J. P. Shoemake, E. F. Latimer, A. J. Lell, W. A. Gehring.

THIRD ROW: G. H. Ritchie, C. L. Ray, R. A. Simmons, G. W. Gray, C. D. Adkins, C. Holtgren, Jr., H. W. Hankins, O. H. Grey, R. A. Peck.

Girst Battalion

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

. . Gordon F. Wisoner Chester G. Cruikshank . . . Byron J. Fisher Captain . . . First Lieutenant Second Lieutenant .

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICER

First Sergeant CARL SMITH

SERGEANTS

DESERMIA, ROBERT G. GEHRING, WILLIAM A. JACKSON, WAYNE F.

LELL, ALPHONSE J. PAUL, WENDELL R. PITTSONGER, LLOYD A

ADKINS, CHESTER D. DUNN, GEORGE W. Hankins, Harold W. Hanna, Robert F.

LATIMER, ELDON F. MALLETT, ANDREW G. SHOEMAKE, JAMES P. WINFREY, CLIFFORD G.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

PECK, RAY A. Ellis, Robert W. HAWKINS, LOREN L. RAY, GEORGE W. HOLTGREN, CHARLES, JR. Rose, Gerald L. SAMPSON, FRANCIS W., JR. JACKSON, WARREN M. SIMMONS, RICHARD A. KORNMAN, CHARLES E. LAKIN, FRANCIS W. THOMPSON, ROBERT E. LEIPER, WALLACE H. TYLER, GLEN R.

UMBRELL, OREN C.

PRIVATES

ALEXANDER, RAYMOND E. McCoy, Robert L. MILLER, SIDNEY A. CALHOUN, OLIVER B. CALHOUN, WILLIAM K. MINEAR, FRANK R. MINEAR, MERLE T. CAMPBELL, KENNETH PETERSON, CARL C. CAMPBELL, PAUL W. PETERSON, GRANT E. COLLOM, HOWARD V. PINKERTON, EUGENE F. CRAWLEY, WILLIAM E. FARMER, EDWARD F. RAY, CLYDE L. GRAY, GROVER W. RAY, LEONARD S. RENFROW, RALPH W. GREY, ORVILL H. HAMBLIN, LEO E. RENFROW, WILLIAM E. HAWKER, CHARLES H. ROBERTSON, WILBUR J.

ONES, RUFUS M.

LAKIN, ALBERT L. TOWNER, WILLIAM E.

TUCKER, WINFORD E.

HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH



First Row: C. G. Winfrey, R. M. Huckabay, F. W. Lakin, O. C. Umbrell, W. Jackson.

SECOND ROW: W. E. Towner, E. F. Farmer, A. L. Lakin, A. G. Mallett, W. E. Renfrow, G. E. Peterson, R. Ritthaler.

Third Row: C. Smith, W. E. Crawley, K. Campbell, C. E. Kornman, L. S. Ray, E. Rose, C. H. Hawker, L. E. Hamblin.

HISTORY

Company "C" was reorganized as a unit of the 177th Infantry May 5, 1921 with Carl L. Crawford elected as Captain. The Company was officially designated by Headquarters Eighth Corps Area October 11, 1921. The Secretary of War extended Federal recognition to both the Company and its Officers May 31, 1921.

Upon its reorganization the Company was composed principally of World War Veterans who were active from one to about four years, gradually being replaced by younger and untrained men.

On February 10, 1922 Captain Crawford resigned and was succeeded by 1st Lt. Milton L. Blackburn, who was Federally recognized as Captain on May 3, 1922. As business interests interfered with his military activities, Captain Blackburn resigned in December of the same year.

mand, the Company reached a high degree of proficiency in training and had the honor of being the best Company at Camp in 1928. Captain Gueno resigned October 1, 1929.

Being Federally recognized October 2, 1929, 1st Lt. Homer D. Graham was promoted to Captain of Company "C". Under his guidance the Company maintained its high degree of proficiency and one year was rated as the best Company in the State at Annual Armory Federal Inspection. Captain Graham requested a three months leave of absence September 15, 1937 to accept a position as CCC Inspector and later resigned.

From the date of September 15, 1937 up to the present time Company "C" has been commanded by 1st Lt. Gordon F. Wisoner, being Federally recognized a Captain on December 13, 1938.

Company "C" has participated in all field training camps held since the National Guard was reorganized after the World War.

This Company has cooperated with its home town and surrounding community in various events and has turned out for all patriotic celebrations.

On January 3, 1923 Harry W. Gueno was assigned to command Company "C". Under Captain Gueno's com-

INFANTRY, DELTA, COLORADO



COMPANY C

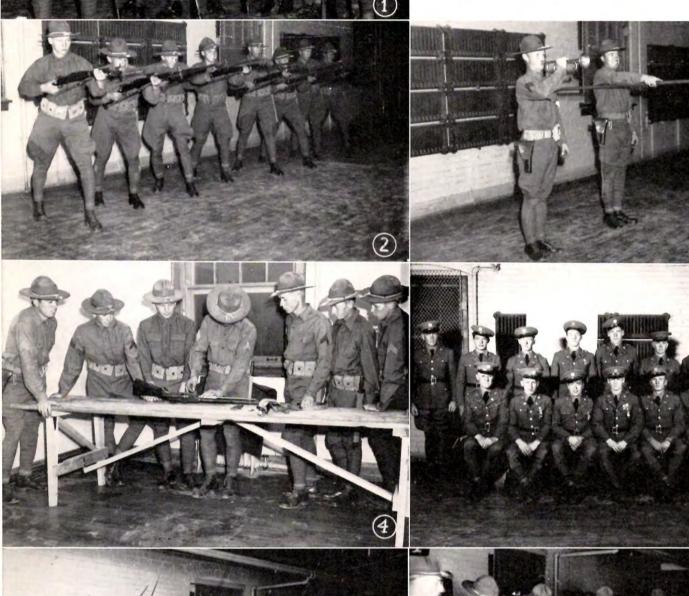
FIRST BATTALION

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH **INFANTRY**

DELTA, COLORADO

1. Gas Instruction.

2. Bayonet Drill.
3. Company Guidon and Bugler.
4. Autometric Rifle Drill.
5. Non-Commissioned Officers.
6. Riot Duty.
7. First Aid Instruction.





3

COMPANY D

FIRST BATTALION

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY

MONTROSE, COLORADO

1. Non-Commissioned Officers. 2. Machine Gun Marksmanship. 3. Mechanical Training. 4. Pistol Marksmanship. 5. Retreat. 6. Machine Gun Rack Built by Sergeant Herman Lanzl. 7. Some Friendly Fun. 8. Company Clerk at Work. 9. Sets of Brothers. 10. Action. 11. Men Who Have Been Decorated by State of Colorado for long Service—Ten Years or More. 12. Gathering Data for Indirect Laying. 13. Best Machine Gun Squad at Camp.







O. Rusk, V. I. Hosler, J. G. Geron, W. B. Sparks.

SECOND ROW: D. D. Brower, E. P. Baldrey, A. F. Faast, C. A. Hughes, E. J. Geron.

THIRD ROW: C. H. Hammock, C. G. Wright, A. W. Hurlburt, F. M. Sherman, W. E. Faast, W. P. Hammock.

COMPANY "D"

Girst Battalion

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Captain ROBERT ROATCAP First Lieutenant Ernest L. Benson, Jr. Second Lieutenant John A. Simpson

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICER

First Sergeant RALEIGH N. ALFORD

SERGEANTS

BALDREY, THOMAS W.

HURLBURT, ARTHUR W.

CRAIG, WALTER S. FAAST, WILLIAM E.

LANZL, HERMAN J. STELL, JAMES M.

STOCKDALE, FRANCIS R.

CORPORALS

COOPER, MELVIN A.

McComas, Ray

HAMMOCK, CHARLES H. KEARNS, VERLE H.

ROMINE, ROBERT D.

RUSK, ROBERT H.

KING, REGGIE

WRIGHT, CLARENCE G.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

BRENNECKE, HEINIE H.

HAMMOCK, WILLIAM P.

BROWER, DALE D.

Hosler, Virgil, I.

GERON, EDWARD J. GERON, JOHN G.

SHERMAN, FREDRICK M. SPARKS, WESLEY B.

WILLERUP, CHARLES E.

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH



FIRST Row: Clyde Thompson, J. M. Stell, H. J. Lanzl, A. E. Flinn, L. R. Cross.

SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

SECOND ROW: I. W. Gerstner, Donald Webb, R. A. Nicol, P. A. Vonhagen, R. H. Rusk.

THIRD ROW: Ray McComas, R. D. Romine, S. G. Miles, D. W. Ross, W. S. Craig, A. A. Geron.

PRIVATES

ALLIES, DARWIN L. Anderson, Roy H. BALDREY, ELBERT P. CHAPEL, LELAND C. COATS, GLEN J. Cook, Carmon E. Cross, Lex R. DAWSON, SAMUEL S. DOTSON, VERL D. ELLIOTT, HENRY FAUSSONE, ALBERT E. FLINN, ALLAN E. GERON, ALFRED A. GERSTNER, ISADORE W. HACKETT, CLARENCE E. HAYES, DONALD L.

HAYES, LOREN E. HOTCHKISS, LAWRENCE R. HUGHES, CLARENCE A. HUGHES, VIRGIL C. JACKSON, ALBERT E. JACOBS, DEAN R. JACOBS, VIRGIL, L. NELSON, RICHARD E. RAINWATER, DALE U. REED, CLYDE B. Ross, David W. SEEVERS, CLARION E. VONHAGEN, PAUL A. WILKINSON, THOMAS E. WILLIAMS, CHARLES A. WILSON, WALTER H.

WRIGHT, JESSE O.

HISTORY

Company "D", 157th Infantry, was organized as a Machine Gun Company October 4th, _1918. _ Enlisted men of organia 1920 are:

Major Irving O. Schaefer, who is now commanding First Battalion 157th Infantry, served three years on 45th Division Staff, Commanded Company "D" from 1925 to 1930.

Major Mark T. Warner, who is Chaplain, 157th Infantry.

Captain Robert Roatcap now commanding Company "D", worked up from the ranks having served in all grades. He graduated from the National Guard Reserve Officers Class of 1939, the Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Georgia. He enlisted in Company "D", March 1st, 1922, was commissioned in September, 1924; and has served continuously for more than seventeen years.

1st Lt. Ernest L. Benson, Jr., and 2nd Lt. John A. Simpson, also enlisted as Privates and worked up through the ranks of Company "D".

This organization boasts several men who wear tenyear medals awarded by the State of Colorado: 1st Sgt. Raleigh N. Alford, Sgt. Francis A. Stockdale; Pfc. Wesley B. Sparks and Pfc. Dale D. Brower.

Company "D" is thrice winner of the coveted plaque Squad in camp; having won it in 1930, the first year of its existence, and in 1938 and 1939. Corporal Robert E. Rusk commanded the winning squad this year, 1939.

INFANTRY --- MONTROSE, COLORADO



CLARENCE A. HESKETT Second Lieutenant Headquarters Company

twoveteran

WAYNE G. DOWNING



WILLIAM O. PERRY Major Commanding Second Battalion

Second Battalion

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY

GILES N. STRONG First Lieutenant Company "E"





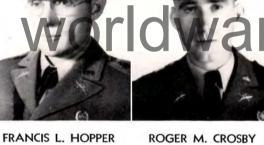




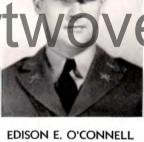


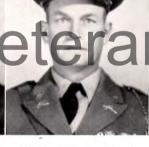














Second Lieutenant Company "E" KENNETH H. CONNER First Lieutenant Company "G"

Captain Company "F" CLIVE E. WEBB Second Lieutenant Company "G"

First Lieutenant Company "F" PRESTON J. C. MURPHY Captain Company "H"

GERALD S. MOSHER Second Lieutenant Company "F" CHARLES J. O'LAUGHLIN First Lieutenant Company "H"

DAN R. BARNSLEY Captain Company "G" CHARLES W. THOMAS Second Lieutenant Company "H"



COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Second Lieutenant CLARENCE A. HESKETT

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Staff Sergeant DELMER I. PAUGH

SERGEANTS

DUNN, CARMIE G.

McDowell, Clarence

FAGAN, PAUL P.

SANDERS, JAMES M.

CORPORALS

CALL, NORMAN W.

GRAY, LOWELL F.

SANDERS, EDWIN F.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

BARTA, EDWARD J.

COATNEY, LESTER A.

Boley, George A.

LAUBHAN, VERNON

STAPLES, FRANKLIN

PRIVATES

ADAMS, FLOYD L.

King, Oliver G.

Blakley, Ray Boley, John W. Mason, Calvin L. McCart, William

CULBERTSON, ROY

PULLUM, CURTIS W.

King, Gaylord B.

WARWICK, GRADY W.

WITTMAN, MELVIN H.

HISTORY

On June 30, 1931, the Headquarters of the Second Battalion, 157th Infantry, then in Denver, Colorado, was extended Federal Recognition, with Major Harry C. Byrnes in command. The Headquarters Company of this battalion was stationed at Lamar, Colorado, and 1st Lt. Willard B. Gordon and 2nd Lt. Robert F. Christy were the officers. On October 23, 1923, the Headquarters Company was disbanded under authorization of the Secretary of War, and the enlisted personnel transferred to Company "E", 157th Infantry. A new Headquarters Company, Second Battalion was next organized in Denver, Colorado and Federally recognized on November 26, 1923. Many changes have taken place in the personnel of this unit, and we next find it at Longmont, Colorado, where it was given Federal recognition to date from April 2, 1928, with 1st Lt. Leo A. Noble and 2nd (Continued on page 149)

SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

First Row: R. E. Culbertson, M. H. Wittman, E. J. Barta, C. O. McDowell, P. P. Fagan, C. G. Dunn, D. I. Paugh, E. C. Ford

SECOND ROW: R. F. Blakley, J. M. Sanders, G. B. King, O. G. King, L. A. Coatney, F. L. Adams, J. W. Boley, W. H. McCart, C. L. Mason.



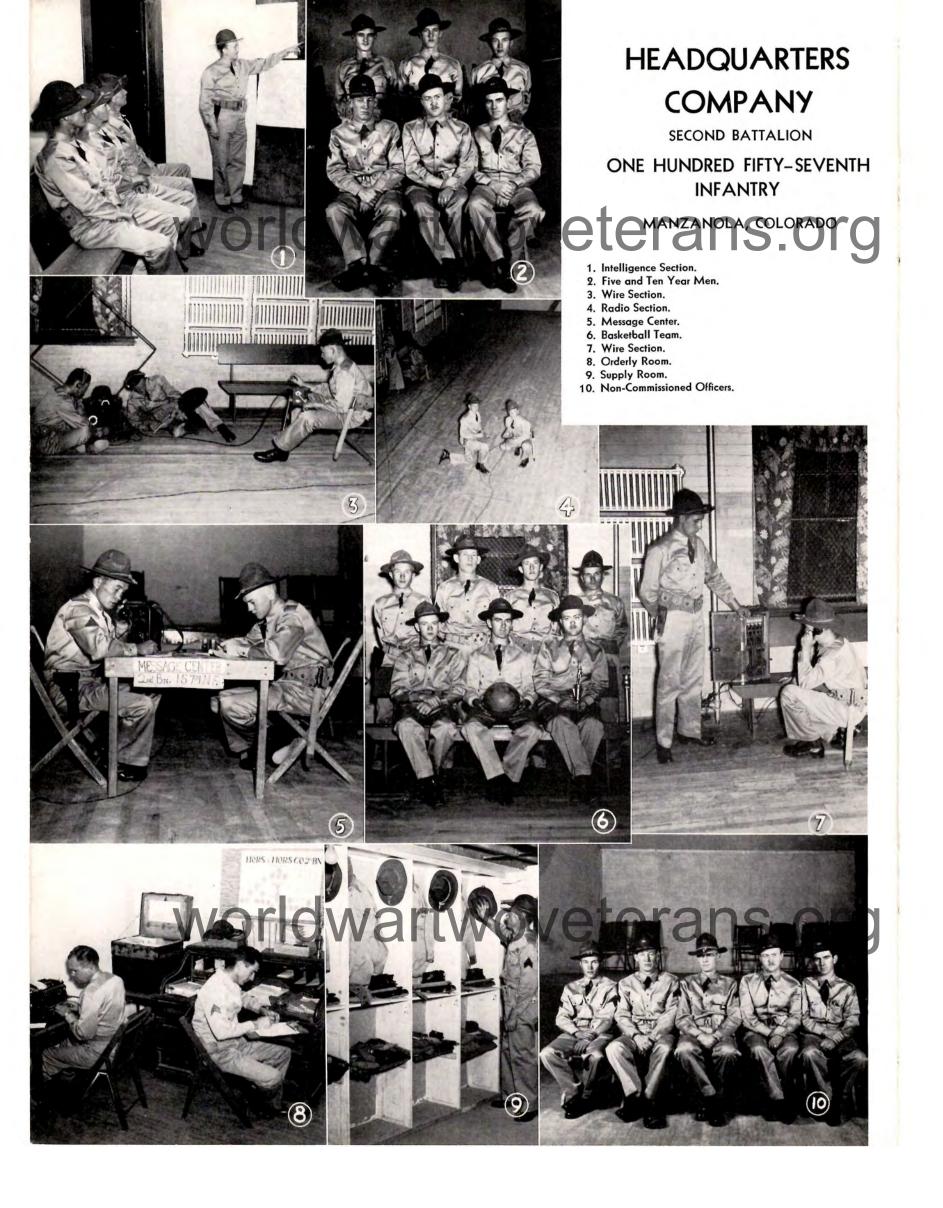
Headquarters

Second Battalion

VOVANZAGE FOR SONG

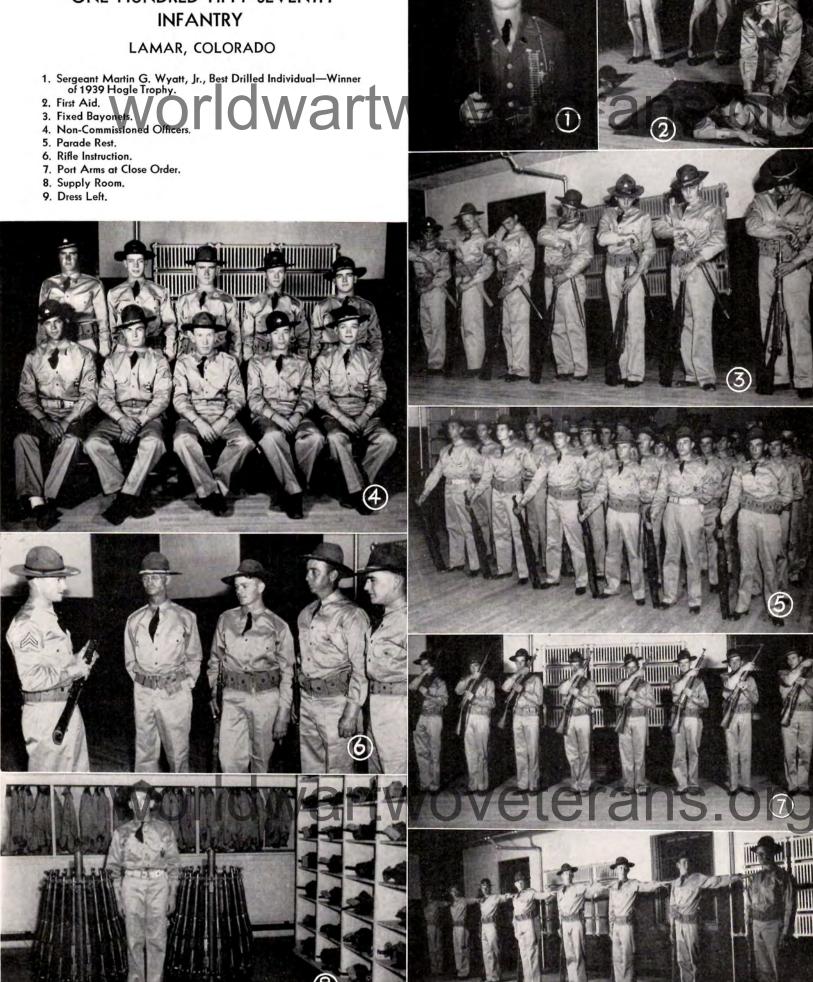
ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH

INFANTRY



COMPANY E

SECOND BATTALION
ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH
INFANTRY





First Row: P. E. Diamond, J. I., Gibbons, C. E. Neal, O. W. Jones, G. H. Stewart, R. B. Butler, L. E. Light.

SECOND ROW: J. M. Kirkpatrick, D. D. Hanson, C. W. Heuett, W. D. Mathewson, R. M. Gist, J. A. Cross, L. L. Hackett.

Third Row: C. J. Holt, W. A. Ralston, W. V. Bolinger, J. M. Robertson, G. R. Gregory, M. R. Largent, J. W. Baker, H. V. Smith.

COMPANY "E"

Second Battalion

LAMAR, COLORADO

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Captain					WAYNE G. DOWNING
First Lieutenant					. GILES H. STRONG
Second Lieutenant					EDANCIS I HOPPED

SERGEANTS

BUNDY, RUSSELL A. MAYHEW, JOE D.

DIAMOND, WILLIAM H. MOON, CLYDE D.

HOLT, CLYDE J. NUNNERY, WILLIAM M.

WHITE, ELMER F.

CORPORALS

BOLINGER, WILLIAM V. HORN, R. DONALD
BRYANT, VIRGIL V. INMAN, JOE L.
HARDIN, GEORGE B JOHNSON, JAMES R
SCRIVEN, JOSEPH M.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

BAKER, JACK W. McPherson, Charles E.
DIAMOND, PAUL E. McPherson, Donald J.
HAGAMAN, ROBERT C. Moon, Carl L.
KIRKPATRICK, JAMES M. SMITH, HAROLD V.

LARGENT, M. RICHARD STINSON, EDWARD A.

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICER MATHEWSON, WILLIAM D. WEST, HERBERT H.

Prist Sergeant Morton G. Wyatt McCorkle, Carrol G. White, Arthur L.

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY

PRIVATES

BELCHER, MACK
BILLINGSLEY, HOIL,
BROWN, CECIL E.
BUTLER, RICHARD B.
COATS, HAROLD K.
CROSS, JOHN A.
DUNHAM, CHARLES D.
DUNHAM, WALTER W.
GIBBONS, JAMES L.
GIST, ROBERT M.
GREGORY, GLEN R.
HACKETT, CHARLES A.
HACKETT, LANE L.
HANSON, DONALD D.

HEUETT, CLAUDE W.

Hudson, Edwin O.
Johnson, Freddie
Jones, Owen W.
Light, LaVerne E.
McPherson, William J.
Melkus, Kenneth W.
Moon, Floyd A.
Neal, Carson E.
Porterfield, Vinson L.
Posey, Jack B.
Ralston, W. Arthur
Robertson, Joe M.
Shank, Leroy A.

STARKEY, ADVIN J.
DE W. STEWART, GRANT H.
TOTTEN, LAWRENCE E.

HISTORY

As a unit in the national defense system of the United States, the Lamar Company has a record of which it may well be proud. First organized in 1904 as Company "C", it was later changed to Company "D", and as such was called into state service in 1914 during the Mine Strike disorders in Southern Colorado. In 1916 the company saw service on the Mexican Border as a member of the Federal forces and was still engaged in that duty at the outbreak of war with the Central Powers in 1917,

so it was sent directly from the border to Camp Kearney for training preparatory to going overseas. It was ordered across in July, 1918 and was in active service at Verdun when the Armistice was signed and was returned home in April, 1919. In 1920 it was organized as Company "E", 157th Infantry, with Capt. Frank Strain in command. He was followed in turn by Captains J. C. Johnston, Clarence P. Childress and Capt. Wayne G. Downing, the present commander. Capt. Downing is a graduate of the Fort Benning, Georgia, Infantry, School

and saw service overseas with the old 157th Infantry. He is also a graduate of the Camp Perry, Ohio, Small Arms Firing School as are Lt. Strong and Sgt. Elmer White. The ex-members of the company include many of the most prominent business men of the town; the present Mayor being at one time an officer in the Company.

SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

First Row: M. G. Wyatt, H. Billingsley, W. J. McPherson, J. B. Posey, V. V. Bryant, J. D. Mayhew, J. R. Johnson.

SECOND ROW: W. H. Diamond, D. J. McPherson, J. M. Scriven, F. A. Moon, C. E. McPherson, C. E. Brown.

THIRD ROW: L. A. Shank, M. Belcher, F. Johnson, C. D. Dunham W. W. Dunham, R. D. Horn, E. A. Stinson, E. F. White.





FIRST Row: R. C. Hoover, J. Kramer, J. R. Cary, A. Sauer, R. Surher, R. Santerli, E. White.

SECOND ROW: R. Ault, C. Buckle, G. Carpenter, R. Mc-

THIRD Row: J. Hudey, D.
Teegarden, W. Cheney, K. Edmondson, S. White, J. Fuller,
F. Ryan, T. Jones.

SERGEANTS



COMPANY "F"

Second Battalion

BOULDER, COLORADO

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

First Sergeant STANLEY W. WHITE

ANCELL, ROBERT M.

FULLER, JACKSON F.
JOHNSON, HENRY W.

SAUER, ALVAN L. SHIRK, MINOR S.

MILL, FRED L.

CORPORALS

CAMPBELL, WILLIAM R. HOOVER, RICHARD C.

Jones, Lloyde L. Woods, Glenn R.

PRIVATES, FIRST CLASS

AULT, RALPH H.
BROWN, MAX E.
BUCKLE, CHARLES W.
CALLOW, LLOYD
CARY, JOHN R.
CHAVEZ, JOHN S. (Cl. 4)

IFORD, WILLIAM D.
JOHNSON, ROGER A.
JOHNSON, WALTER C.
JONES, THOMAS C.
MOORE, DONALD L.
SAUER, RICHARD L. (Cl. 6)

PRIVATES

ARDOUREL, CLEMENT A.
AULT, HERBERT A.
BUCKLE, BLAINE E.
BLACKMER, GEORGE E.
BURGER, GLENN W.
CARPENTER, ROBERT G.

ESTES, ARCHIE J.
FITZNER, HAROLD W.
HAWKS, RAYMOND E.
HAYES, IRA B.
HURLEY, JOHN J.
JOLLIFFE, WILLIAM D.

CHENEY, WILLIAM R.
CONKLIN, GLENN A.
DAVENPORT, DARYL A. (Cl. 6)

Lewis, Lawrence W.
McKeehan, Robert N.
Morris, Richard A.

DAVENPORT, DARYL A. (Cl. 6) EDMUNDSON, WILLIAM K. ENGLUND, JAMES S.

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY

PRIVATES

NORTON, HUGH B.

OLSON, ROBERT L.

PULLIAM, LOYD R. PULLIAM, LYLE J.

PYLE, ROBERT L.

REED, GEORGE I.

SMITH, JOSEPH D. STEPHENS, JAMES C., JR. STODDARD, DONALD D. SUCHER, ROBERT R.

TEMPLE, JOHN N.

TEEGARDEN, DONALD J.

SCHMID, KARL A. SHEPHERD, LORAN H.

SHERIDAN, JAMES O.

WHITE, ERNEST H. WOOLBRINCK, GEORGE A. WOODS, KENNETH C.

HISTORY

Although Boulder had contributed its share of early military organizations, they had all disappeared by February, 1883 when Company "H", First Colorado Infantry was mustered in. Captain John H. Nicholson was in command. Various changes in personnel were made, but this organization remained at Boulder until its conversion to cavalry. Company "H" served in the Philippine Islands with the United States Volunteers.

Troop "D", First Colorado Cavalry was organized in January, 1906 under the command of Captain Harry P. Gamble, who later was Adjutant General of Colorado. Together with other Colorado Cavalry units, Troop "D"

was merged with the First Colorado Infantry to form the 157th Infantry in 1918. This regiment served in France.

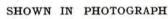
Company "F" was mustered in June 2, 1921, with Francis Wall as Captain. Four days later it went on active duty during the Pueblo Flood. It rendered a good account of itself and helped to bring that city back to

The next period of active duty was at Columbia Mine from November 21 to November 29, 1927, during the socalled "Wobbly" coal strike. One of the first units to arrive in the field, Company "F" performed its duties of

patrolling, guard and reconnaissance with high spirit and efficiency under the command of Captain Brooks O.

Custer.

High standards of training in all branches have been maintained, with special emphasis on drill and marksmanship. There have been from two to four members from this unit on each Camp Perry Team from the Colorado National Guard. The Colonel Rufus A. Johnson Armory Inspection Trophy was won for three successive years. Four years in ten the Hogle Trophy for the Best Drilled Individual Soldier was won by a Company "F" man, while Best Drilled Squad title has been awarded nine in eleven contests. Captain Roger M. Crosby has been in command since September, 1929.

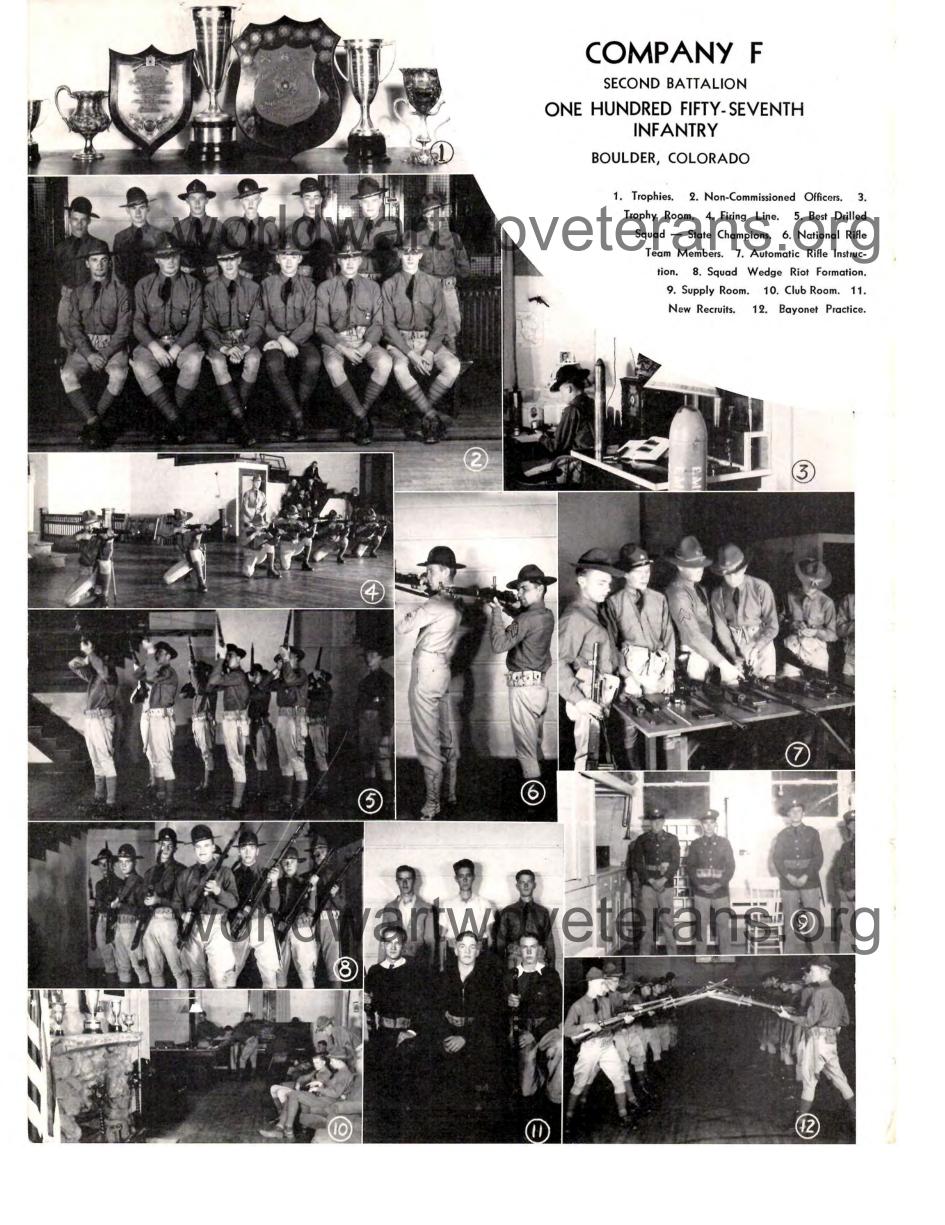


FIRST Row: D. Davenport, H. Kilburg, G. Woods, F. Mill, J. Stephens, R.

SECOND J. Englund, G. Woolbrinek, G. Burger, B. Buckle, R. Sauer, I. Hayes, D. Stoddard, R. Olson.

THIRD ROW: M. Shirk, D. Moore, L. Pulliam, W. Johnson, H. Fitzner, C. Ardourel, L. Callow, W. Campbell, M. Brown W. Jolliffe.









First Row: G. R. Plumb, R. M. Hill, R. L. Selbe, C. A. Reed, V. W. Johnston, F. R. Miller, W. D. Thompson, H. V. Kistner, Jr., A. B. Ownbey, R. A. Pearson.

Second Row: G. O. Edwards, R. R. Alexander, E. H. Hovde, M. J. Tomich, W. W. Martenson, F. M. Henderson, A. W. Binard, D. E. Harvey, R. A. Harvey, E. R. Peppler, L. A. Pedigo.

Third Row: L. W. Hinton, D. C. Thompson, R. E. Beckett, Jr., L. M. Logie, J. W. Rose, E. L. Lamb, B. E. Carroll, D. R. Barnsley, Jr., K. R. Thomas, H. P. Flinn, D. R. Heggem.

COMPANY "G"

Second Battalion

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Captain DAN R. BARNSLEY, Company Commander First Lieutenant Kenneth H. Conner Second Lieutenant CLIVE E. Webb

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICER

First Sergeant Gerald R. Plumb

CORPORALS

Barnes, Clay A. Carroll, Boye E.
Barnsley, Dan R., Jr. Garrett, Francis B.
Carr, Harold V. Montgomery, Donald E.

THOMAS, KENNETH R.

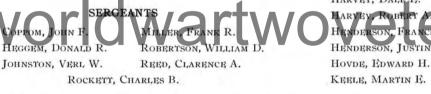
PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

ALEXANDER, HECTOR B., JR. HOVDE, MELVIN C.
BINARD, ANDREW W. LANHAM, LLOYD E.
BROCK, FRANCIS L. MCPHILLIPS, MILES E.
COFFEY, JOHN E. OSTRANDER, LAVERN W.
EDWARDS, GLENN O. OWNBEY, FRANCIS B.
HILL, ROBERT M. PEDIGO, LEE A.
HINTON, LLOYD W. SELBE, REXFORD L.

PRIVATES

AKERS, STEPHEN E.
ALEXANDER, ROBERT R.
BECKETT, REXFORD E., JR.
BISHOPP, STEPHEN D., JR.
CHANDLER, LEE A.
DAVIS, JACK A.
DIX, MARION L.
DONLEY, FRANK O.
FLINT, AUSTIN G.
FLINN, HARVEY P.
FRENCK, FRANK L., JR.
HANSEN, HOWARD A.
HART, HARRY E., JR.
HARVEY, DALE E.

KIRKPATRICK, HOWARD V.
KISTNER, ELDRED I.
KISTNER, HENRY V., JR.
LAMB, ELWIN L.
LOGIE, LOYD M.
MARTENSON, WILLARD W.
OWNBEY, AMOS B.
PEDEN, MARTIN D.
PEPPLER, EDWARD R.
REYER, VERNON D.
RIDDELL, ROBERT J., JR.
ROSE, JOHN W.
RYAN, DON L.
STEVENS, MAX J.



Thomas, Robert B.
Thompson, Donald C.
Thompson, W. Donald
Tomich, Max J.
Willington, William E, Jr.

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH

HISTORY

This unit was originally formed at Longmont, Colorado April 2, 1928, as Headquarters Company, Second Battalion, 157th Infantry with a strength of thirty men and two officers, after being transferred from Denver, Colorado. During the administration of Col. Paul P. Newton as Adjutant General 1st Lt. Leo A. Noble was commanding officer, and 2nd. Lt. Bernard A. Faller was Communications Officer.

Upon the resignation of Lt. Noble, May 1, 1929, 2nd Lt. Bernard A. Faller assumed command and was promoted to First Lieutenant Battalion. Sgt. Maj. Dan R. Barnsley was commissioned Second Lieutenant Communications Officer. Under command of Lt. Faller, the unit became very efficient in communications and won the Regimental Commanders trophy for standing the best Armory Inspection for the years 1930, 1931, 1932. The trophy became the permanent property of the unit upon being won three consecutive years.

On March 15, 1934, 1st. Lt. Faller was promoted to Captain Inspector Generals Department and 1st. Lt. Dan R. Barnsley assumed command of the unit. Bn. Sgt. Maj. Kenneth H. Conner was promoted to Second Lieutenant Communications Officer. On January 1,

1938 Headquarters Company, Second Battalion, 3157th Infantry was redesignated Company "G", 157th Infantry with an authorized strength of sixty-three men and three officers. The unit was soon recruited to full strength and Sgt. Clive E. Webb was commissioned Second Lieutenant, Infantry as the additional officer. On June 1, 1938, 1st Lt. Dan R. Barnsley was promoted to Captain and 2nd Lt. Kenneth H. Conner was promoted to First Lieutenant.

had the full cooperation and backing of the community of Longmont, with a great many prominent citizens displaying great interest in the progress and welfare of the



SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

First Row: S. E. Akers, L. W. Ostrander, J. A. Davis, L. A. Chandler, W. D. Robertson, M. E. Keele, F. B. Ownbey, M. J. Stevens, F. B. Garrett.

Second Row: J. F. Coppom, H. E. Hart, Jr., J. M. Marlow, L. E. Lanham, H. B. Alexander, Jr., C. B. Rockett, A. G. Flint, H. V. Carr, H. V. Kirkpatrick, S. D. Bishopp, Jr., J. E. Coffey.

Third Row: F. L. Frenck, Jr., E. I. Kistner, F. L. Brock, B. E. Robinson, J. P. Rademacher, M. E. McPhillips M. D. Peden, R. B. Thomas, V. D. Reyer, J. M. Henderson, D. L. Ryan, C. A. Barnes.



INFANTRY-LONGMONT, COLORADO

COMPANY "H"

Second Battalion

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS Captain First Lieut Second Lieutena

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICER

First Sergeant FLOYD E. BRENNEMAN

SERGEANTS

DAWSON, MERLE E. GOODPASTURE, ROBERT A. HAMILTON, WILLIAM H. WOODARD, GERALD V.

LORD, EARL E. PINGREE, HERBERT E. SPIGHT, WILLIAM A.

CORPORALS

ELLIOTT, ELMER F. PINGREE, CHARLES R. PINGREE, NELSON D. PRICE, JERALD C.

STANDAGE, ARTHUR J. SHOAF, RAYMOND SCHUKAR, ARTHUR J. TANNER, DEAN H.

Woodard, John H. PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

BIESEN, BRUCE R. BOHART, HAROLD E. DROGE, FRED W. GRAY, VERNE R. HARBISON, ARTHUR E.

MCMILLIN, JOE K. McMillin, Leon H. NICKOL, PAUL W. OBERG, DALE E. O'LAUGHLIN, DENNIS J. SPIGHT, CHESTER C.

McGuire, Roy B. WILLIAMS, WAYNE H.

BETCHEL, ELLIS H. BLANK, PAT BRANDT, WILLIAM P. CLERKIN, FRANCIS P. CORNERS, ALBERT C. CROMER, ELMO F. CROE, DONALD O. DANIEL, JOHN F. EVANS, ELBERT E. FILE, ORLAND R.

BEESEN, FRANK H.

GRAHAM, OWEN R. HAVEN, CLIFORD W. HAYNES, RAYMOND E.

HOSTETLER, HAROLD R. HOUT, LEE L. HOVDE, MELVIN C.

JACKSON, PAUL

JONES, HOWARD J. JURGENS, DONOVAN C. KRAMER, RONALD V.

Majors, Clovis W. MILLER, RICHARD W. MOORE, ROBERT F. NOWACK, ROBERT H. SCHOLZ, KENNETH C. SCHUKAR, ELMER O. SHAFFER, STILLMAN C. SHAFFER, VERNON L. SULLIVAN, EDWARD M. SWARTZ, ALVIN J. THOMAS, GEORGE L. VALDEZ, BERNARD WALLACE, ROBERT A. WEBB, CLIFFORD L. WHITE, PARKER G. WOODARD, FRED M.

Burgess, Jack L. STEWARD, HAROLD D.

JESSER, ROBERT F.

COLLOPY, CHARLES T.

WOODARD, EARLE L.

LOCKMAN, FRED

SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

First Row: G. Nortors, G. Woodard, A. Schukar, E. Elliott, W. Spight, H. Pingree, J. Woodard, P. Nickol. Second Row: K. Scholz, B. Kindrick, R. Ashley, B. Biesen, C. Pingree, F. Biesen, D. Oberg, V. Gray. Third Row: H. Bohart, H. Harbison, R. Nowack, D. O'Laughlin, J. McMillin, W. Williams, M. Horde, L. Hout, C. Spight.





First Row: R. Shoaf, F. Brenneman, K. Standage, N. Pingree, R. Goodpasture, W. Hamilton, E. Lord, H. Hostetler. Second Row: T. Saracino, C. Collopy, J. Price, G. Thomas, F. Droge, D. Croe, J. Daniel, D. Tanner. Third Row: P. Jackson, A. Miller, R. Haynes, L. McMillin, R. McGuire, S. Shaffer, B. Valdez, R. Miller, O. File, R. Mohs.

HISTORY

This unit was organized in 1921, by Rudolph J. Seyfried and Raymond W. Combs, and was Federally recognized June 17, 1921. Mr. Seyfried was elected Captain and Mr. Combs was elected Second Lieutenant. They were commissioned Captain and Second Lieutenant respectively, and Federally recognized June 17, 1921. Captain Seyfried was to be the first Commanding Officer and Lt. Combs was to report to Captain Seyfried for duty. Captain Seyfried's successors were; Capt. Raymond W. Combs, Capt. Charles M. Ross, 1st Lt. Zenas P. Combs, Capt. Chester E. Margrave and the present Captain, a charter member of the organization, Capt. Preston J. C. Murphy. The other active officers are: 1st Lt. Charles J. O'Laughlin and 2nd Lt. Charles W. Thomas. All officers, without exception, have first enlisted and served as enlisted men in the organization. Capt. Seyfried and Lt. Combs were particularly interested in marksmanship and under their leadership, teams from this unit won the rifle competition on two occasions. This marksmanship ability has become tradition and while the unit does not habitually enter the rifle competition, they entered and won the Rifle Marks-

manship Trophy in 1934.

The Company has concentrated on the Pistol competition, having won every match that has been conducted, and is now in possession of two, three-year cups, with a leg on another. With the coming of an allowance of Pistol ammunition, this activity will be resumed.

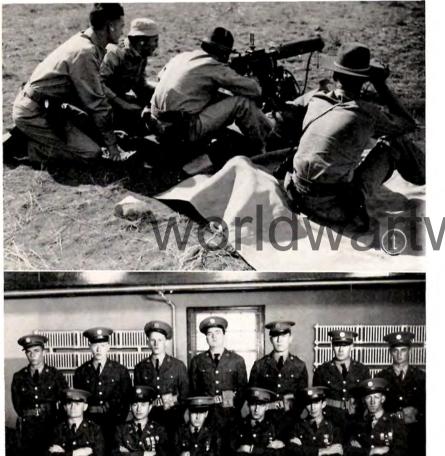
1st Sergeant Norton A. Orr won the Hogle Trophy,

best drilled individual, in 1933 and his brother, Sergeant Robert L. Orr repeated the following year and was runner-up the next year. The Company won the Spanish War Veterans Trophy two different years. This unit was ordered to active duty on two occasions; one for Coal Strike Duty, June 29, 1922 to July 13, 1922, they did not leave their home station; the next for the same purpose on November 21, 1927. Many of the members were students at the Colorado Agricultural College, and were excused after one week's service. The balance of the Company were relieved piecemeal until March 8, 1928 when all troops were relieved.

The high standard set up by the original organization has been maintained. They have been rated as "Very Satisfactory" at every Federal Inspection and will strive to continue this record.



ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY --- FORT COLLINS, COLO.





SECOND BATTALION

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH **INFANTRY**

FORT COLLINS, COLORADO
PETERANS.OFG

- 1. Machine Gun Crew in Action.
- 2. Non-Commissioned Officers.
- 3. Machine Gun Crew in Action.
- 4. Firing Line.
- 5. Machine Gun Crew in Action.
- 6. Firing on the Pistol Range.











OFFICERS

Third Battalion

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY



KARL F. STOLZ Second Lieutenant Headquarters Company

ASA E. CALVIN Captain Company "I"

HERBY L. JOHNSON First Lieutenant Company "I"



FLOYD G. POWELL Major Commanding Third Battalion

CLARENCE I. BOESE Second Lieutenant Company "I"

AVERY S. KELLER Captain Company "K" HAROLD C. JOHNSON First Lieutenant Company "K" HARRY R. LIVINGSTON Second Lieutenant Company "K"

CLINTON E. BLAUER
Captain
Company "L"













ARNOLD B. HUBBARD First Lieutenant Company "L"



RAYMOND B. HADACHEK Second Lieutenant Company "L"



GEORGE A. IRVIN Captain Company "M"



ELMER; L. KNIGHT First Lieutenant Company "M"



RALPH W. BOWYER Second Lieutenant Company "M"



FIRST Row: C. W. O'Mara, H. B. Starbuck, V. C. Brooks, L. F. Starbuck, H. V. Hartley, A. H. Funk, G. B. Bristol, R. W. Reedy.

SECOND Row: V. Meisinger, J. J. Trostel, W. R. Rickards, J. L. Nelson, L. D. Funk, A. C. Hight, O. S. Hosey, J. Lutz.



Headquarters

THIRD BATTALION

BRIGHTON, COLORADO

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

First Lieutenant Karl, F. Stolz Second Lieutenant (Vacant)

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICER

Staff Sergeant ALFRED H. FUNK

SERGEANTS

HARTLEY, HAROLD V. KANOUSE, WAYNE L.

O'MARA, CLARENCE W. STARBUCK, LEE F.

CORPORALS

Brady, Roy E. Bristol, George B.

Brooks, Vernon C. Starbuck, Harold B.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

Funk, Lewis D. Lutz, John

REEDY, RUSSEL W. TROSTEL, JOSEPH J.

PRIVATES

BAILEY, RICHARD L. HIGHT, ALGIE C. HOSEY, KENNETH R. HOSEY, ORA S.

Lehr, Henry S. Meisinger, Victor NELSON, JIM L. RICKARDS, WARREN R. WAGNER, REUBEN

HISTORY

Headquarters Company, Third Battalion, 157th Infantry, was organized in Brighton, Colorado, as Company "K", 157th Infantry and Federally recognized May 25, 1921, Captain Harold B. Moore commanding, with 1st Lt. Gerald F. McCann and 2nd Lt. Raymond H. Sisson. Drills were held in Wire's Hall, also known as "The

Harold B. Moore to mobilize the company (at that time Company "K", 157th Infantry) for active duty in the Flood Area at Pueblo, Colorado, and was relieved June 20, 1921.

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY

March 22, 1922 the State Armory was dedicated. The company, moving from Wire's Hall, carried on drills in the new Armory.

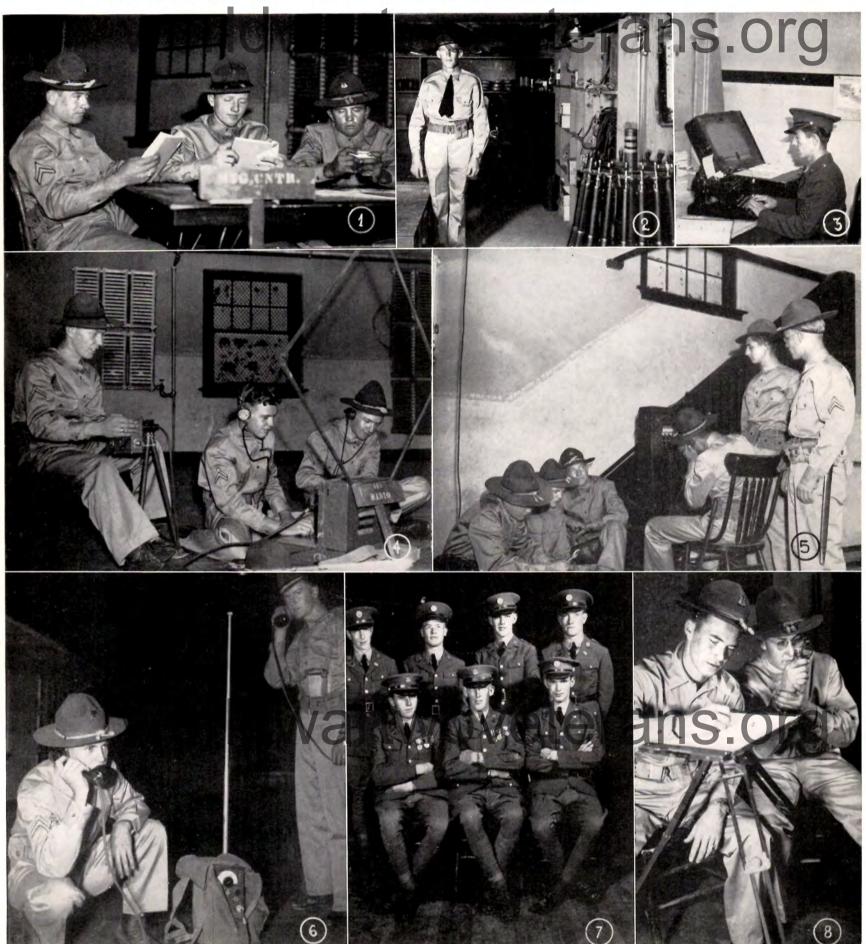
June 24, 1922, Company "K" was again ordered to active duty for the coal strike at Frederick, Colorado, by Special Orders No. 32, being relieved June 25, 1922 by Special Orders No. 33, only to be called again June 29, 1922 by Special Orders No. 34, to assemble at the Armory, remaining assembled there until July 18, 1922. Special Orders No. 39 relieved the company from active duty Orders No. 39 relieved the company from active duty.
1st Lt. Gerald A. McCann's resignation effective July
1, 1922, 1st Sgt. Harry D. Connor became First Lieu-

tenant, by Special Orders No. 34.

2nd Lt. Raymond H. Sisson resigning, Special Orders No. 39, July 18, 1922, Sgt. Eldon P. Sutton was promoted to Second Lieutenant, Special Orders No. 40.
October 26, 1923, Capt. Harold B. Moore resigned and 1st Lt. Harry D. Conner was promoted to Captain in Command, by Special Orders No.

(Continued on page 150)

1. Message Center. 2. Supply Room. 3. Orderly Room. 4. Radio Section. 5. Switch Board. 6. Radio Section. 7. Non-Commissioned Officers. 8. Intelligence Section.





FIRST Row: M. M. Stubbs, G. W. Hogate, W. W. With, F. E. Havlat, C. C. Burrious, E. J. Zimmerman, G. W. Critchfield. SECOND ROW: L. M. Bushart, L. H. Conger, B. F. Litty, H. J. Havlat, D. E. Johnson, H. W. Sellman, B. H. Williams, E. F. Korbelik. Third Row: G. H. McNeill, J. E. Hendricks, H. Y. Hoskin, R. H. Bey, M. Furuseth, R. T. Davis, V. R. Loyd, M. A. Andrews, W. F. McNeill.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Captain Asa E. Calvin First Lieutenant Herby L. Johnson Second Lieutenant CLARENCE I. BOESE

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICER

First Sergeant DWIGHT E. JOHNSON

SERGEANTS

Andrews, Marion A.

BYER, FRED A.

HAUGHEY, WILLIAM A. HENDRICKS, JOHN E.

DAVIS, RAYMOND T.

SELL, HAROLD L.

SELLMAN, HOWARD W.

Bushart, Lora M.

FURUSETH, MARTIN

SMITH, EDMUND L.

HAVLAT, HENRY J.

WEBER, FARIS F.

Hoskin, Henry Y.

WITH, WILLARD W.

FIFTY - SEVENTH ONE HUNDRED



FIRST ROW: A. W. Reynolds, F. F. Weber, E. L. Smith, A. S. Bauder, R. L. Rice, G. A. Hopkins, F. A. Byer. Second Row: J. D. Williams, R. J. Zimmerman, H. L. Myers, W. G. Smith, W. H. Seelhoff, G. D. Pickerell, J. L. Critchfield, F. H. Seelhoff. Third Row: E. F. Pavel, G. C. Senti, M. P. Murphey, O. R. Rickman, M. J. Kiper, H. L. Callaway, W. N. Hogate, R. A. Engelke, J. B. Ford,

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

BAUDER, ALBERT S. ENGELKE, RAYMOND A. HAVLAT, FRANK E. HOGATE, GEORGE W. KLOOZ, CLARENCE F. LITTY, BERNARD F.

LOYD, VIRGIL R. MCNEILL, WILLIAM F. SELL, WAYNE A. SELLMAN, EDWIN J. SMITH, TERRANCE L. WILCOX, DEWEY E.

ZEIBIG, WILLIAM A., JR.

PRIVATES

BEY, RAYMOND H. BURRIOUS, CLIFFORD C. CALLAWAY, HAROLD L. CHAMBERS, CLARENCE H. CHRISTOPHER, ROBERT S. CLEMANS, OSCAR E. CONGER, LOYD H. CRITCHFIELD, GEORGE W. CRITCHFIELD, JACK L. EICHER, IVO H. FORD, JUSTICE B. GUTHRIE, ROBERT HICKMAN, HOGATE, H HOGATE, WILLIAM N HOPKINS, GLEN A. KIPER, MILES J. McNeill, George H. MILLSAP, GERALD H.

MURPHEY, MICHEAL P. Myers, Harold L. PAVEL, EVEREST F. PICKERELL, GAYLE D. REYNOLDS, ALVIE W. RICE, ROBERT L. RICKMAN, ORRIN R. SEELHOFF, FRANK H. SEELHOFF, WALTER H. SENTI, GENE C. SENTI, LEE B.

VALLIN, DONALD H. WILLIAMS, BOB H. WILLIAMS, JOSEPH D. ZIMMERMAN, EDWIN J. ZIMMERMAN, RAYMOND J.

HISTORY

Company "I", 157th Infantry, Colorado National Guard was disbanded at Longmont, Colorado, on November 6, 1924, for the purpose of being reorganized at Burlington, Colorado.

Federal recognition of the new unit at Burlington, was

given by the War Department on November 10, 1924.
When Company "I" was organized at Burlington, three officers and fifty-five enlisted men were mustered into the service. The first officers of the company were Capt. Irving K. Browning, 1st Lt. Max S. Underhill and

2nd Lt. Royden S. Hook.

At this time, Company "I" was housed in a one story, concrete building, which had been remodeled and converted for use as an Armory. The citizens of Burlington purchased a site for a new Armory, and on December 10, 1926 A. D., the corner stone was laid for a new and modern Armory, by the Most Worshipful Grand Lodge A. F. & A. M. of Colorado, amid appropriate ceremonies.

The building was erected by the Military Board of Colorado, at a cost of \$41,200.00.

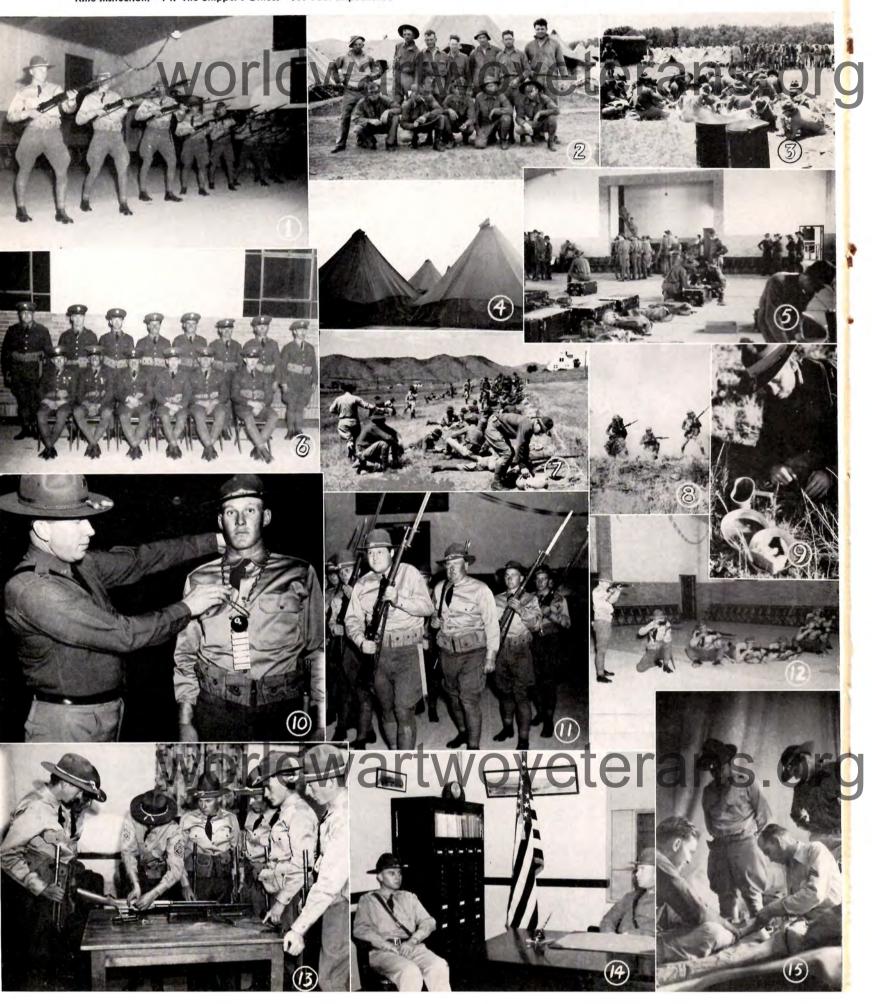
The building was completed, and dedicatory exercises were hold on May 19, 1927. At the exercises, Colonel Arthur L. Hart, the Regimental Commander, represented the Governor and the State of Colorado.

Capt. Irving K. Browning resigned as Commander of the Company on July 1, 1926 and was succeeded by 1st (Continued on page 150)

INFANTRY --- BURLINGTON, COLORADO

COMPANY I
THIRD BATTALION, ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY
BURLINGTON, COLORADO

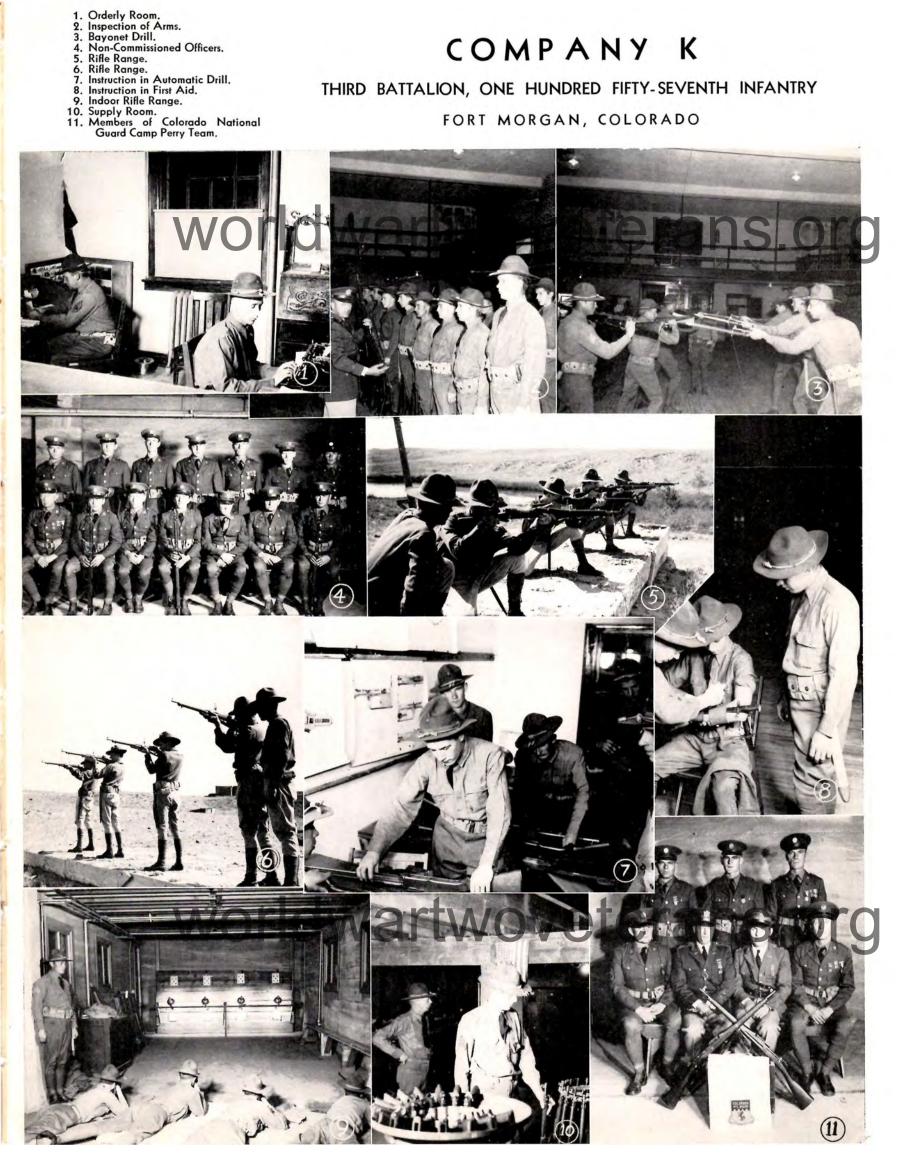
1. Bayonet Drill. 2. Whiskers. 3. Mess at Bivouac. 4. Reveille. 5. Packing. 6. Non-Commissioned Officers. 7. Practice Firing. 8. Gas. 9. "And I'll Eat It!" 10. Presenting the Eight Ball Medal to McNeill. 11. Squad Wedge. 12. Firing Position. 13. Automatic Rifle Instruction. 14. The Skipper's Office. 15. Foot Inspection.

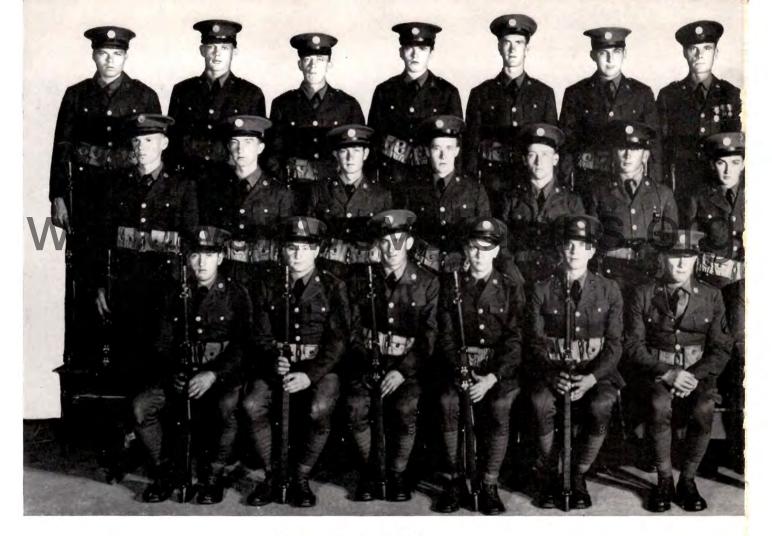


COMPANY K

THIRD BATTALION, ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY

FORT MORGAN, COLORADO





First Row: A. Bauer, G. Rigle, M. J. Doyle, G. M. Dove, D. R. Williams, G. H. Dennis, T. H. Buchholz, Glenn Holzworth. Second Row: K. Sleeth, A. Wickman, K. L. Massengale, R. J. Sweet, L. G. Canfield, M. G. Mitchell, M. Childs, R. W. Steele, M. H. Suttle.

THIRD ROW: C. G. Holzworth, R. E. Barker, B. B. Florey, R. M. Horner, R. Hauge, M. C. Martin, J. S. Wentz, R. A. Johnston, Jr., A. A. Davey, K. M. Roe,

COMPANY ''K'

Third Battalion

CORPORALS

BARKER, LEE E.

HAUGE, RUSSELL

BAUER, ALEC

MARTIN, MELVIN C.

DENNIS, EARLE W.

SLEETH, KIETH

WILLIAMS, DELBERT R.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Cook, Carl Barker, Roy E.

HOLZWORTH, CARROLL G. HOLZWORTH, CHARLES G. SUTTLE, MAURICE H.

Dennis, George H. Su Wentz, John S.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

CANFIELD, LESLIE G.

LAMKIN, CLARENCE H

DAVEY, RABERT S.

MENG, GILBERT L.

FISHER, CARL
HALL, ALMIRON P.
HORNER, RICHARD M.

NICHOLSON, LEVI L.

RANDELS, ALLEN J.

ROE, KENNETH M.

Humbard, Charles V.

STEELE, RODERICK W.

WICKMAN, ABE

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY



HISTORY

The city of Fort Morgan, located upon the site of, and named after an army fort of the Indian war days, traces its military organizations back to 1886, just two years after settlers started moving into what was then known as "Morgan Flats."

March, 1886, as Company "I", First Colorado Infantry of the National Guard. History shows that several companies were mustered into and out of service during the period between 1886 and 1916, but the company designation remained as Company "I" through the World War, in which the unit served overseas, until the regiment was reorganized in 1921 when the Company was changed to a machine gun unit and designated Company "M" of the 157th Infantry.

On February 1, 1929, the unit was again changed to a rifle company and designated Company "K". On December 1, 1931, it was mustered out of service and a new company mustered in on March 22, 1932.

The present company emphasizes rifle markmanship and has developed some of the outstanding rifle shots in the Colorado National Guard. The small bore team has taken first place medals among the teams of the state, participating in the annual small bore match of the National Guard Bureau for five of the last seven years. The Company has placed three men or more on the Camp Perry team each year since 1934, and now has more graduates of the Advanced Course of the Small Arms Firing School at Camp Perry than any other unit in the State.

Cans.org

PRIVATES

AXTELL, SAMUEL E. BROWN, BILLIE W. BROWN, JAMES E. CHILDS, MILTON COLUMBIA, KENNETH W. DAVEY, ALBERT A. DAVIS, DANIEL P. DAVIS, SAMUEL W. DOYLE, MIKE J. DOYLE, PATRICK G. DOVE, GORDON M.

Anderson, Orval D.

ISAAC, JIM W. JOHNSTON, RUFUS A., JR. KUHN, ALBERT E. MASSENGALE, KENNETH L. McClurkin, Millard E. MITCHELL, MARVIN G. Moore, Dale W. REIBER, HENRY, JR. RIGLE, GEORGE SEXTON, DEAN E. SHONSEY, TOM H. SHRADER, ARTHUR W. SPRAGUE, ERNEST D. SWEET, ROBERT J. TAYLOR, GEORGE H.

GAMMEL, ARTHUR HACK, LUCIUS G. HANDSEL, HAROLD E.

DULEBOHN, GEORGE G.

FLOREY, BUN B.

FLYNN, MYRON L.

WHITE, LEROY C.

YOUNKIN, CLARENCE E.

YURICK, JOHN

FORT MORGAN, COLORADO



First Row: P. Lantos, G. W. Alexander, S. Lantos, A. R. Eikenbary, W. E. Hagan, E. E. Defenbaugh.

SECOND ROW: J. C. Peters, V. A. Sauerbreit, G. R. Wilson, J. G. Simmonds, T. E. Garrett, E. W. Kraft, V. O. Marquardt.

THIRD ROW: R. E. Sand, C. E. Smith, T. Davidson, V. L. Williams, A. Vincent, D. L. Wright, T. F. Hagan, R. R. Culley.

COMPANY "I"

Third Battalion

CULLEY, RAYMOND R.

BRUSH, COLORADO

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Captain CLINTON E. BLAUER First Lieutenant Arnold B. Hubbard Second Lieutenant RAYMOND B. HADACHECK

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

First Sergeant ROBERT O. TENNANT

SERGEANTS

HALL, RICHARD D. MESSER, CLYDE B. JOHANSON, BERNARD O. SAUERBRIGHT, VICTOR A. LANTOS, PAUL

TOMPKINS, BURTON C.

VINCENT, ALBERT

CORPORALS

ALEXANDER, GEORGE W. ARMSTRONG, WILBERT L. DAVIDSON, THEODORE EIKENBARY, ALBERT R.

HAGAN, RAYMOND A. HAGAN, THOMAS F. HAYS, GEORGE E. WRIGHT, DAVID I..

PRIVATES, FIRST CLASS

ARMSTRONG, ROBERT L. BUCKRIDGE, JOHN L.

LANTOS, STEVE PETERS, JOHN C.

HANSEN, JOHN P. HAYS, MARVYN

KRAFT, EDWARD W.

STOLTZ, CLARENCE W. WEHRLY, GEORGE G. WILLIAMS, VERE L.

HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY ONE

PRIVATES

ANSPAUCH, RUDOLPH F. CAMPBELL, LYNNWOOD R. CUMMIN, ORVILLE J. DEFENBAUGH, ELMER E. EDDY, RUSSELL A. ELLING, JOHN A. FOXX, EVERETT A. GARRETT, THOMAS E. HAGAN, HARRY HAGAN, W HART, GEORGE P. KROUT, HOWARD D. LADD, LLOYD N. MACE, WARD A. MARQUARDT, CLYDE B. MARQUARDT, VIRGIL O. MCALISTER, LAURENCE M. MITCHELL, LOUIS E.

Morey, George A. PARSONS, RAY C. PERRY, VERLYN W. PIGGOTT, LEROY T. PISHNA, GORDON G. SAND, CHARLES A. SAND, ROBERT E. SCHRADER, LESLIE V.

SIMMONDS, JOE G. TENNANT, THOMAS O. TETER, ELLIOT A. THULIN, GAYLORD C. WALL, ORIN W. WICKIZER, BURLUE E. WILCOX, MELVIN H. WILLIAMS, GORDON E.

WILSON, GILBERT R.

SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

FIRST ROW: E. A. Foxx, G. G. Pishna, B. O. Johanson, L. N. Ladd, C. R. Fanning.

SECOND ROW: C. B. Messer, L. F. Fanning, W. L. Armstrong, R. O. Tennant, W. A. Mace, H. C. Hagan, C. B. Marquardt.

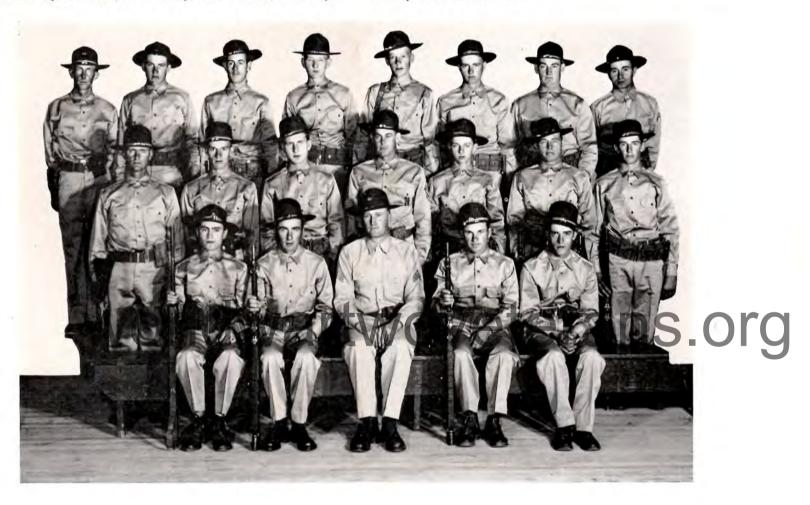
THIRD ROW: O. L. Ray, E. D. Garrett, R. L. Armstrong, O. Cummin, J. P. Hansen, G. G. Wehrly, B. E. Wickizer, G. E. Hays.

HISTORY

Company "L" originally was organized in Brush in 1904. Following the World War it was reorganized and re-recognized June 1, 1921. During the very process of the reorganization in 1921, the company was ordered to duty in Pueblo, Colorado, during the flood at that city, in June, where, under a large nucleus of World War veterans, it acquitted itself commendably. Capt. Loran Bates, later mayor of the city, was the first commanding officer

ordered to duty during the riots and disorders at Colum-

bine Mine, at Serene, Colorado, where it served with distinction under trying circumstances, under the command of Capt. Patrick H. Kastler. The organization has served continuously since its reorganization in 1921 without asking for or requiring waivers for any conditions. Numerous pennants and other prizes and citations throughout the years attest to the high standard of excellence set by its first officers and carried on by their successors to this date. The present commanding officer, Capt. Clinton E. Blauer was one of the original organizers in 1921. This officer rejoined the company as a lieutenant in 1936, and assumed command as a Captain on March 15, 1937. Commanding officers in order from 1921 are as follows: Capt. Loran Bates, Capt. Ervin Lowe, Capt. Duane Hartshorn, Capt. Patrick H. Kastler, Capt. Orvest G. Lewis, Lt. Arnold Hubbard, Capt. Clinton E. Blauer. The company has had the enthusiastic support of the community since its inception and its personnel has consistently cooperated with the community in all its activities.



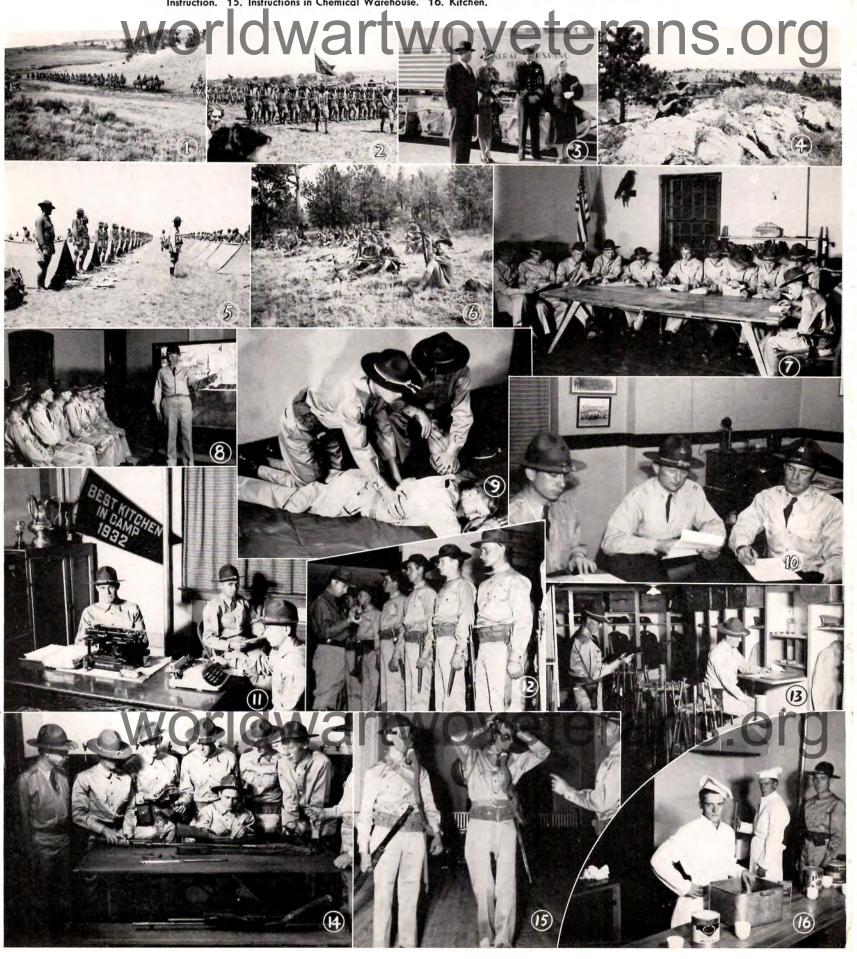
COMPANY L

THIRD BATTALION

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY

BRUSH, COLORADO

1. Going Out on Bivouac. 2. Passing in Review. 3. Crown Prince and Princess of Denmark Visiting Ebeneezer Sanitarium. 4. In Action at Pole Mountain. 5. Displaying Equipment. 6. Resting at Pole Mountain. 7. Non-Commissioned Officers at School. 8. Map Reading Instruction. 9. First Aid. 10. Headquarters. 11. Orderly Room. 12. Arms Inspection. 13. Supply Room. 14. Automatic Rifle Instruction. 15. Instructions in Chemical Warehouse. 16. Kitchen.



COMPANY M

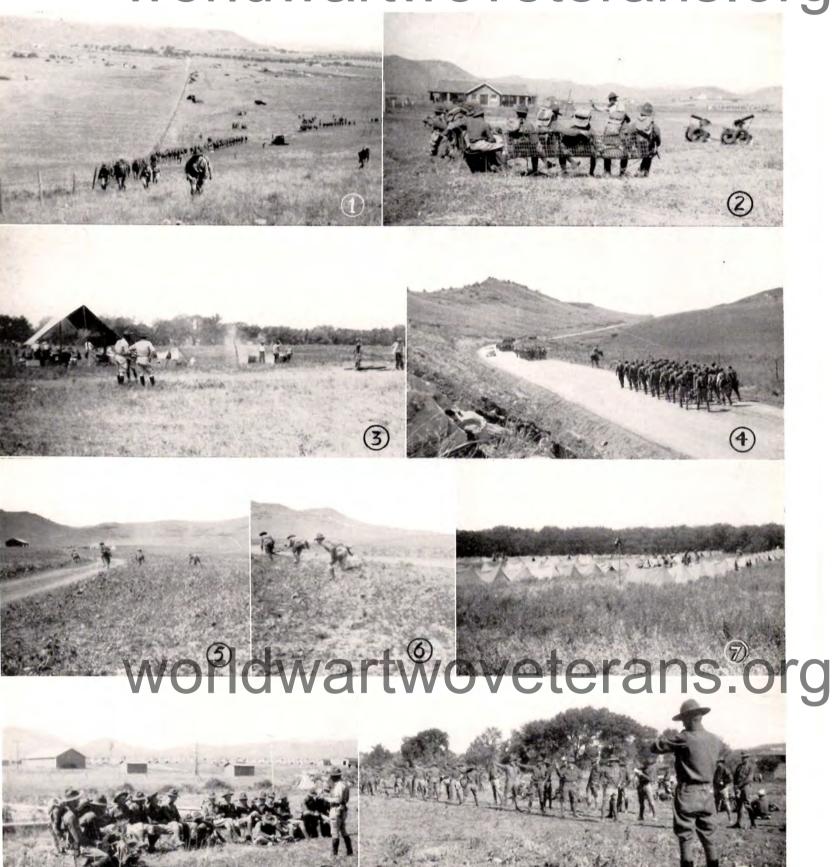
THIRD BATTALION

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY

GREELEY, COLORADO

- 1. Field Maneuvers.
- 2. Instruction Group.
- Field Barracks.
 On the March.
- 5. Combat Range.6. Combat Range.
- 7. Field Barracks. 8. Instruction Group.

9. Pistol Tryouts. veterans.org







First Row: R. C. Stenson,
J. L. Cooper, W. C. Brown, L. E.
Bover, J. E. Patterson, R. D.
Kuy, W. A. Johnson, R. A.
Bethke.

SECOND ROW: E. M. Bible, P. J. Durst, W. G. Hamilton, W. T. Barnes, E. E. Thompson, C. A. E. Swanson, E. E. Clayton, C. W. Steinsiek.

THIRD ROW: R. S. Patterson, C. W. Porter, R. F. Snider, S. V. Medigovich, W. M. Cline, S. A. Reed, W. H. Davis, R. R. Blakey.

COMPANY "M"

Third Battalion

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Captain George A. Irvin
First Lieutenant Elmer L. Knight
Second Lieutenant RALPH W. BOWYER

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

First Sergeant L. Fred Gilchrist

SERGEANTS

BETHKE, PAUL G.
COOPER, ORVILLE J.
JOHNSON, WALTER A.
KAY, ROSS D.

KLEIN, EDWIN A.
SLYTER, ROBERT C.
SUMNER, PAUL E.
WADDINGHAM, GEORGE

CORPORALS

BICKLING, NORMAN M. ROBRINS, W. FREEMAN
DAMATO, NEIL J. STENSON, RUSSELL C.
HAMILTON, WILLIAM G. SWANSON, CLARENCE A. E.

REHWOLDT, VICTOR J. WILLIAMS, IVAN C.

WILSON, J. R., JR.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

BARNES, WILLIAM T. HAYS, WAYNE E. BIBLE, EDWARD M. LONG, G. WILLIAM BODENHAUSEN, OTTO A. McFetridge, James R. BRUNELL, HOWARD W. MEDIGOVICH, STEVE V. CARVER, KENNETH H. PORTER, CLARENCE W. COOPER, JAMES L. RICE, CHARLES A. CLAYTON, ERNEST E. ROBB, KENNETH R. DAUM, ALVIN A. SHAW, EDWARD J. DAUM, CHARLES W. STEINSIEK, CLYDE W.

ZARLENGO, JOHNNIE

PRIVATES

BLAKEY, ROBIN R. McLaughlin, Parnell, R. BOYER, LEONARD E. MILLER, SEWARD W. Brooks, Douglas M. MOTHERSHEAD, STANLEY P. Brown, W. Charles PATTERSON, JAMES E. BUNTING, JAMES W. PATTERSON, R. SCOTT BYRNS, RICHARD H. PAULSEN, CLINTON H. CLINE, WILLIS M. PRICE, J. WOODROW DAVIS, WARREN H. REED, SIDNEY A. DURST, PAUL J. RICHARDSON, EDGEL W. ECKHARDT, HALDNMUTH J. ROBBINS, HOWARD L. FRANCIS, CREIGHTON R. ROBBINS, ROBERT E. Goff, Kenneth R. SHAFER, DEAN W. GORMLEY, OLIVER SNIDER, ROY F. GRIFFITH, C. ERNEST SPATH, JOSEPH D.

MARTIN, EUGENE E. TAYLOR, COID C.

McDowell, James I. Thompson, Eugene E.

McGregor, John T. Wallace, Willard G.

SWINGLER, MAROLD H.

TAYLOR, COID C.

THOMPSON, EUGENE E.

STEPHENS, ROBERT

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH

HISTORY

Company "M", 157th Infantry, Colorado National Guard, has been stationed in Greeley, Colorado, since February 1, 1929. Prior to that date, it had been located at Fort Morgan, Colorado, but came to Greeley in a change which involved the redesignation of units located at Greeley, Fort Morgan and Brighton. Prior to the date mentioned, Headquarters Company, Third Battalion, 157th Infantry, was located at Greeley; Company "K" was located at Brighton and Company "M" at Fort Morgan. In the shift, the Battalion Headquarters Company was moved to Brighton, Company "K" from Brighton to Fort Morgan, and Company "M" from Fort Morgan to Greeley.

Since its relocation, Company "M" has been commanded by Capt. George A. Irvin. Junior officers were originally 1st Lt. George Dauth, Jr. and 2nd Lt. Elmer L. Knight. Upon the death of Lt. Dauth in 1932, Lt. Knight was promoted to First Lieutenant and has continued until the present time in that grade. 2nd Lt. Paul McKinley served with the Company during the years of 1932-33; since 1934 2nd Lt. Ralph W. Boyer has completed the Company's officer personnel.

The unit is composed primarily of students at Colorado State College of Education. These men are attending the college with expectations of becoming public school and college teachers, and their experience in the Guard is most desirable both from the standpoint of the college and that of national defense in general.

Company "M" has always rated as one of the outstanding units of the 157th Infantry. It has, on several occasions, been designated "Governor's Own" and has, in connection, were planty special awards certifying to its

in competition, won many special awards certifying to its

Headquarters Company, Third Battalion, out of which the present company grew, was ordered to duty in the Northern Colorado area on November 27, 1927, and served meritoriously with other units of the Guard on duty during the 1927 Colorado coal strike.

The authorized strength of Company "M" from February 1, 1929 to September 25, 1939, was: one captain, one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant and sixty-three enlisted men. At the latter date, the authorized enlisted strength was increased to seventy-five men.



SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

First Row: J. T. McGregor, V. J. Rehwoldt, R. C. Slyter, I. C. Williams, L. F. Gilchrist, G. Waldingham, N. M. Bickling, N. J. Damato, O. A. Bodenhausen.

Second Row: S. P. Mothershead, W. E. Hays, C. W. Daum, W. G. Wallace, C. C. Taylor, E. J. Shaw, A. A. Daum, D. W. Shafer, D. M. Brooks, K. R. Robb, H. L. Robbins.

Third Row: C. R. Francis, J. I. McDowell, C. H. Paulsen, J. D. Spath, C. A. Rice, H. W. Brunell, K. H. Carver, E. W. Richardson, J. R. McFetridge, J. R. Wilson, Jr., P. E. Sumner.

INFANTRY --- GREELEY, COLORADO



First Row: F. B.
Barbera, H. P. Richards,
B. L. Horster, H. J.
Carper, S. J. Gonzales,
F. L. Shupe, F. J. Scordo.

SECOND ROW: D. H. Blair, W. T. Dillon, E. E. Mapes, W. S. White, L. J. Ward, W. R. Ahrendt, W. E. Riedel, M. Petrillo.

Third Row: N. Gatti F. J. Sparks, D. R. Madden, D. H. Dierks, C. R. Alder, E. E. Clark, R. E. Bosco, R. H. Kimsey, R. Younkin.

Medical DETACHMENT

DENVER, COLORADO



COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Major					SA	MU	EL	To	WBIN, Company Commander
Captain									COLO C. COMBS
Captain									THOMAS R. STANDER
Captain									NORMAN A. BRETHOUWER
First Lie	ute	nan	t						. WILLIAM W. CHAMBERS

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Staff Sergeant HAROLD J. CARPER (1st Sergeant)



CORPORALS

DILLON, WILLIAM T.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

AHRENDT, WILMAR R.
BLAIR, DONALD H.
BARBERA, FRANK B.
WARD, LANDIS J.

WARD, LANDIS J.

PRIVATES

Alder, Clyde R.
Cavaleri, Mike
Clark, Ed. F.
Enricki, Victor
Forster, Bud L.
Gatti, Nello
Gonzales, Seraphine J.
Lewis, Quenton T.

MADDEN, DAVID R.
MITCHELL, JACK E.
RICHARDS, EVERETT P.
SCORDO, FRANK J.
SHUPE, FRANK L.
SPARKS, FRANK J.
WHITE, WINFIELD S.
YOUNKIN, ROBERT

HISTORY

The entire Colorado National Guard had been drafted into Federal service August 5, 1917. Because the State was practically denuded of troops, subject to the call of the State authorities, it was deemed necessary to organize new units to take the place of those now in the United States service. After the 3rd Regiment of Infantry, Colorado National Guard, had been organized, Maj. Stemen, acting Chief Surgeon, was directed by order, to organize the Sanitary Detachment, 3rd Infantry, Colorado National Guard, with himself in command.

The enlisted men of the detachment were recruited from the existing Medical Detachment of the Colorado National Guard, and under date of December 2, 1918, the Chief of the Militia Bureau granted Federal recognition of the Sanitary Detachment, 3rd Infantry, Colorado National Guard, Denver, Colorado, as of November 27, 1918. The strength of the detachment at this

time was five officers and nineteen enlisted men.

ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY



COLO C. COMBS, DC THOMAS R. STANDER, Captain



NORMAN A. BRETHOUWER, MC Captain



SAMUEL TOWBIN, MC Major

From October through December, 1919, the Sanitary Detachment, 3rd Infantry, was on active duty with the regiment in connection with the Coal Miners' strike in both the Northern and Southern coal fields of the state.

Maj. W. E. Stemen, at his own request, was relieved from duty as Detachment Commander, Sanitary Detachment, 3rd Infantry, Colorado National Guard, on April 20, 1920, and Pvt. Lawrence C. Cook, of the detachment, was appointed Major, MC, Colorado National Guard, and assigned to command the detachment.

When the 3rd Infantry, Colorado National Guard was disbanded early in 1921, the Sanitary Detachment was

assigned to the First Provisional Battalion Infantry, Colorado National Guard, and when this organization was in turn disbanded, October 5, 1921, the existing units were assigned to the 177th Infantry, Colorado National Guard. On November 16, 1921, the 177th Infantry was re-designated the 157th (First Colorado) (Continued on page 150)



1. Non-Commissioned Officers.

3. Application of Thomas Splint.

Battalion Aid Station.
 Battalion Aid Station.



COAT OF ARMS: Approved November 13, 1928; amended January 19, 1929.

SHIELD: Gules, on a bend between a scorpion bendways and a sheathed Roman sword, point to base, or five fleur-de-lis paleways azure.

MOTTO: Accomplished with energy.

DESCRIPTION: The shield is red for Artillery. The bend is from the arms of the provinces of Lorraine and Champagne, and with the five fleur-de-lis, denotes the five major engagements in which (Continued on page 152)

WOEne Chambred Sixty Cights Terrans S. Org

DIVISION INSIGNIA: Approved August 29, 1922. A red and green rosebud upon a yellow field within a black McClellan stirrup approximately 2½ inches in height. (24th Cavalry Division).

ORGANIZED: as First Separate Battalion, Field Artillery, September 30, 1911, with two batteries as follows: Battery "A" organized as "Chaffee's Light Artillery" in 1878. Federal service in Spanish-American War, July 1, 1898; stationed at Fort Logan, Colorado and Fort Hancock, New Jersey; mustered out, November 7, 1898; reorganized as Battery "A" in November, 1898; Battery "B" organized July 17, 1911; Battery "C", organized May 31, 1916; Federal service on the Mexican Border July 7, 1914 to August 14, 1916; Batteries "B" and "C" stationed at Deming, New Mexico; marched to El Paso, Texas; Battery "A", stationed at Rifle Range, Golden, Colorado; mustered out September 16, 1916; the rest of the battalion between March 6, and March 9, 1917. Federal service, World War, August 5, 1917; merged into the 148th Field Artillery (Heavy) Forty-First (Sunset) Division; arrived in France, via England, February 9, 1918; redesignated Corps Artillery; served with both American and French forces; Army of Occupation from December, 1918 to May, 1919; mustered out, June 29, 1919. Reorganized as First Battalion, 158th Field Artillery, May, 1923 from units previously reorganized; redesignated 168th Field Artillery, Battalion (Horse), July 1, 1926.

Converted to First Battalion, 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn), August 1, 1933 with 117th Separate Squadron Cavalry converted to Second Battalion, 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn), Headquarters, 168th Field Artillery Battalion (Horse) converted to Headquarters, First Battalion, 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn); Headquarters Battery, 168th Field Artillery Battalion (Horse) converted to Headquarters Battery, First Battalion, 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn); Battery "A", 168th Field Artillery Battalion (Horse) redesignated Battery "A", 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn);

Drawn); Battery "B", 168th Field Artillery Battalion (Horse) redesignated Battery "B", 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn); Battery "C", 168th Field Artillery Battalion (Horse) redesignated Battery "C", 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn) and on September 1, 1933, redesignated Battery "F", 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn).

Headquarters, 117th Separate Squadron Cavalry converted to Headquarters Second Battalion 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn); Troop "A", 117th Separate Squadron Cavalry converted to Battery "D", 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn); Troop "B", 117th Separate Squadron Cavalry, converted to Battery "E", 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn); Troop "C", 117th Separate Squadron Cavalry converted to Battery "F", 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn) and on September 1, 1933, redesignated Battery "C", 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn); Medical Department Detachments, 168th Field Artillery Battalion (Horse) and of 117th Separate Squadron Cavalry converted to Medical Department Detachment (less Medical Department Detachment Second Battalion), 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn).

Regimental Headquarters, 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn) organized August 1, 1933. First Battalion Headquarters Battery, 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn) converted to Regimental Headquarters Battery, 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn) January 1, 1934. First Battalion Headquarters Battery, 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn) reorganized May 1, 1936 at Golden, Colorado, redesignated Service Battery, 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn) May 7, 1937 and First Battalion Headquarters Battery reorganized at Durango, Colorado, May 14, 1937. Service Battery, 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn) redesignated Service Battery (Battery, 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn) redesignated Service Battery (Battery)

(less Band Section) 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn) September 17, 1937 with Band Section, Service Battery, given Federal recognition separately September 18, 1937.

STREAMERS AUTHORIZED: World War: Champagne; Champagne-Marne; Aisne-Marne; St. Mihiel; Meuse-Argonne.



JOHN P. DONOVAN

COLONEL

Commanding One Hundred Sixty-Eighth
Field Artillery

RECORD OF MILITARY SERVICE

F. AOct.	31,	1910,	to	Nov.	5,	1911.	
lst Lt. Btry "A", F. ANov.	6,	1911,	to	Nov.	5,	1914.	
Pvt., F. ANov.							
1st Lt., F. ANov.	30,	1914,	to	Sept.	15,	1915.	1
Pvt., Co. "A", Engrs. Sept. lst Lt., Co. "A", Engrs. Oct.	16,	1915,	10	Oct.	13,	1915.	ı
1st Lt., Co. "A", Engrs. Oct.	14,	1915,	to	Sept.	21,	1916.	
Federal service, 1st Lt., Co. "A", EngrsAug.	5,	1916,	to	Sept.	16,	1916.	
Federal service, 2nd Lt., Co.	22	1016	to	Sont	6	1017	



RAYMOND W. COMBS Lieut,-Colonel Executive Officer

HISTORY

Regimental Headquarters, 168th Field Artillery

Following the World War and prior to August 1, 1933, the field artillery allotted to the state of Colorado consisted of a separate battalion of horse drawn Seventy-five millimeter artillery, consisting of a battalion head-quarters stationed at Denver, Colorado, and composed of Major William W. Howell, commanding, Capt. Thurston T. Houghton, adjutant, Capt. Wilson P. Ard, Chaplain, 1st Lt. Sidney P. Godsman, plans and training officer, and 1st Lt. Daniel G. Oakley, liaison officer; a battalion headquarters battery, in Denver, commanded by Capt. Ralph M. Bitler, with 1st Lt. Kenneth S. Johnson as executive officer, and 2nd Lt. Aden A. Holson as assistant executive; Battery "A", at Fort Collins, Colorado, with 1st Lt. Joseph E. Ryan, commanding, 1st Lt.

Mark E. Conway, and 2nd Lts. Eugene V. Burton and Elijah J. Starkey; Battery "B", of Denver, had as officers Capt. Floyd R. Pool, in command, Forrest M. Carhartt as First Lieutenant, and Edward D. Egan and Theodore O. Marshall as Second Lieutenants; Battery "C", at Pueblo—which was later to be redesignated Battery "F", and be the only unit of the former horse drawn battalion to lose its old letter designation—was commanded by Capt. Ronald H. Peters, whose junior officers were 1st Lt. Theodore R. Peck, and 2nd Lts. Joseph R. Botleman and Leslie A. Linn.

The battalion Medical Department detachment, located at Fort Collins, had only two officers, both in the grades of captain, Duane F. Hartshorn, Medical Corps, commanding and Capt. Alfred M. Lininger, Dental Corps, and with a strength of eighteen enlisted men authorized for the detachment. The other units of the horse drawn battalion, including the battalion head-quarters battery, at that time, were allotted a strength of sixty-four men, each

sixty-four men, each.
On August 1, 1933, in putting the program of reorganization and motorization into effect, as authorized by the National Guard Bureau, this horse drawn battalion, together with the 117th Separate Squadron of Cavalry, converted to Field Artillery, was the nucleus of the regiment as it exists today, and it was upon this linking of battalion and squadron, to form a regiment, that regimental headquarters came into being.

The officer personnel of the headquarters, upon organization, were Colonel Joseph W. Le Fever, formerly of the 45th Division staff, an officer of Spanish-American and World War service, and, fittingly enough, a former private of the Chaffee Light Artillery, from which the history of the present regiment stems; Lt. Col. William Q. Howell, executive, former Major commanding the horse battalion; Capt. Thurston T. Houghton, former adjutant of the battalion; Capt. Howard E. Reed, of Troop "C", 117th Cavalry, promoted captain of field artillery from First Lieutenant of cavalry, and assigned as Adjutant; Capt. Wilson P. Ard, now chaplain of a regiment instead of a battalion, and 1st Lt. Robert D. Charlton, liaison officer, transferred from Headquarters, Second Battalion, 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn), which had been converted from Squadron Headquarters, 117th Cavalry.

The squadron medical detachment was combined with the medical detachment of the horse drawn battalion, adding Capt. Edgar Durbin and twelve enlisted men to the new regimental roster.

Troops "A", "B" and "C", 117th Cavalry, in Monte

FLOYD R. POOL JAY H. BOUTON Captain Captain

LLOYD C. HAGGARD First Lieutenant WILSON P. ARD Major Chaplain



Headquarters Battery

DENVER, COLORADO

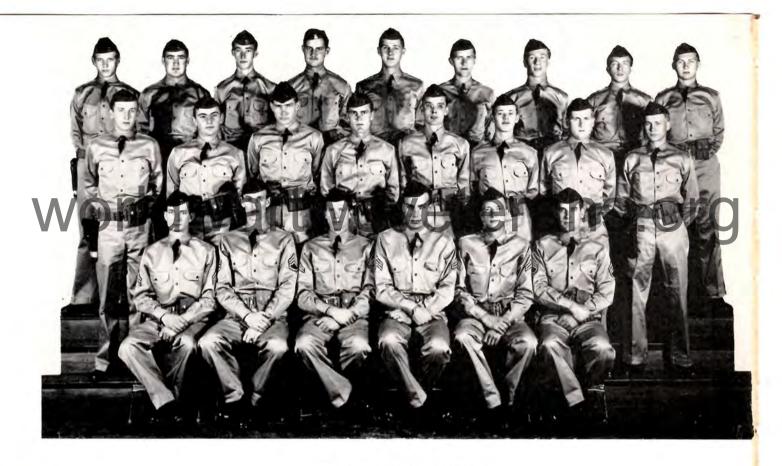
One Hundred
Sixty-Eighth
Field Artillery



- 1. Non-Commissioned Officers.
- Group of 168th
 Field Artillery
 Staff.
- 3. Instrument Section.
- 4. Radio Instruction.
- 5. Inactive Officers.
- 6. Trophies.
- Drafting Section.
- Battery Headquarters.
- Basketball Team.
- 10. Lineman Testing.
- 11. Non-Commissioned Officers.
- 12. Officers Group.









ELMER F. ARNBRECHT Captain

First Row: H. C. Everson, W. R. Heberling, N. Van Heukelem, G. W. Hartung, F. H. Humphrey, G. M. McKelvy.

Second Row: W. J. Rose, J. F. Hyland, W. J. Nilges, C. G. Wines, W. B. Chandler, C. K. Knight, J. T. White, D. E. Olsen,

TTHIRD ROW: L. S. Scoggin, L. M. Miller, R. B. Jacobs, R. T. Peterson, W. M. Brandes, R. M. Nelson, G. E. Woodhead, H. A. Wood, C. H. Olsen.



Headquarters

DENVER, COLORADO

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Captain Elmer F. Arnbrecht First Lieutenant Kenneth S. Johnson

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Master Sergean	t				DALLAS E. MARSHALL
First Sergeant					. HERBERT D. HART
Staff Sergeant					HENRY W. CRASS
Staff Sergeant					WARREN R. HEBERLING
Staff Sergeant					George M. McKelvy

SERGEANTS

EVERSON, HENRY KNIGHT, WILLIAM G. HARTUNG, GEORGE W. MOORE, ALVA J. VICKERS, ELVIN C.

CORPORALS

CORI
ALLDREDGE, LOREN M.
HUMPHREY, FRED H.
RLIENER, TRNEST N.
OLUSTED, ALFRED M.

RILEY, ALLWYN N.
UNDERHILL, MARION H.
VAILE, JOH. P.
VAN HEUKELEN, NEAL

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

Brandes, William M. Gingles, Harvey E. Hoffman, Howard L. Knight, Charles K.

M. OLSEN, CHARLES H.

Z. E. PARKER, TOM W.

RD L. ROSE, WILLIAM J.

S. K. VAN SCHOONEVELD, JOHN

WOOD, HARRY A.

ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHTH FIELD ARTILLERY

PRIVATES

CERVI, JOHN E. CHANDLER, WYATT B. CUNNINGHAM, JACK M. DURKOP, JOHN C. HAZELWOOD, LEE C. Hoekenschnieder, Lee Roy HYLAND, JAMES F. JACOBS, ROBERT B. JONES, LEO R. LEE, JAMES H. McBride. Rich MCKERN McLAUGHL

MEALEY, CHRISTOPHER F. MILLER, LAWRENCE M. NELSON, RALPH M. NILGES, WILLIAM J. NILLES, AL C. OLSEN, DONALD E. PETERSON, RAYMOND T ROBINSON, ARCHIE V SCOGGIN, LEE S. SPRAGUE, RANDOLPH D.

period was a most difficult one for such a unit and it is only surprising that there were even two troops left. It must be remembered that in 1886, the State of Colorado was only ten years old; hence, when there was no pressing need for troops, it was easy for units to cease to exist. One of the Separate Troops was Troop "B". In 1887 the Battalion was reorganized and its strength was reestablished at four Troops. By this time Troop "B" was under the command of Capt. W. G. Rowe.

In the summer of 1887 there was an Indian uprising, mostly in Garfield County, Colorado, under Chief Colothe damage done ational Guard. One of those units called upon was the newly reorganized First Battalion of Cavalry (minus Troop "D"). Upon this call, Troop "B" and the other cavalry units remained in the field from August 22 to September 10, 1887. The battalion gave an excellent account of itself at this time, especially in view of the cold weather and several hard marches that it made.

The battalion received commendations from both Brigadier General Reardon, who commanded the forces in the field, and from Adjutant General George West. In Gen. West's report of the work of the First Battalion of Cavalry, he said in part: "I desire to commend in the highest terms of praise, the officers and menfor the promptness and energy displayed." The later 117th Separate Squadron Cavalry adopted the words "Promptness and Energy" as their motto.

(Continued on page 154)



KENNETH S. JOHNSON First Lieutenant

HISTORY

Every soldier that lived has constantly wished to be proud of his organization—the officers and men of regimental Headquarters Battery may be truly proud of their organization's past. Originally a Cavalry unit, the men of what is now Headquarters Battery and was originally Troop "B", have always shown "Promptness and Energy" and the duty to which they were assigned was always "Accomplished with Energy."

When Troop "B", Pitkin Light Cavalry, was organized at Leadville, Colorado, under General Order number 7, General Headquarters, National Guard of Colorado, on November 8, 1880, there were already two companies of militia which had been organized as cavalry. Troop "B" became a part of the First Battalion Colorado Cavalry. This unit is not to be confused with an earlier Company "B". This earlier troop, Pikes Peak Rangers, under General Order Number 7 became Troop "A". The first Commander of Pitkin Light Cavalry Troop "B" was Capt. A. G. Phimister.

By November of 1886, the original four troops of the First Battalion of Cavalry (Troops "A", "B", "C", and "D") had decreased to two Separate Troops. The

SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

First Row: J. F. Vaile, A. J. Moore, H. D. Hart, M. H. Underhill, A. N. Riley, H. W. Crass, E. N.

SECOND ROW: R. D. Sprague, W. D. McKernon, W. G. Knight, A. M. Olmsted, D. E. Marshall, R. M. McBride, J. M. Cunningham.

THIRD ROW: A. V. Robinson, J. Van Schooneveld, L. R. Jones, A. C. Nilles, H. D. Woodruff, L. C. Hazelwood, L. C. McLaughlin, H. E. Gingles, H. L. Hoffman.





THEODORE R. PECK Captain

SERVICE BATTERY

(less Band)

GOLDEN, COLORADO

ONE HUNDRED SIXTY EIGHTH FIELD ARTILLERY ON COMMISSIONED OFFICERS CONTINUED

Staff Sergeant Robert E. Armstrong Staff Sergeant Hubert A. Berninghausen Staff Sergeant Rund Staff Sergeant BEN B. WATERS

CLYDE H. C. BRADEN First Lieutenant

VICTOR H. KERR

Second Lieutenant

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Master Sergeant MICHAEL J. MALONEY

Master Sergeant Edward B. Richardson First Sergeant Oscar Q. Moon

CORPORALS

BARB, DENVER M. GURULE, ARTHUR A. BRENNEMAN, JAMES L. SARELL, WILLIAM M. SPIELES, EARL L.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

DUNN, DONALD W. BALL, DOUGLAS S. BURROUGHS, GARVIN L. GRINSTEAD, RICHARD F. OWEN, CLAUDE E.

PRIVATES

ALLEN, LOUIS B. BURROUGHS, KELLY DEERING, LAWRENCE R. EGGERT, RONALD L. GOODRICH, PAUL D. HESS, DARRELL C. HESS, Ross G. KERR, LESLIE D. KING, GEORGE W. MANN, JOHN F. MATHEWS, NICK

MATTHEWS, JIM McMahan, Colman MORGAN, WILLIAM MYERS, BILL E. NELSON, MYRON B. NELSON, WALTER S. SHANNON, LESLIE A. SMITH, BARRY B. SMITH, DON STEWART, WILLIAM B. TRIPP, RAYMOND L.

SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

First Row: O. Q. Moon, L. D. Kerr, E. L. Spieles, J. Matthews, D. Smith, C. E. Owen, R. G. Hess, E. B. Richardson, M. B. Nelson. SECOND Row: A. J. Mullinax, L. B. Allen, J. F. Mann, W. Morgan, C. A. Rund, L. R. Deering, W. M. Sarell, W. Myers, A. A. Gurule, W. B. Stewart, C. McMahan.

THIRD ROW: R. F. Grinstead, D. M. Barb, L. A. Shannon, W. S. Nelson, R. L. Eggert, D. C. Hess, K. Burroughs, R. E. Armstrong, B. B. Waters, B. B. Smith, G. L. Burroughs.



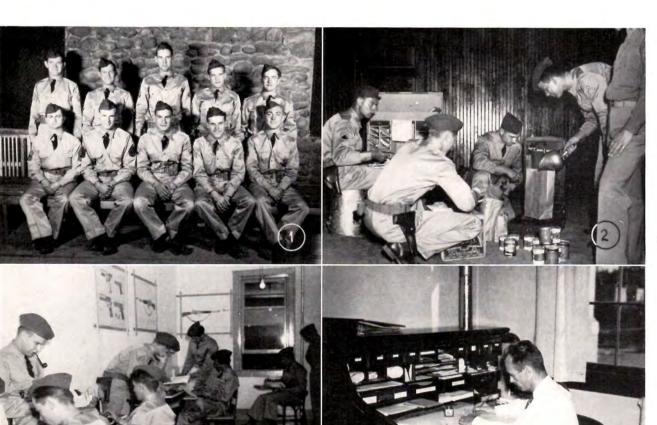


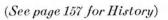
SERVICE BATTERY

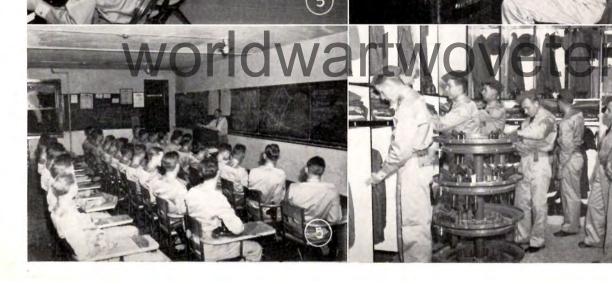
Class Room Instruction on Firing the Automatic Rifle.

- 1. Non-Commissioned Officers.
- 2. Battalion Section Distributing Rations at Commissary.
- 168th Field Artillery Regiment Administration Section Doing Paper Work.
- 4. Master Sergeant Michael Maloney.
- 5. Captain Peck Reading the Articles of War.
- 6. Supply Section at Work.









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FRONT Row: R. R. Cayler, J. Krevas, A. Kerson, E. W. Sprague, T. H. Winbourn, W. E. Hufnagel, F. E. Wagoner, O. D. Thompson. Second Row: V. J. Moculeski, J. E. Smith, E. J. Krevas, G. J. Kane, A. W. Reuter, D. F. Yonts, J. J. Fritzler, Lieut. Col. C. H. Jones. Third Row: W. P. Gaschler, A. T. Gunning, R. J. Weishaupl, H. H. Hendee, V. E. Dahlberg, V. D. Kershaw, R. A. Nau, F. J. Weishaupl, J. P. Pankoff, Jr.

BAND SECTION

Of Service Battery



WARRANT OFFICER

Warrant Officer EARL C. CAMPBELL

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Technical Sergeant ALBERT W. REUTER Staff Sergeant OLIVER D. THOMPSON

SERGEANTS

HARRINGTON, ROBERT K. KANE, GERALD J.

KREVAS, JOHN YONTS, DONALD F.

CORPORALS

DAHLBERG, VICTOR E.

WAGONER, FLOYD E.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

FRITZLER, JACOB J. KERSON, ABE

NAU, RICHARD A.

SPRAGUE, EVERETT W. WEISHAUPL, ROBERT J. WINBOURN, THOMAS H.

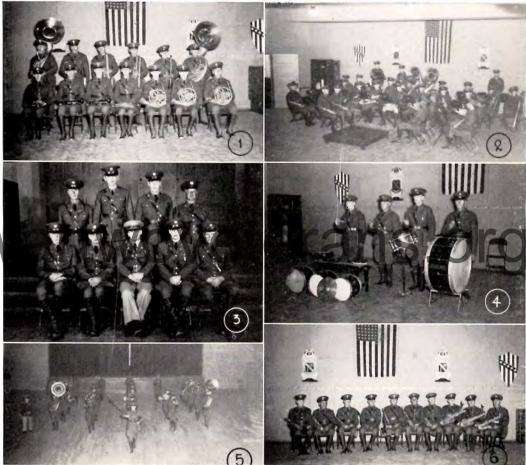
PRIVATES

BERNIE, MAX A.
CAYLER, RALPH R.
GASCHLER, WILLIAM P.
GUNNING, ANDREW T.
HENDEE, HAYNES H.
HUFNAGEL, WILLIAM E.
KERSHAW, VINCENT D.
KREVAS, EDWARD J.
MOCULESKI, VICTOR J.
PARKER, ROBERT C.
PANKOFF, JOHN P., JR.
SMITH, JAMES E.
WEBSTER, CHARLES R., JR.
WEISHAUPL, FRANKLIN J

- 1. Brass Section.
- 2. Concert Form.
- 3. Non-Commissioned Officers.
- 4. Percussion Section.
- 5. Band Marching Form.
- 6. Reed Section.

It has been said that a regiment is either extremely proud of its band, or else feels that perhaps a complete silence would be the kinder treatment. In any event, Federal Inspections have indicated the 168th Field Artillery Band Section, Denver, Colorado, to be the musical superior of many a larger and older band in point of service.

(Continued on page 153)



OFFICERS Girst Battalion

ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHTH FIELD ARTILLERY

ROBERT D. CHARLTON Captain LAWRENCE J. ENSOR First Lieutenant EUGENE V. BURTON First Lieutenant









WILLIAM F. HUNN Major Commanding First Battalion



SCHUYLER C. PARKER Captain, Headquarters Battery and Combat Train

LORA E. McDONALD Captain, Battery A



DOYLE H. CLARK First Lieutenant, Headquarters Battery and Combat Train



WILLIAM F. FITZER Second Lieutenant Headquarters Battery and Combat Train



MARION L. MADISON Second Lieutenant Battery A

LYNN L. THOMPSON Second Lieutenant Battery A

SIDNEY P. GODSMAN Captain, Battery B

THEODORE O. MARSHALL First Lieutenant Battery B

T. GLENDINNING CAREY Second Lieutenant Battery B















BERNARD P. STANTON Second Lieutenant Battery B



MARK E. CONWAY Captain, Battery C



PHILLIP E. BERG First Lieutenant Battery C



JACK B. COOK Second Lieutenant Battery C



KENNETH M. BURKE Second Lieutenant Battery C



First Row: W. S. Crawley, J. Real, C. Clarke, B. Jones, J. Wilson, L. Ford, L. Gabardi, C. Dobbins, H. Buchanan, W. Hays, T. McNabb, D. Winter.

Second Row: A. Frazzini, L. Devasier, J. Thomas, T. Pickering, T. Mitchell, J. Koshire, A. Pricco, F. Clark, L. Rhodes, P. Stevenson, A. Sandoval, C. Candelaria, A. Teague.

Third Row: R. Wonder, J. Wigglesworth, J. Ballou, A. H. Northern, G. Knight, A. Miernyk, C. A. Orendorf, G. Gaines, W. Croonenberghs, S. Foster, A. Aubuchon, S. Allan, J. Nelson.



Headquarters

DURANGO, COLORADO

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Captain	,					SCHUYLER C. PARKER
First Lieutenant					,	. DOVLE H. CLARK
Second Lieutenant						WILLIAM F. FITZER

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

First Sergeant			٠, ١		WI	LLIAM	S.	CRAWLEY
Staff Sergeant						. C.	A.	ORENDORF
Staff Sergeant						. A.	H.	NORTHERN

SERGEANTS

Dobbins,	C.	REAL,

J. JONES, B. Wigglesworth, J.

МсПавв, Т. WILSON, J.

CORPORALS

BUCHANAN, H.

MIERNYK, A.

FOSTER, S.

LEWIS, W.

TEAGUE, A.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

ALLAN, S.

KNIGHT, G. PICKERING, T.

BALLOU, J. CROONENBERGHS, W.

PRICCO, A.

Gabardi, L.

WARREN, G.

WONDER, R.

PRIVATES

AUBUCHON, A. CANDELARIA, C. CLARK, F.

Koshire, J. MAHAN, N. MITCHELL, T.

CLARKE, C.

NELSON, J.

GAINES, G. HAYS, W.

THOMAS, J. WATSON, W.

WINTER, D.

ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHTH FIELD ARTILLERY

[102]

HISTORY

The First Battalion Headquarters Battery and Combat train, 168th Field Artillery, Federal Recognition May 1, 1936, at Golden, Colorado, was designated Regimental Service Battery and Durango was awarded the First Battalion Headquarters Battery and Combat Train, 168th Field Artillery, thus completing the Regiment.

This Battery was formed in the early spring of 1937 and on April 20, 1937, received Federal recognition with an authorized strength of three officers and twenty-nine enlisted men. The officers are Capt. Schuyler C. Parker, 1st Lt. Doyle H. Clark, 2nd Lt. William F. Fitzer.

On September 21, 1939, the authorized strength was increased to forty-four enlisted men.

The Armory is located in the Masonic Building on Ninth Street. Regular drills are held Wednesday nights.

- 1. Non-Commissioned Officers.
- 2. Motor Section Instruction.
- 3. Telephone Section.
- 4. Instrument Section.
- 5. Radio Section.
- 6. Best Instrument Section.
- 7. Supply Room.







First Row: G. H. Strain, Cooter, W. M. Robson, J. V. Madison, C. J. Terwilliger, E. R. Anderson.

SECOND ROW: R. S. Claycomb, P. T. Candlin, H. B. Fuchs, M. H. Schack, R. I. Durrie, C. M. Monroe, Colwell, J. M. Johnson, Third Row: G. H. Gilbert, A. Bieri, P. J. Foster, E. T. Trainor, H. R. Nuce, W. B. Busch, J. W. Christner, H. B. Peck, T. A. Buxton.



BATTERY "A"

First Battation Wartw

FORT COLLINS, COLORADO

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Captain					LORA E. McDonald
First Lieutenant .	57				John B. Egan
Second Lieutenant	197	į.	0.4		MARION L. MADISON
Second Lieutenant					LYNN L. THOMPSON

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICER

First Sergeant CLARK P. LANPHERE

SERGEANTS

FORD, LLOYD W.

GILBERT, GAIL H.

KIRKMAN, GLEN R.

MECHLING, BEN F.

NEWTON, HAROLD F.

SCHACK, MARVIN H.

STRAIN, GLEN H.

TRAINOR, EDWARD T.

CORPORALS

Andrew, Ross B.

Busch, William B.

Candlin, Paul T.

Williams, Walter T.

Christner, Jack W.

McQuain, Clarence E.

Schleiger, Edward G.

PRIVATES, FIRST CLASS

BUXTON, THOMAS A.
CLARK, ALBERT F.
CLAYCOMB, RICHARD S.
DURRIE. ROBERT I.
KIRKMAN, EUGENE D.
McCRACKEN, EDWIN S.
McCURRY, MILTON L.
MADISON, JAMES V.

MILLER, WAYNE H.
MONROE, CARL M.
NUCE, HARRY R.
PECK, HOMER B.
RICHARDS, WILBUR F.
ROBSON, WILLIAM M.
ROSSEN, RALPH T.
STINE, ROBERT E.

PRIVATES

ANDERSON, EVERETT R.
ARMSTRONG, STANLEY
BEEDE, TOM W.
BIERL ALFRED
BLAKE, ROBERT D.
BUSCH, REUBEN
BURTON, RICHARD A.
BUTLER, GEORGE F.
COLWELL

BUTLER, GEORGE F. COLWELL COOTER DOERGES, NORMAN I. FANAROW, JACK FOSTER, PAUL J.
FUCHS, HOWARD B.
GRAUBERGER, ROBERT B.
GREEN, EDWARD O.
GREMSS, MYRON J.
HANKINS, WALLACE B.
HEISEL, ALLEN M.
HERRON, ROBERT W.
HOLTSCLAW, CLYDE D.
JOHNSON, JOSEPH M.
KEELER, ROBERT C.
LEWIS, EDWIN A.

ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHTH FIELD

PRIVATES

McBreen, Robert O.
McClelland, Dale H.
Menke, Louis E.
Miller, Norman R.
Parsoneault, Norbert S.
Polhamus, Edward A.
Polhamus, Robert A.
Poundstone, Dave M.
Reese, Harold K.
Robertson, Joe L.
Rogers, Melvin A.

RAMSAY, LAURIE D.
SAPP, GEORGE W.
SCARFFE, ROBERT W.
SMILIE, CHARLES R.
STRATTON, JOHN S.
TAYLOR, GLENN W.
TERWILLIGER, CHARLES J.
WEIHING, GEORGE J.
WEIHING, JOHN L.
WHEELER, CHARLES M.

served the state well and faithfully, handling difficult strike and riot situations at various points throughout the state. On July 1, 1898, the United States having declared war against Spain, the "Chaffee Light Artillery" was mustered into Federal service as "Battery "A", Colorado Volunteer Artillery", and on July 2 was moved to Ft. Logan, Colorado to be recruited, trained and equipped for active service. At this time the officers were: Capt. Harry J. Parks, 1st Lt. John C. Locke, and 2nd Lt. James C. Exline. The battery, three officers and one hundred and five enlisted men, left Ft. Logan August 12, and arrived at Ft. Hancock, New Jersey, August 15th, where it remained doing garrison duty and participating in intensive training until mustered out of

Rederal service November 7, 1898. The "Chaffee Light Artillery" was re-formed, and remained as such in state service until a complete reorganization of Colored troops took effect, and in 1906 the unit was redesignated as "The First Field Artillery", and finally, in 1908, assigned officially as "Battery "A", Field Artillery, Colorado National Guard". On January 26, 1916, the battery was transferred to Ft. Collins, Colorado, under command of Capt. Joseph E. Rogers. The junior officers of the battery, commissioned April 22, 1916, were as follows: 1st Lts. Roy C. Coffin and Arthur W. Whitehouse, 2nd Lts. Floyd Cross and Paul G. Putty. As a result of the threatening situation on the Mexican border, the President on June 18, 1916, called the entire United States National Guard into Federal service, and

(Continued on page 150)



Battery "A", of the 168th Field Artillery, Colorado National Guard, claims, and with considerable justification, the distinction of being the oldest artillery unit in the State. The history of this organization properly begins with the muster in to state service of the "Chaffee Light Artillery" at Denver, on March 7, 1878. Records of the muster in show the officers to have been: Capt. Albert H. Jones, 1st Lt. Samuel C. Chapin and 2nd Lt. Ralph C. Webster. For about twenty years, during the period 1878–98, the "Chaffee Light Artillery"



SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

First Row: L. E. Menke, B. F. Mechling, M. L. McCurry, R. B. Andrew, G. F. Butler, L. W. Ford, L. D. Ramsay, E. G. Schleiger,
Second Row: N. R. Miller, A. F. Clark, A. M. Heisel, R. A. Burton, E. O. Green, H. F. Newton, F. A. Lewis, R. T. Rossen,
J. L. Weihing.

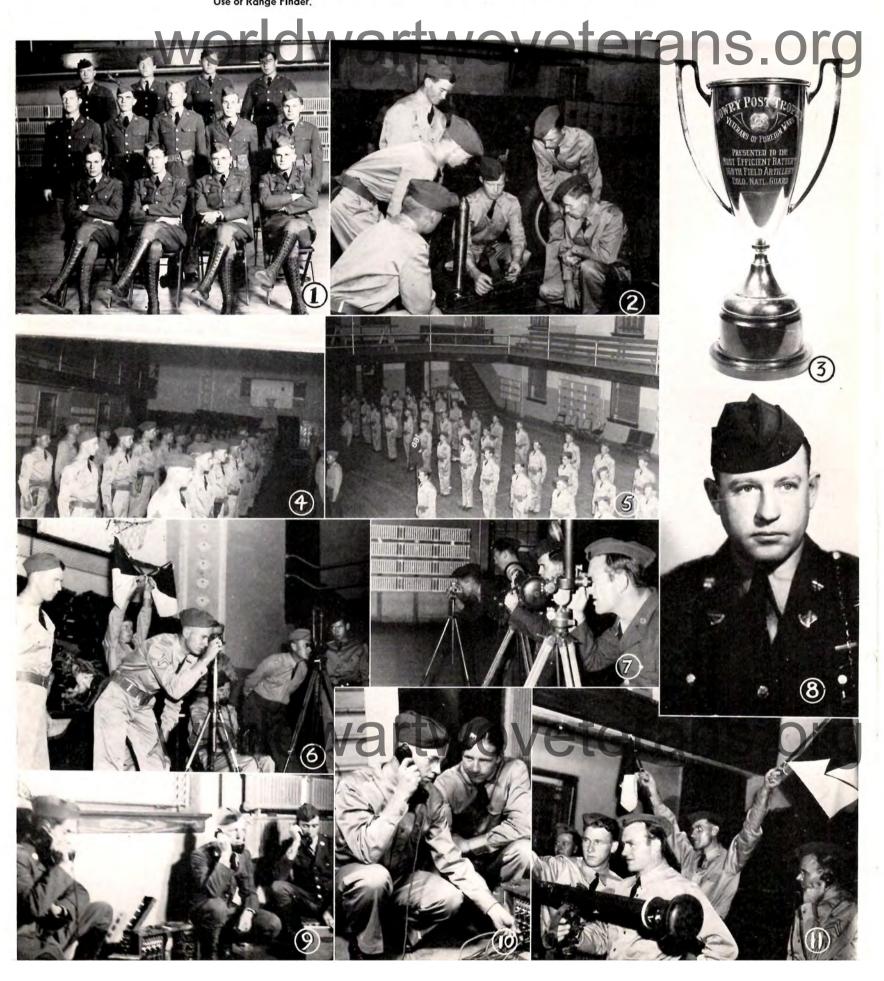
THIRD ROW: C. P. Lanphere, C. D. Holtsclaw, W. H. Miller, R. Busch, G. J. Weihing, W. F. Richards, R. A. Polhamus, D. M. Poundstone, E. A. Polhamus, H. K. Reese.

ARTILLERY --- FORT COLLINS, COLORADO

FIRST BATTALION

ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHTH FIELD ARTILLERY FORT COLLINS, COLORADO

- Non-Commissioned Officers.
 Instruction in the Use of Fuse Setter.
 Cup Award.
 Battery Formation.
 Practice in Preparation of Fire Data.
 Instruction in Use of Fire Control Instruments.
 Sgt. Lansphere.
 Switchboard and Telephone Operators.
 Battery Switchboard Operator and Assistants.
 Instruction in Use of Range Finder.



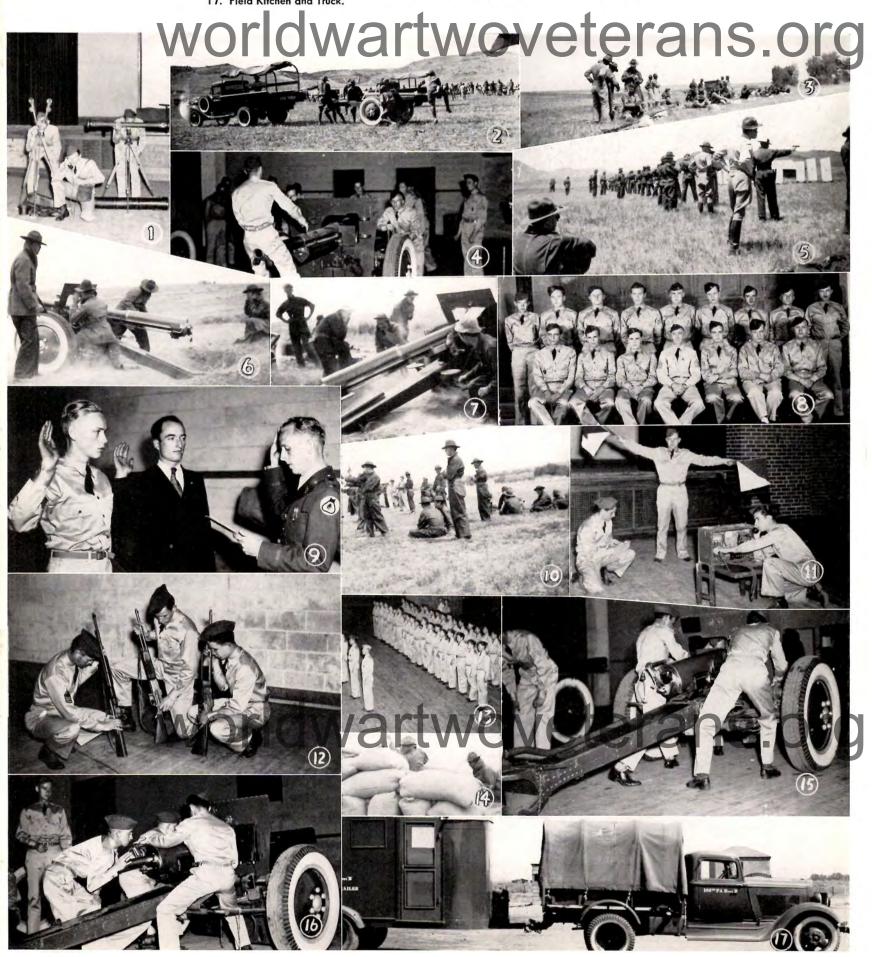
BATTERY B

FIRST BATTALION

ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHTH FIELD ARTILLERY

DENVER, COLORADO

Battery Observation Post.
 Field Maneuvers.
 On the Range.
 Moved by Hand.
 Pistol Practice.
 Firing.
 In Action.
 Non-Commissioned Officers.
 Swearing in New Recruit.
 On the Range.
 Message Center.
 Automatic Rifle Instruction.
 Battery Front.
 Field Maneuvers.
 Prepare for Action.
 Loading and Firing.
 Field Kitchen and Truck.





First Row: H. M. Snell, D. E. Camfield, E. A. Deal, J. A. Gough, D. E. Hendricks, R. A. Doranzo, L. A. Colainnia.

SECOND ROW: A. E. Holley, T. C. Martin, G. W. Snell, J. A. Thompson, F. T. Ferris, W. B. Russell, K. R. Wilson, L. E. Hon.

Third Row: D. W. Watt, S. B. St. Germaine, P. H. Bonham, E. F. Brauch, J. A. Mizer, L. E. Bainbridge, R. K. Yunck, R. M. Lloyd, L. L. Daily, C. B. Martin.



BATTERY "B" Airst Battalion Vartw

DENVER, COLORADO

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Captain			4	,	SIDNEY P. GODSMAN
First Lieutenant		4			THEODORE O. MARSHALL
Second Lieutenant	A				. T. GLENDINNING CAREY
Second Lieutenant					. BERNARD P. STANTON

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICER

First Sergeant James A. Gough

SERGEANTS

MARTIN, CLIFFORD B.
MINOR, PAUL W.
NESS, FRED E.
YUNCK, RUSSELL K.

CORPORALS

ANGELOS, WILLIAM	CAREY, DON F.
Bose, Kieth W.	FERRIS, FRANK T.
CAMFIELD, DANIEL E.	HOLLEY, ALLEN E.
Hon, LE	ONARD E.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

BARTER, JAMES A.	PARKER, HARRISON B.
BURNS, ROBERT B.	RUSSELL, WILLIAM B.
COLAINNIA, LOUIS A.	SNELL, GEORGE W.
DAILY, LAWMENCE L. Fillison, Clifford H. Lloyd, Bob M.	SNEW, HOWARD M STAMM, WILLIAM R. THOMPSON, ROBERT D.

LLOYD, BOB M.
LOGSDON, ELMER S.
OLIVER, THOMAS O.

West, Horace Williamson, Earl E., Jr.

ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHTH FIELD ARTILLERY

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PRIVATES

BAINBRIDGE, LEONARD E.
BERGLAND, WILLIAM
BOYD, WARREN E.
BRAUCH, EARL F.
BURNS, VERNON J.
CAREY, JOSEPH W.
CLIFF, HARRY G.
COLE, JOHN-E.
DEAL, EMMET A.
DEWSBURY, ROY E.
DORANZO, RALPH A.
ELLISON, ARNOLD H.
GOORMAN, EUGENE C.

GRUBER, ALBERT H.

HALFACRE, JACK C.

HASKINS, JOHN W. HAWKINS, HUGH D.

HENDRICKS, DALE E.

HIRSCH, EUGENE W.

HALL, JAMES R.

JENSEN, CLIFF E.
KIETH, STUART V.
MARTIN, TERRY C.
MEICKELJOHN, JOHN ALVIN
MERRIAM, EARL E.
MIZER, JACK A.
MUTZ, WINFRED L.

Noell, James M.
Nicholson, Birl M.
Shaeffer, Louis K.
Smith, Vernon

SMITH, VERNON
ST. GERMAINE, STUART
STAHL, HAROLD A.
THOMPSON, JACK A.
WARWICK, LLOYD D.
WARWICK, LOWELL W.
WATT, DAN W.
WILSON, KENNETH R.
WOODARD, FRED E.

ZWIERS, JERRY H.

SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

First Row: E. Eck, A. H. Gruber, P. W. Minor, W. L. Mutz, H. B. Parker, S. V. Kieth, J. M. Noell, W. M. Hon.

SECOND ROW: K. W. Bose, A. H. Ellison, C. H. Ellison, J. C. Halfacre, J. A. Barter, E. E. Merriam, W. E. Boyd, H. A. Stahl, J. W. Carey.

Third Row: F. E. Ness, R. E. Dewsbury, J. R. Hall, E. W. Hirsch, E. E. Williamson, Jr., R. D. Thompson, H. G. Cliff, W. M. Nicholson, D. F. Carey, W. Angelos.

HISTORY

The history of Battery "B", 168th Field Artillery, is the history of the Regiment, since Battery "B" is the "lineal" descendent of the Chaffee Light Artillery, and has a continuous record, beginning in 1878.

As the Chaffee Light Artillery, the Battery took part in the active duty incident to the many strikes which

marked the early mining days in Colorado.

The first real active duty was occasioned by the War

with Spain. The Chaffee Light Artillery was mustered into the service of the United States on July 1, 1898, as Battery "A", Colorado Volunteer Artillery. The Battery was trained at Fort Logan, Colorado, and Fort Hancock, New Jersey, until mustered out on November 7, 1898. When the Battery was mustered into Federal service some members of the Chaffee Light Artillery remained in Denver in the State service. When the personnel, who had been in Federal service were mustered out, many of them rejoined the old Battery, thus preserving the historical continuity of the Chaffee Light Artillery.

Much "strike duty" claimed the time of the Battery during the ensuing years; twelve days at Lake City in March, 1899; nine months at Cripple Creek and Trinidad in 1903 and 1904. These events are best covered by

the history of the regiment.

The reorganization of the Colorado National Guard after the War with Spain included the change of designation of the Chaffee Light Artillery to "Battery" A", First Brigade". This was again changed in 1906 to "First Field Battery", and again in 1908, to "Battery" A", Field Artillery, Colorado National Guard." In 1907, the old smooth bore, muzzle loading, brass Napoleon "12-pounders" were replaced by the 3.2 inch field piece. The 3.2 inch piece was later replaced by the 3 inch field gun, the standard light weapon of the army until the World War.

On July 28, 1911, Company "G" of the Infantry was redesignated "Light Battery "B", Field Artillery", and on September 30, 1911, the First Battalion was organized. More changes came with the transfer of Battery "A" to Fort Collins. When this battery, ("A"), was mustered out in Denver, enough of the former members joined Battery "B" to again preserve the continuity of the old

organization.

"Strike duty" again reared up in 1913, when the entire

(Continued on page 153)



org



First Row: W. L. Frank, R. C. Bliss, E. B. Morgan, V. L. Johnson, V. Kuxhaus, O. L. F. Dunn, J. W. Lancaster, B. O. Gates, A. R. Tyler

SECOND ROW: W. C. Burr, A. L. Magruder, I. G. Longley, C. P. Curtis, R. Schneider, H. Slone, D. E. Roschewski, H. R. Schaechterle, H. E. Bryan.

Third Row: G. D. Johnson, R. E. Beck, G. E. Englehardt, L. J. Rhoten, E. M. Pruitt, L. Englehardt, G. L. Sauer, C. J. Curtis, J. O. Hembree, K. V. Longley.



COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Captain		٠		٠		. Mark E. Conway
First Lieutenant	•					. PHILLIP E. BERG
Second Lieutenant						KENNETH M. BURKE
Second Lieutenant						Јаск В. Соок

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICER

SERGEANTS

BLISS, ROY C.

BRYAN, HARRY E.

CURTIS, CARLTON P.

GATES, BILLY O.

LONGLEY, IRA G.

LONGLEY, KENNETH V.

PALMER, WILLIAM E.

SAUER, GORDON L.

CORPORALS

ENGLEHARDT, LE ROY KRUCKENBERG, ERNEST E.
CURTIS, CECIL J. KUXHAUS, VICTOR
JOHNSON, VUREL L. RHOTEN, LEROY N.
TYLER, ALONZO R.

RATTERY "[]"

War Battalion art WO

LOVELAND, COLORADO

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

ALLSUP, ROBERT H.

BECK, ROY E.

BURKE, WILLIAM C.

PRUITT, ERNEST M.

ROBBINS, HOMER O.

LANCASTER, JAMES W. LINDHOLM, CARL L. LINGO, PERCY A. Van Dyke, Irvin J. Van Horn, Ben A. Walker, Arthur

ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHTH

PRIVATES

BENNETT, RICHARD L.

ENGLEHARDT, GILBERT E. FAGENBUSH, LLOYD R. BIRD, EARL A.

Brown, James W.

FAULKNER, EDWIN C.

BRYAN, RICHARD

FRANK, WYBURN L.

BURR, WILLIAM C.

FUGATE, ALBERT F.

CALKINS, JOHN H.

CANNON, EDWARD C.

GIES, HERMAN HAYES, CLARK G. JOHNSON, GORDON D.

KIMBLE, CLARENCE E. ROSCHEWSKI, DALE E.

KLEIN, EDWIN A.

SCHAECHTERLE, HENRY R.

RHOTEN, LOREN J.

SCHMIDT, EDWARD

LESSER, SAM

SCHNEIDER, ROBERT

Morgan, Eldon B. MAGRUDER, ALFRED L.

SCHULTZ, JAMES L.

NATION, GILBERT K.

SLONE, HAROLD

WILL EVERETT S. OF CURTIS, W DREITH, FL

DUNN, O. LEE F.

HUNTER, CHARLES R.

WILMOT, MARION H.



SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

First Row: E. H. Kratzer, H. E. Bryan, B. O. Gates, K. V. Longley, I. G. Longley, G. L. Sauer, E. O. Wild, R. R. Pohlenz. Second Row: C. J. Curtis, C. E. Kimble, L. R. Fagenbush, H. Gies, R. H. Allsup, H. O. Robbins, D. A. Higgins, M. E. Gates. Third Row: I. J. Van Dyke, A. Walker, R. L. Bennett, F. Dreith, S. Lesser, L. J. Rhoten, W. E. Palmer, E. G. Spomer, E. C.

HISTORY

Four years after the signing of the Armistice, ending the World War, a group of Loveland war veterans, business men and others interested, gathered together and began the organization of a national guard unit for the community.

Col. Paul P. Newlon visited Loveland, and interested the group in starting a cavalry unit, to become part of the Colorado National Guard. Earl Kratzer became the Colorado National Guard. Earl Kratzer became the originator along with Claymore Paris, another war veteran. These two circulated petitions throughout the community, which obtained a large number of signatures of prominent business and professional men.

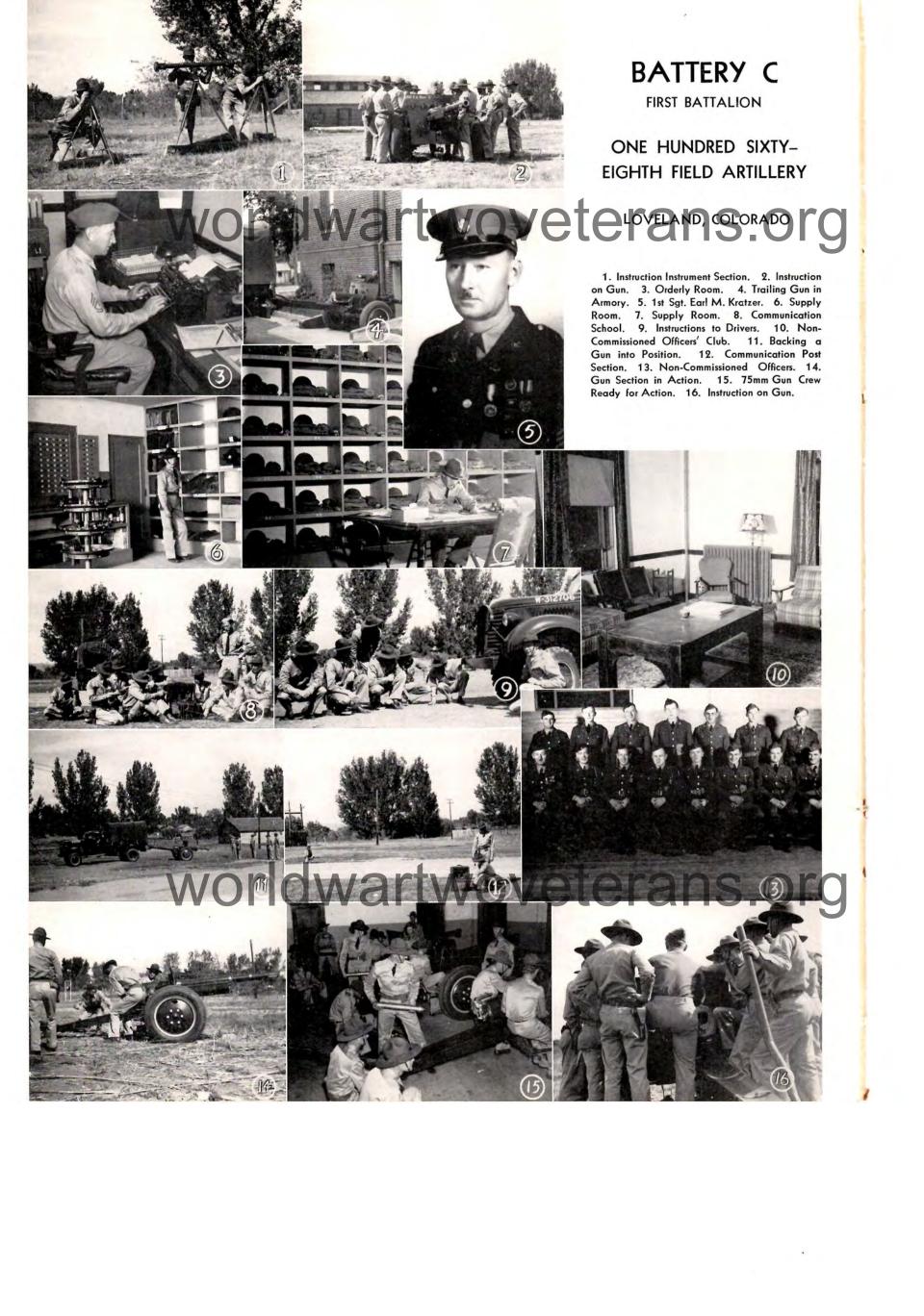
A few months later, on April 5, 1923, the Loveland unit received Federal recognition as Troop "C" of the

117th Separate Cavalry Squadron of the Colorado National Guard, and held its organization drill in the old Farmers Union hall. Clyde P. Henderson, a world war veteran, became first captain. Other officers of the new unit were Howard E. Reed, world war veteran and high school athletic coach, as first lieutenant and Roy E. Smith, another war veteran, as second lieutenant. There were three officers and sixty-one enlisted men and thirty-

two horses allocated to the troop which held mounted training at the city fairgrounds.

First summer training period was held in June, 1923, at the area near Golden, Colorado, which later was to become Camp George West. The following year Troop "C" joined the Colorado squadron for training at Fort D. A. Russell, Cheyenne, Wyoming, to train with the

FIELD ARTILLERY --- LOVELAND, COLORADO







FRED H. PLAHTE Captain, Adjutant

ARTHUR E. BURT Captain Headquarters Battery and Combat Train

ADEN A. HOLSON First Lieutenant Liaison Officer

CLAUDE S. THOMPSON First Lieutenant Headquarters Battery and Combat Train



THURSTON T. HOUGHTON Major Commanding Second Battalion

OFFICERS Second Battalion

ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHTH FIELD ARTILLERY

ARTHUR W. MARSHALL Second Lieutenant Headquarters Battery and Combat Train

DON J. MALCOLM Captain Battery D RICHARD S. ANDERSON Second Lieutenant Battery D RALPH M. BITLER Captain Battery E GEORGE G. SMITH First Lieutenant Battery E WILLIAM J. EDWARDS Second Lieutenant Battery E















FORREST CRANMER Second Lieutenant Battery E



THOMAS H. MALONE Captain Battery F



LESLIE A. LINN First Lieutenant Battery F



ROLAND M. KNÖBBS Second Lieutenant Battery F



CHARLES D. REA Second Lieutenant Battery F



FRONT Row: N. W. Ohlson, A. D. French, G. W. Martin, N. F. Craven, E. J. McKnight, E. M. Barnes, F. M. Dimock, W. W. Smith, C. M. Rummel.

SECOND ROW: W. N. Hart, G. E. Drumeller, S. C. Dunn, H. I. Binks, R. S. Fassett, H. E. Marshall, L. F. Austin, E. M. Griffin, A. J. Bruening, G. S. Baker.

THIRD ROW: R. A. Foster, J. B. Marshall, H. F. Doty, H. H. Hoback, H. L. Graves, W. W. Madison, R. W. Fisher, W. G. Borough, H. R. Wiggans, R. T. Bruce.



Headquarters

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

	-	 	 	- '	 LODICO			
Captain					ARTHUR	Eu	GENE	BURT
First Lieutenant					CLAUDE	S.	Тно	MPSON
Second Lieutenant					ARTHUR	W.	MAR	SHALL

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

First Sergeant					GEORGE E. DRUMELLER
Staff Sergeant					. ROBERT T. BRUCE
Staff Sergeant					. HENRY R. WIGGANS

SERGEANTS

HART, WALTON N. HOBACK, HARVEY H.

MARSHALL, JACK B. RUMMEL, CHARLES M.

CORPORALS

FASSETT, REED S. GRIFFIN, EDGAR M. Hurley, John J. Ohlson, Norman W.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

BAKER, GLEN S. DOTY, HAROLD F. FISHER, RALPH W.

FOSTER, ROBERT A. McKnight, Ellis J. Smith, William W.

PRIVATES

AUSTIN, LEROY F.

BARNES, EUGENE M.
BINKS, HEBBERT I.
BOROUGH, WILBUR G.
BRUENING, ALVIN J.
CRAVEN, NORMAN F.
MARTIN, GERALD W.

DIMOCK, FOREST M.
DUNN, SAMUEL C.
FRENCH, A. DEAN
GRAVES, HARVEY L.
MADISON, WILLIAM W.
MARSHALL, HERBERT E.

HISTORY

Headquarters Battery and Combat Train, Second Battalion, 168th Field Artillery, was organized and re-

ceived Federal Recognition on April 14, 1936.
For some months it had been known that Colorado was to receive this additional organization. Through the efforts of Lt. Col. James Floyd Neff, Infantry Reserve, and other interested parties, the organization was allotted to Colorado Springs. Recruiting petitions were

circulated, and obtained a surplus of signers. As no other suitable building was available for an armory, the city-owned building at 2832 West Colorado Avenue was obtained for this purpose, through the interest of Mayor George Birdsall, City Manager Earl L. Moseley, and the City Council. This building is still the Armory.

At the time of organization, Ed. C. Johnson was Governor. Neil Kimball was Adjutant General and

ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHTH FIELD ARTILLERY

Capt. R. C. Royall was United States Property and Disbursing Officer. Capt. Joseph Ryan, Adjutant of the 168th Field Artillery, gave the oath of enlistment to the twentynine enlisted men allowed, and the oath of office to the three officers.

The battery was organized with Capt. Arthur Eugene Burt, Battery Commander, 1st Lt. Claude S. Thompson and 2nd Lt. Fart J. Reed. and 2nd Lt. Thomas W. Sergeant.

Uniforms were received very quickly, and in June of 1936, less than two months after organization, this battery marched to its first field training camp near Fountain, Colorado. Although it had received almost no equipment, it received valuable training in cooperation with Regimental Headquarters Battery and their equipment.

In June of 1937, the battery participated in the field training period at Pueblo, Colorado. By this time a large portion of equipment had been received, and the battery was able to take its place in the tactical work of the Second Battalion. During this camp, it received the first motor vehicle, and shortly after returning to home station received two G. M. C. Four Wheel drive trucks.

All training came to a climax when the battery participated in the maneuvers of the Third Army at Pole Mountain, Wyoming, in August, 1938. By this time, the equipment was nearly complete, and the battery was able to complete all its missions with credit.

This battery takes its traditions from old "C" Battery of the 148th Field Artillery, of Mexican Border and World War campaigns.

The officers and enlisted men fully subscribe to the regimental motto "Accomplished with Energy".

- 1. Motor Section 2. Observation
- 3. Instruction.
- 4. Non-Commissioned Officers.
- Radio Section.
- 6. Telephone Section.
- 7. Instrument and Scout Section.
- 8. Radio Section, Summit of Pike's Peak.
- 9. Pistol Instruction.
- 10. Radio Detail Operating with Airplane Observation Fire.



ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHTH FIELD ARTI

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Captain Don J. Malcolm First Lieutenant Roy E. Hannah Second Lieutenant RICHARD S. ANDERSON

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICER

First Sergeant GORDON B. WILLIAMS

STARLING, RICHARD G. FULKERSON, ERNEST E.

HALLER, GEORGE J. STEVENS, HOWARD E. HURD, CLARK W. WYLAND, HUBERT W.

CORPORALS

CHAPMAN, ORVILLE W. O'DELL, RAY R. DIVINE, ROBERT E. SLATER, THOMAS V. HURZELER, JIM E. WARREN, LAWRENCE L.

WARREN, RAYMOND M.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

BISHOP, WILBUR E. JONES, TONY DAVIS, JOHN V. Maes, John J. HARMAN, PAUL J. MARTINEZ, FRED S. HOLMES, JAMES E. Morford, Ralph L. Jennings, John A. POWELL, GUY C.

SCHULTZ, ORVIN O.

PRIVATES

AKERS, KENNETH R. LANE, LEE

BURNS, ROBERT E.

ANDERSON, HAROLD C. MAES, ABES S.

Anderson, John L. MAES, ALFONSO S.

MALONE, KENNETH D.

CRAWFORD, CHARLES R. МЕЦІОТТ, ЈАСОВ R.

MORFORD, EDWARD E. Crooks, John J.

DARBY, HOWARD O. Phariss, Carl C.

GARCIA, JERRY A. SHEELY, JAMES R.

HICKEL, GILMORE N. SMITH, HERBERT H.

HICKEL, REID F. SCOTER, JAMES K.

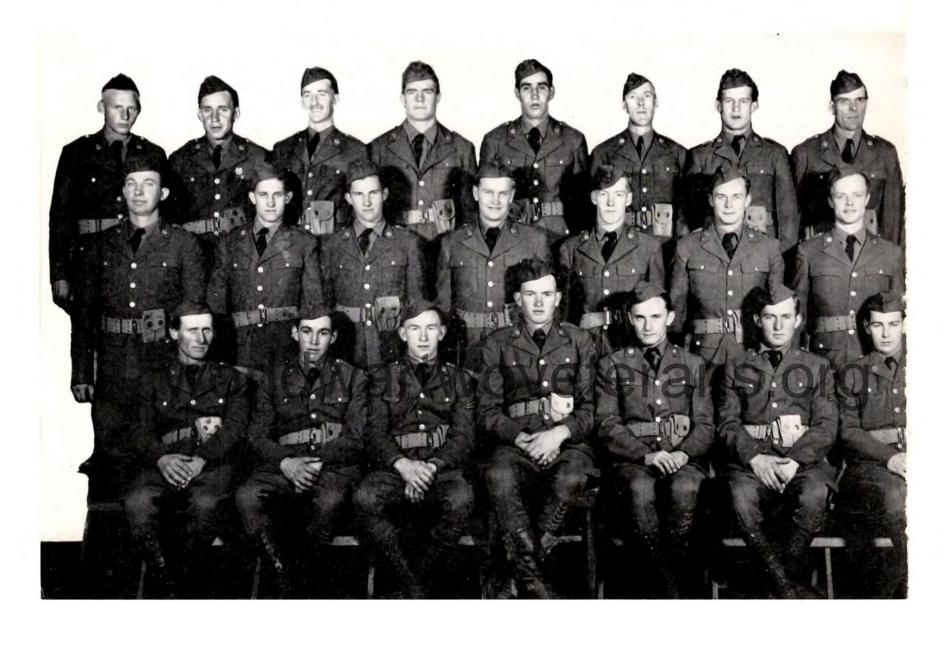
HUFFMAN, WILLIAM E. SYDENSTRICKER, JAMES E.

HUNT, WOODROW W. VAN WINKLE, PIERCE S.

JARRETT, JOHN A. VOIGHT, RAY F.

KASER, CHARLES L. WADLEIGH, KENNETH H.

WORTHINGTON, JAMES W.



HISTORY

Battery "D" 168th Field Artillery United States National Guard, was first organized as:

Troop "A" 111th Cavalry.... April 26, 1920

First Drill was held...... May 22, 1926

Was mustered in...... Luly 7, 1920

An Armory was built on April 11, 1921. This was the first of the new Armories to be built under the new Na

Federal recognition......October 7, 1921

This organization was organized by George M. Corlett of Monte Vista, Colorado.

First Troop Commander... Capt. George M. Corlett
First First Lieutenant... Lieut. John Rawlings
First Second Lieutenant... Lieut. Ralph Baird
First First Sergeant..... 1st Sgt. Jack L. Nelson

Officers were at that time elected by the enlisted personnel of the Troop.

At this time Monte Vista did not have an Armory, and the Troop was stationed at what is now known as Masonic Hall, but was then known as Bechtel Hall. tional Defense Act in Colorado, and the Troop then transferred its headquarters and equipment into the new building in May of 1921. By this time the Troop was completely equipped, except for animals.

RATTERY ""

First call to Field Duty: Troop "A" 111th Cavalry was mobilized for duty in Pueblo Flood on June 4, 1921 at 6:00 P.M. Reporting for duty were two officers and forty-eight enlisted men. They were released from Flood duty on June 17, 1921.

Troop "A", 111th Cavalry, received its first animals on July 8, 1921, from United States Army Reservation in Basin, Wyoming. During the Pueblo Flood, the Troop was without animals, except those furnished by Troop "C" of Pueblo, Colorado.

In March of 1922, the Unit was redesignated as Troop "D", 111th Cavalry. It was then later redesignated as Troop "A", 117th Separate Squadron of Cavalry

The Unit attended its first Field Training Camp in June, 1923. It has attended each successive Field Training Camp up to the last, which was held in June of 1939.

During these years as a Troop of Cavalry, the Unit repeatedly won Cups and Pennants as the Best Troop in Camp, Best in Administration, Best Stables. Major A. H. Mueller was the Troop's first Regular Army Instructor, and taught the Troop the Famous Musical Drill, for which the Unit became well-known, and performed before large crowds, at Fitzsimons Hospital, Denver City Park, Rifle Range, Colorado, Ft. D. A.



SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

First Row: T. Jones, A. S. Maes, T. V. Slater, J. A. Jarrett, R. E. Divine, H. W. Wyland, H. C. Anderson.

SECOND ROW: G. J. Haller, H. O. Darby, K. D. Malone, H. E. Stevens, P. S. Van Winkle, J. E. Hurzeler, J. K. Scoter, L. L. Warren.

Third Row: J. R. Sheely, R. G. Starling, R. M. Warren, W. W. Hunt, J. J. Maes, G. B. Williams, J. J. Crooks, E. E. Fulkerson, R. R. O'Dell.

The Troop was converted to Artillery on August 1, 1933, and designated as Battery "D" 168th Field Artillery (Truck-drawn). All Officers and enlisted personnel were transferred in grade when the change was made.

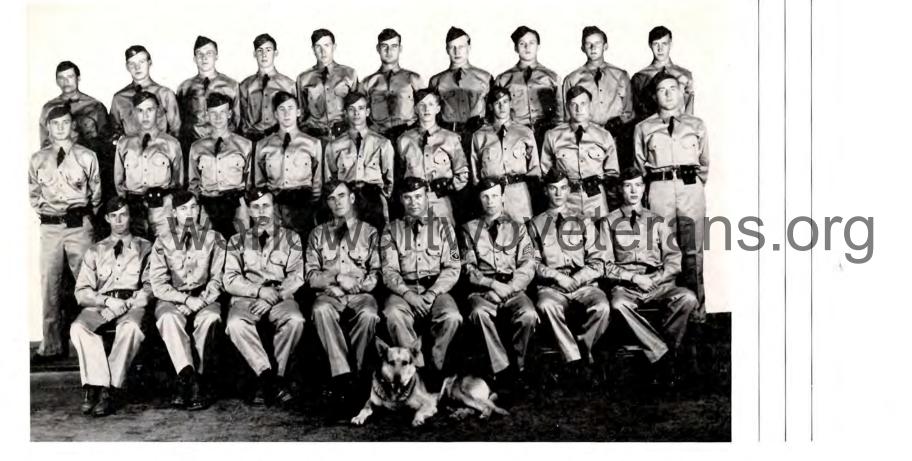
cussell, Cheyenne, Wyoming, etc.

MONTE VISTA, COLORADO









FIRST Row: J. M. Brooks, H. W. Calvin, C. S. Awenius, J. O'Keefe, D. K. Farnsworth, J. M. Rowley, M. H. Nelson, H. L.

SECOND ROW: H. N. Wicks, E. L. Mitchell, F. P. Reyman, R. T. Woodson, C. B. Rames, R. E. Rosen, F. I. Burton, W. D. Watson, W. R. Awenius.

THIRD ROW: J. V. Little, R. D. Ball, B. J. Kelly, L. L. Behrman, J. D. Miller, R. L. Meroz, R. R. Held, J. R. Eberhart, J. H. Rebel, W. F. Kilian.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Captain		,				i.	RALPH M. BITLER
First Lieutenant							George G. Smith
Second Lieutenant	ì				5		FORREST CRANMER
Second Lieutenant							WILLIAM J. EDWARDS

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICER

First Sergeant DENNY K. FARNSWORTH

SERGEANTS

FLANDERS, ROBERT C.

RONINGER, LOUIS E.

HINDS, EDWARD C.

ROWLEY, JAMES M.

HOFFMAN, WILLIAM D.

STEGALL, VIRGIL T.

O'KEEFE, JAMES

WICKS, HERBERT N.

CORPORALS

AWENIUS, CHARLES S.

NEWTON, HORACE R.

LITTLE, JACK V.

SHAFFER, HARRISON L.

WARD, PRESTON C.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS Second Battalion TW

DENVER, COLORADO

Evans, Arthur D. HOLMES, WALTER I. RAMES, CLAUDE B.

REYMAN, FRANK P.

ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHTH FIELD ARTILLERY

[120]

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

RODDY, JAMES P. ROSEN, ROBERT E. STEEN, BARNETT H. TURNER, HERMAN B. VICKERY, WILLIAM C. WEBSTER, ROBERT H. WEINER, MARVIN H. WICKHAM, WILLIAM F.

PRIVATES

ALESHIRE, RICHARD A. BALKENBUSH, EDGAR L. BALKENBUSH, NORBERT C. BEAGHLER, RICHA BEHRMAN. BLUNK, CHESTER Brooks, John M. BRANT, JACK A. CALVIN, HAROLD W. CHAPMAN, BURT I. COFFMAN, CARL G. EBERHART, JOHN R. EDELEN, CARL H. EDINGTON, ARNOLD H. ERICKSON, CLIFFORD C. EUBANKS, CHARLES T. EVANS, MERVIN D. HELD, RUTHERFORD R. KELLY, BERNARD J. KINNEY, BRUCE W. KNIGHT, CHARLES S.

LEWIS, KENNETH K.

McGuckin, Challon E. MEROZ, ROBERT L. MILLER, JAMES D. REBEL, JOSEPH H. REED, TORRENCE D. RIMER, LELAND C. ROBINSON, ROBERT D. SEIDENBERG, RUSSELL A. SMITH, MOTTIE A. SUTTERFIELD, CLIFTON E. THOMAS, CHARLES S. VANHOOSE, WARREN B. VICKERY, BENJAMIN F. WALDEN, CARL J. WALLING, EVERETT L. WESTBROOK, PARVIN P.

WHEELER, GEORGE M.

WILLIAMS, LESLIE W.

WILSON, EDWIN L.

Woodson. Richard T.

SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

First Row: C. J. Walden, W. F. Wickham, A. H. Edington, R. C. Flanders, L. E. Roninger, B. H. Steen, W. I. Holmes, V. T. Stegall, W. C. Vickery.

SECOND ROW: W. D. Hoffman, B. J. Chapman, R. L. Beaghler, B. F. Vickery, M. A. Smith, C. S. Knight, T. D. Reed, C. E. Sutterfield, L. W. Williams.

THIRD ROW: E. L. Wilson, E. L. Walling, C. L. Blunk, R. E. McGlothlin, R. H. Webster, K. K. Lewis, R. A. Seidenberg, G. G. Smith, E. C. Hinds, N. C. Balkenbush.

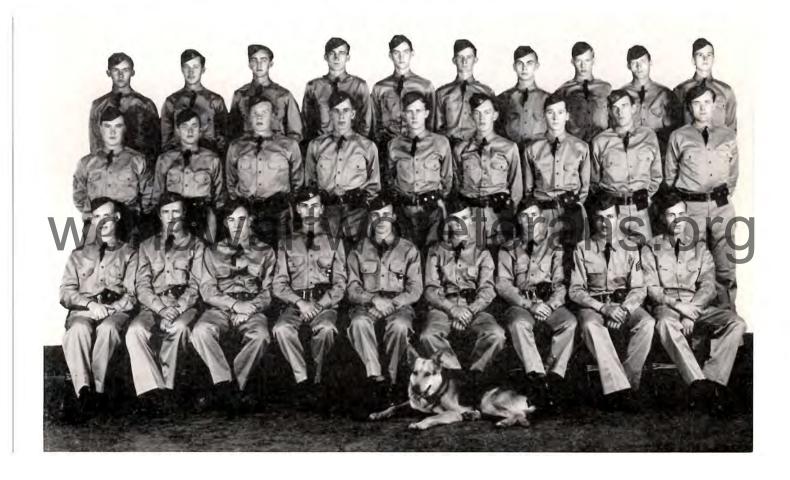
HISTORY

Battery "E", 168th Field Artillery was first organized as Headquarters Battery and Combat Train, First Battalion, 158th Field Artillery on May 4, 1923, at Denver, Colorado. The original personnel was acquired by the transfer of an excess of enlisted men from the service Company, 157th Infantry. Capt. R. H. Jancke commanded the newly formed unit, assisted by 1st Lt. R. T. Wilson and 2nd Lt. T. T. Houghton. On June 25, 1926, a transfer was made that gave our unit the designation as Headquarters Battery and Combat Train, Separate Battalion, 168th Field Artiller (Horse), and assigned

National Guard Bureau formed a motorized regiment and our organization was finally designated as Battery "E", 168th Field Artillery, (Truck-Drawn).

The officers with Battery "E" at the time of the transfer were Capt. Ralph M. Bitler, Commanding the Battery; 1st Lt. Fred L. Plahte, Battery executive; 2nd Lt. George G. Smith, Assistant executive; and 2nd Lt. Frank B. Queen, Reconnaissance Officer. Upon the promotion of Lt. Plahte to a Captaincy, 2nd Lt. Smith was promoted to a First Lieutenant. Sgt. William J. Edwards was promoted to a Second Lieutenancy to fill the vacancy. After Lt. Queen's promotion to Major Medical Corps, he resigned and left the State, locating in Chicago, Illinois. 2nd Lt. Forrest Cranmer, a graduate of Princeton, R. O. T. C., was appointed to fill his place.

Our First Sergeant, Denny K. Farnsworth, who is also our caretaker, and a First Lieutenant in the National Guard of the United States, has made an enviable record both as a First Sergeant and a caretaker. Instrument Sgt. James Rowley, is also a Second Lieutenant in the National Guard of the United States. Sgt. Louis Roninger made the highest score for the Colorado National Guard at Camp Perry in 1939. Other Sergeants have a minimum of seven years' service in the Battery. Recruiting is handled entirely by the enlisted personnel, and every recruit must be vouched for by someone in the Battery. There has been no cause for disciplinary action in the Battery since its formation as Battery "E", and we have always been mighty proud of our Federal Inspection Reports.



ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHTH FIELD ARTILLERY



SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

First Row: J. N. Buchanan, C. W. Hayes, H. W. Walby, C. C. Galbarith, M. C. Esley.

SECOND ROW: F. Ratliff, R. E. Gray, W. E. Walby, T. E. Sisson, R. P. Ray, E. G. Britton, L. H. Cox.

Third Row: J. J. Sabo, N. T. Mahoney, A. C. Derby, J. E. Dumbolton, M. Aronofsky, W. R. Reed, C. W. Beatty, M. E. Mallot.



COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Captain					. Т.	R.	MALONE
First Lieutenant		٠			. L	SLIE	A. LINN
Second Lieutenant		i.		Ro	LLAND	M.	Knobbs
Second Lieutenant		,			. Сн	ARLES	D. REA

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICER

First Sergeant John N. Buchanan

SERGEANTS

DERBY, ALBERT C.

RATLIFF, FLOYD

GALBARITH, CLIFFORD C. HAYES, CLARENCE W.

RISLEY, ROBERT H.

CORPORALS

WELCH, DONALD E.

Aronofsky, Max

MALLOT, MITCHEL E.

BEATTY, CHARLES W. Mahoney, Neil, T.

RAY, RALSTON P.

SISSON, THOMAS E. SMITH, DORSEY H.

Second Battalion

PUEBLO, COLORADO

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

CRISPI, ALPHONSO DALTON, ARTHUR F. DEVORE, GORDON K.

DUMBOLTON, JAMES E.

GOTT, RALPH G.

GRAY, ROBERT E.

DIRKLAND, LEROY D.

Musselman, Gus G.

PERKINS, HARRY W.

RADCLIFF, RAYMOND R.

SCHNEDLER, VERNON A.

ZIMMERMAN, WALTER T.

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PRIVATES

AKIN, ELLIS W.
BALLOU, JOHN C.
BELCHER, FRED R.
BLACKWELL, WILLIAM E.
BURNHAM, ALLEN E.
BRITTON, ERNEST G.
COX, LLOYD H.
DEROSSETT, CLYDE C.
DIXON, HERBERT J.
DYKES, KENNETH F.
EDSON, FONDA L.
ESLEY, MERRILL C.
JOHNSON, DALE W.

Jones, Clair N.
Jones, Clarence J.
Kasan, Micheal, W.
Lopex, Joe D.
Mergurite, Alex P.
Mason, Harold G.
McMichaes, Robert
Morton, Joe A.
Ondovick, Joseph A.
Opp, William A.
Phillips, Benjiman T.
Radcliff, George H.
Ramsey, Robert J.

REED, WARREN R. ROSSON, FRANK C. ROWLEY, BUYRL T. SABO, JOE J. SALMONS, CULLIE H. TRUSTY, MARION M. WALBY, HARLON W. WALBY, WESLEY F. WEBER, WILLIAM A. YOUNGER, DEWEY F.

SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

First Row: W. A. Weber, F. C. Rosson, W. A. Opp, R. H. Risley, A. E. Burnham.

SECOND ROW: A. Crispi, W. E. Blackwell, D. A. Armstrong, D. E. Younger, A. F. Dalton, C. C. DeRossett, M. M. Trusty.
Third Row: L. D. Dirkland, G. H. Radcliff, C. H. Salmons, R. G. Gott, M. W. Kasan, J. C. Ballou. F. R. Belcher.



HISTORY

The present Battery "F" was organized in Pueblo, Colorado, as Battery "A" 158th Field Artillery and so designated to be effective on November 1, 1921 under the Command of Richard A. Talbott.

The Battery was in process of organization when the terrible flood of June 3, 1921 struck Pueblo. Enlistment was greatly accelerated by the emergency, and the Battery was thrown under martial law to help maintain order. With this sudden baptism of activity—Battery "A" became an active organization, and a good one in a hurry.

Capt. Richard A. Talbott's resignation was accepted January 10, 1922. Capt. Chester K. Fletcher took over the Battery on January 11, 1922, and it was under his Command until August 1, 1922.

Capt. Jacob D. G. Davis assumed Command of the Battery on September 8, 1922 until October 1, 1923.

From October 1, 1923, until December 13, 1923, Thomas H. Dameron Commanded the Battery. The Battery

as H. Dameron Commanded the Battery. The Battery was then Commanded by Capt. Leon M. Knebel until July 1, 1924, at which time Capt. Aubry J. Keif assumed Command.

On July 1, 1926 the Battery was redesignated from Battery "C" 158th Field Artillery to Battery "C" 168th Field Artillery Battalion (Horse).

On November 9, 1927, the Battery was placed on active duty to guard at the County Jail, Pueblo, Colo-

rado, in connection with the Coal Strike of Colorado.

October 3, 1929, Battery "C" was again called to active duty to guard at the Colorado State Prison during the riot at the Penitentiary.

Capt. Keif Commanded the Battery until December 5, 1929.

Capt. Ronald H. Peters Commanded Battery "C" 168th Field Artillery from December 12, 1929 to August 1, 1933, when the 168th Field Artillery Regiment was organized and became motorized.

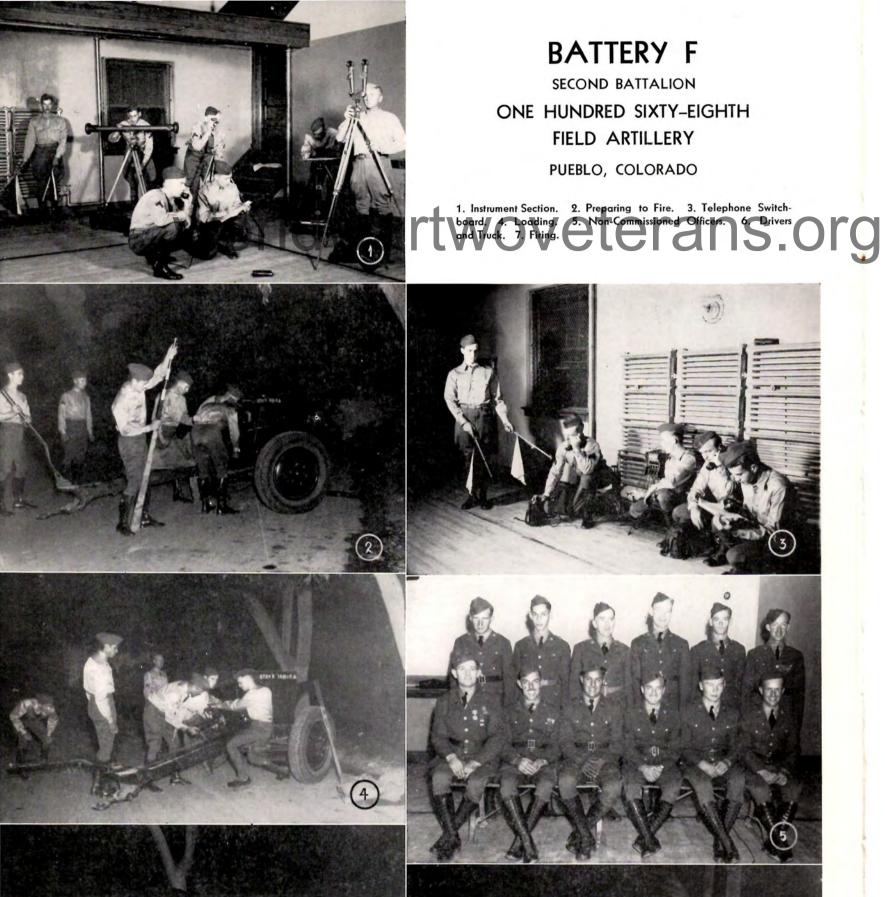
Capt. Peters was appointed Major in Command of the Second Battalion. The organization regretfully said good-bye to the famous old white horses than were veterans of the "World War".

Capt. T. R. Peck was in Command of the new motorized Battery. September 1, 1933 Battery "C" was redesignated to Battery "F" 168th Field Artillery. (Truck-drawn), and has continued under this name up to the present date.

Capt. Peck was transferred to the Service Battery and

Capt. Peck was transferred to the Service Battery and was replaced by Capt. Thomas R. Malone, May 22, 1936, who is now the present Commander of Battery "F" 168th Field Artillery (Truck-Drawn).

On June 28, 1937, Battery "F" 168th Field Artillery was again called to active duty for the "Grass-Hopper War" in southeastern Colorado. They were relieved of duty August 31, 1937.





First Row: P. A. Snapp, P. B. Keithley, R. H. Dey, H. Mirton S. E. sackett, W. L. Austin.

SECOND ROW: R. M. Cameron, G. C. Dykeman, J. B. Norton, J. J. Zirkle, P. R, Lanphear, J. E. Dale.

THIRD ROW: B. H. Skold, E. Townsend, Roy L. Herrin, J. A. Wilson, J. W. Schorer, R. W. Blake, V. E. Cram, W. F. Cram.











DUANE F. HARTSHORN Major, MC FRED A. HUMPHREY Captain, MC

ALFRED M. LININGER Captain, DC EDGAR DURBIN Captain, MC

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT DETACHMENT

ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHTH FIELD ARTILLERY

FORT COLLINS, COLORADO

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Major			DUANE F. HARTSHORN
Captain			Edgar Durbin
Captain			. FRED A. HUMPHREY
Captain			ALFRED M. LININGER

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICER

Staff Sergeant . . . VICTOR E. CRAM

SERGEANTS

Mitton, Harlan Skold, Bernard H. Wilson, John A.

CORPORAL

Dale, Joe E.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

BLAKE, RICHARD W.
CRAM, WILFORD F.
DEY, ROBERT H.
ZIRKLE, JOHN J.
LANPHEAR, PAUL R.
SNAPP, PRESTON A.
TOWNSEND, ELMER

PRIVATES

ANDERSON, EVERETT R.
AUSTIN, WAYNE L.
BRUNNER, JAMES R.
BURKE, RAYMOND W.
CAMERON, REDBERT M.
CASE, ROBERT B.
DEAN, EDWARD P.
DYKEMAN, GORDON C.
SCHORER, JACK W.

ENGLISH, JAMES G.
GIRA, PAUL A.
KEITHLY, PAUL E.
NEUJAHR, ROY E.
NORTON, JOHN B.
POST, WILLIAM A.
SACKETT, STANLEY E.

HISTORY

Under letter of allotment, dated November 5, 1923, the present unit was organized as Medical Department Detachment, First Battalion, 158th Field Artillery, was inspected and mustered into State service at Pueblo on January 29, 1924. It was extended Federal recogni-

(Continued on Page 153









First Aid.

Squad Lifting Patient to Litter.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

Instruction in Artificial Respiration.





COMPANY "C"

R. D. CALDWELL First Lieutenant

JOHN A. MILLER Second Lieutenant

SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

First Row: J. D. Lehman, J. K. Smith, J. Rendon, B. D. Hardison, L. C. Smith, L. L. Baca, W. S. Abeyta, J. C. Swanson.

SECOND Row: A. Marquez, G. W. Armento, G. E. Morrow, E. C. Bunzel, B. Gutierrez, E. L. Beville, G. Twining, D. D. Tanck, J. D. Thomas.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

First Lieutenant					RA	LPH D.	CALDWELL
Second Lieutenant						JOHN	A. MILLER

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICER

First Sergeant Boyd D. Hardison

SERGEANTS

BEVILLE, EUGENE L. FERGUSON, JAMES CHAPMAN, FRANK M. Morrow, Guy E. WILLIAMS, JOHN R.

CORPORALS

Morrow, Jack FRANTI, KUSTI GUTIERREZ, BENNIE RANDALL, EDWARD C. SMITH, LEWIS C.

PRIVATES, FIRST CLASS

Worldwartwark

CURRAN, JOSEPH F. ERDMAN, WALLIS A.

LANCE, LEON L. LEHMAN, JOHN D.

STERMER, LEWIS R.

ONE HUNDRED TWENTIETH QUARTER

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PRIVATES

Armento, George W.	PADILLA, ARTHUR
BACA, LEE L.	Pyle, Fred B.
BAUER, MARVIN L.	RENDON, JOHN
BUNZEL, EVERETTE C.	ROMERO, WILLIAM A.
CLIFF, EDWARD A.	SCHENKEIR, LEO W.
DAVIS, CHESTER A.	Serrano, Joseph
GUNBY, RUSSELL A.	SMITH, JACK K.
MARQUEZ, ALPHONSO	Swanson, Jack C.
McAuley, Jack A.	TANCK, DON D.
McClintick, Harry V.	TEFFT, LATHAM E.
McDonald, Chester L.	Thomas, John D.
Moseley, Hardin H.	TWINING, GEORGE
Navarro, Philip J.	VASQUEZ, RAY

HISTORY

Company "C", 120th Quartermaster Regiment, was organized at Camp George West, Golden, Colorado, and received Federal recognition April 1, 1937.

Company, and John A. Miller, Staff Sergeam, state Quartermaster Detachment, were elected officers,

James Frank Ardourel, then Lieutenant in the Tank

Ardourel, Captain, and Miller, Lieutenant. Company "C" had an enlisted personnel of forty-eight men.

SHOWN INNPHOTOGRAPH

First Row: E. C. Randall, W. M. Girtin, L. R. Stermer, P. J. Navarro, L. W. Schenkeir, J. F. Curran, J. Brake, K. Franti.

SECOND ROW: W. A. Romero, W. A. Erdman, C. A. Davis, L. L. Lance, C. L. McDonald, J. Ferguson, J. Morrow, F. M. Chapman, A. Padilla.



Some very fine training was received by this unit during the maneuvers of the 1938 National Guard encampment at Pole Mountain, Wyoming.

May 5, 1939, Captain Ardourel resigned, and on May 10, 1939, Lt. Ralph D. Caldwell was placed in command. May 11, 1939, 1st Sgt. Omer Hedden resigned, and on May 15, 1939, Boyd Hardison was appointed First Sergeant.

La Calciwell, formerly of the 468th Field Artillery, has had fifteen years National Guard experience. Ist

Sgt. Hardison was First Lieutenant in Company "E," 325th Infantry, during the World War.

MASTER REGIMENT --- DENVER, COLORADO





ONE HUNDRED TWENTIETH QUARTERMASTER REGIMENT

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- 1. Servicing Trucks.
- 2. Non-Commissioned Officers.
- 3. Ready to Leave on Convoy Drill.
- 4. Convoy.
- 5. Company Front.
- 6. Trucks in Formation.

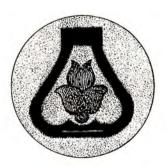






TWENTY-FOURTH CAVALRY DIVISION DETACHMENT

Headquarters
worldwartwoveters.org





WILLIAM Q. HOWELL Lieut.-Colonel Asst. C. of S., G-4



RONALD H. PETERS Lieut.-Colonel AGD



FLOYD CROSS Major VC

HISTORY

The 24th Cavalry Division includes the States of Colorado, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Washington and Wyoming, with Division Headquarters at Topeka, Kansas.

In the distribution of organizations of the division, Colorado has been allotted Headquarters (part), 168th Field Artillery, (75mm, Truck-Drawn), 128th Engineer Squadron and the 124th Medical Squadron, the latter two organizations remaining unorganized. The Detachment Headquarters consists of three officers in Colorado, namely: Lt. Col. William Q. Howell, assistant chief of

Adjutant General's Department, Monte Vista, Colorado, and Maj. Floyd Cross, Veterinary Corps, Fort Collins, Colorado.

staff, Denver, Colorado; Lt. Col. Ronald H. Peter

FREDERICK W. BONFILS
Major
Commanding 120th Observation
Squadron

OFFICERS

ONE HUNDRED TWENTIETH ITTOUSENATION

TWENTY-FOURTH DIVISION AVIATION
DENVER, COLORADO



HARRISON W. WELLMAN, JR. Captain RAYMOND M. WILSON Captain

HOMER G. SWEET Captain STANFORD W. GREGORY Captain

















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HENRY S. HOUGHTON Captain EUGENE CUNNINGHAM First Lieutenant BAXTER L. IRELAND First Lieutenant FORD E. WILLIAMS First Lieutenant

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FIRST ROW: HARLEY A. TEALL First Lieutenant

DANIEL F. BURNS First Lieutenant

WILLIAM B. OGLE First Lieutenant

MANFRED W. SWINK First Lieutenant

SECOND ROW: CHARLES L. SCHLIECKER First Lieutenant

THIRD ROW: HARRY B. COMBS Second Lieutenant

JOHN H. STARK Second Lieutenant

ALFRED E. BENT Second Lieutenant

STANLEY E. JAMELLIER Second Lieutenant

FOURTH ROW:
VIRGIL W. VAUGHAN
Second Lieutenant

VIRGIL W. VAUGHAN
Second Lieutenant

LLOYD C. FULENWIDER Second Lieutenant

J. BINGHAM MORRIS Second Lieutenant



FIRST Row: O. R. Hansen, Jr., L. L. Lauck, L. W. Cameron. R. B. Lauck, L. D. De Pry, L. E. Shumaker, R. E. Anderson, S. M, Morrison, J. A. Fiori.

SECOND Row: A. R. Metzger, L. H. Summers, Sr., S. T. Mc-Grew, S. E. McMann, J. R. Ludwig, L. H. Summers, Jr., M. F. Buckbee, R. E. Dobrusky, W. M. Baldwin.



ONE HUNDRED TWENTIETH OBSERVATION SQUADRON

TWENTY-FOURTH DIVISION AVIATION

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

MAJOR FREDERICK W. BONFILS

CAPTAINS

STANFORD W. GREGORY HOMER G. SWEET

HENRY S. HOUGHTON HARRISON W. WELLMAN, JR.

RAYMOND M. WILSON

FIRST LIEUTENANTS

ROBERT L. AINSWORTH CHARLES L. SCHLIECKER DANIEL F. BURNS MANFRED W. SWINK EUGENE CUNNINGHAM HARLEY A. TEALL BAXTER L. IRELAND CLAUDE B. THOMPSON WILLIAM B. OGLE FORD E. WILLIAMS

HOWARD M. WILLIAMS

SECOND LIEUTENANTS

ALFRED E. BENT STANLEY E. JAMELLIER EDWARD C. FACKERELL JAMES B. MORRIS TROW E. SEBREE JOHN L. FELLOWS LLOYD C. FULENWIDER, JR. JOHN H. STARK THOMAS E. HALPIN VIRGIL W. VAUGHAN

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

MASTER SERGEANTS

BURNELL, JACK CASTETTER, RONALD A.

McGrew, Samuel T.

TECHNICAL SERGEANTS ANNIS, JEROME T. COLLIER, JAMES F.

FIRST SERGEANT

EMPEY, MAURICE M.

STAFF SERGEANTS

CARPENTER, CHARLES L. FIORI, JOSEPH A.

PARRISH, PAUL R. RUPE, WILLIAM H. KERBEL, WALTER SMITH, FRED R.

THATCHER, HOWARD S.

SERGEANTS

GODSOE, ARTHUR G.

LARSON, FERDINAND L.



CORPORALS

DE PRY, LAWRENCE D. LAUCK, L. L.

SUMMERS, LOYD H., SR. PISCIOTTA, PETE

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

LAUCK, RICHARD B.

ARD B. McClure, Donald D. Summers, Loyd H., Jr.

PRIVATES

AEBISCHER, REX F. BALDWIN, WILLIAM M. BOGREN, STANLEY E. Brown, John W. BUCKBEE, KENNETH A. CAMERON, LONNIE W. CAMPBELL, LORENZO F. CLARK, ROBERT E., JR. COMPTON, GORDON F. COOK, ARTHUR H. Cox, John J. CRAFT, ACE C. CREED, JOHN B. DIXON, WILLIAM J. DOBRUSKY, RALPH E. DUNLAP, WILLIAM J. EASTON, HADLEY D. ELLIOTT, JIM N. FISHER, NORMAN C. GREEN, HAROLD S. HANSEN, OLUF R., JR. HARDESTY, RAYMOND R. HARTLEY, VORACE H.

JOHNSON, WILLIAM H. JONES, JOHN P. LAMKIN, RICHARD C. LEEDOM, ROY E. LINDSAY, FRANKLIN H. MACFARLANE, WILLIAM V. MATHEWS, CHARLES W. McMann, Stanley E. METZGER, ALBERT R. MICHAEL, WALTER D. MORRIS, JAMES B. Morse, Bernard V. NELSON, CALVIN L. NIEOMELLER, CLYDE I. O'ROURKE, SAM P. REESE, WALTER M. SCHAFER, WILLIAM SHUMAKER, LAWRENCE E. SIETSEMA, RAY S. SLAGLE, WILLIAM E. SPEAK, PAUL R. VANNORSDEL, DALE G. WINGET, WILFORD C.

HISTORY

The 120th Observation Squadron, 45th Division Aviation, was organized at Denver, Colorado in 1923, and was granted Federal recognition on June 27, 1923. The initial year saw little activity other than the securing of a suitable landing field and buildings. The first airplanes, war-time "Jennies", were received in 1924 and the Squadron began flying training at Lowry Field at 38th Avenue and Dahlia Street.

SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

First Row: V. H. Hartley, P. R. Speak, F. J. Wilhoft, C. W. Mathews, S. P. O'Rourke, W. J. Dunlap, J. B. Creed, W. Kerbel, M. M. Empey.

Second Row: R. E. Leedom, D. G. Vannorsdel, J. T. Annis, W. H. Johnson, G. D. Nicholls, C. L. Carpenter, J. Burnell, R. R. Hardesty.

An additional flight (Flight "B") was organized at Pueblo, Colorado and Federally recognized November 14, 1924. On June 30, 1928 Flight "B" was disbanded, and the Denver unit was redesignated the 120th Observation Squadron, 45th Division Aviation. During that year also was added the 120th Photo Section and the Medical Department Detachment and granted Federal recognitions respectively July 13, 1924, and July 29, 1924.

The Squadron was first commanded by Maj. Carl S. Milliken, in 1923, followed by Maj. William E. Dayton, 1924 to 1927, Maj. Bruce Kistler, 1927 to 1929, Maj. Carlos I. Reavis, 1929 to 1932, Maj. Virgil D. Stone, 1932 to 1938 and Maj. Frederick W. Bonfils, the present Commanding Officer.

The progress of the organization throughout the past sixteen years has been gradual but highly satisfactory. From the old war time "Jennies", the unit graduated to Douglas 0-2Cs, Consolidated 0-17s, Douglas 0-2Hs and 0-38s, Thomas Morse 0-19Es and the present 0-47A manufactured by the North American Company. From miscellaneous flying, training has progressed to meet the requirements of the War Department Training Directives

tion, formation flying, instrument flying, liaison exercises, night flying, radio and visual communication, photographic and reconnaissance missions, until today the Squadron is a highly trained, efficient organization, capable of performing all missions required in its capacity of observation aviation.

hich cover aerial gumnery, artillery adjustment, naviga-

(Continued on page 154)



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FIRST Row: H. W. Belles, A. Byma, W. J. Champion, W. W. Carlton, R. N. McGuire, M. L. Harkey.

SECOND ROW: F. E. Harburg, S. G. Clark, J. M. Williams, A. J. De Saverio, J. P. Harburg, L. M. Hess, K. A. McPherson.

120TH PHOTO SECTION

24th Division Aviation

First Lieutenant COMMISSIONED OFFICERS
. WILLIAM C. CALHOUN

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

Master Sergeant Jewell C. Cann Staff Sergeant ARTHUR B. COOPER Lloyd M. Hess Staff Sergeant . Staff Sergeant Edwin A. Rudolph

SERGEANT

DE SAVERIO, ALBERT J.

PRIVATES FIRST CLASS

ALIXOPULOS, HEDRICK A. Byma, Adolph

HARKEY, MARION L. MEWBORN, AL L., JR.

SPENCER, CURTIS W.

First Lieutenant

CHAMPION, WILLIAM J. CLARK, SAM G. HARBURG, FREDERIC E.

McPherson, Kenneth A WICH, GEORGE H. WILLIAMS, JOHN M.

DENVER, COLORADO

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MEDICAL DEPARTMENT world-wart-weiterans.org

24th Division Aviation

FORT COLLINS, COLORADO



HISTORY

This unit of the 24th Division Aviation was extended Federal recognition on July 29, 1924, as a part of the then 45th Division Aviation. The first Commanding Officer was Captain James L. Hammond, M. C., who, after he was extended Federal recognition on December 17, 1923, was carried as attached to the 120th Observation Squadron.

Captain Hammond resigned on May 5, 1925, and on July 23, 1925 Captain Nolie Mumey, the present Commanding Officer, was commissioned and assigned to duty with the unit as Flight Surgeon. Captain Mumey has always been a most efficient commander and Flight Surgeon, and his civilian practice and standing in the community has enabled him to bring into the unit an efficient and well qualified enlisted personnel, second to none in the aviation service.

SHOWN IN PHOTOGRAPH

Left to right: Captain Nolie Mumey, Flight Surgeon; Sgt. Mordell F. Buckbee; Corporal Fred J. Wilhoft; Pvt. Glenn D. Nicholls, Pvt. Kenneth C. Gorman.



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missary General's Department; a Signal Corps; a Squadron of Cavalry; one Light Battery, and two Regiments of Infantry. On April 25, 1898, war was formally declared against Spain by the United States, and an order of the Secretary of War, of the same date, specified as the quota of troops to be furnished by Colorado, one regiment of infantry and two troops of Cavalry. In harmony with this the National Guard of the State was mobilized in the city of Denver, April 29, 1898. Brigadier General Irving Hale, commanding the First Brigade, Colorado National Guard, was appointed Colonel of the First Regiment Infantry, Colorado Volunteers. The two Regiments were consolidated into one Regiment of Volunteers, and consisted of twelve companies. The regiment, consisting of 46 officers and 970 enlisted men, was mustered into the service of the United States on May 1, at Denver. The Regiment left Denver May 17, and arrived in San Francisco May 21. Being ordered to the Philippines, it sailed from San Francisco on the Steamship "China," June 15. On the 23rd the steamer touched at Hono-On July 4, Wake Island was taken for the United States, and General F. V. Greene, Commanding the Second Brigade, Colonel Hale of the First Colorado Volunteers, and others landed and raised the American Flag. On July 16 the troops arrived in Manila, and were assigned to the Second Brigade, Second Division, Eighth Army Corps, and stationed in the trenches in front of Malate. In the assault on Manila, August 13, the First Colorado took a very prominent part. After some artillery preparation, Colonel Hale was ordered to lead his regiment against the fortifications and capture Fort San Antonio de Abad. As General Greene said in a telegram to the Adjutant General of the Army, November 12, 1898, "The Colorado regiment, in particular, was extremely anxious to go to Manila, was always eager for duty, and performed enthusiastically whatever was required of them. They led the assault of August 13, and were justly proud of being the first to enter the Spanish Colonel Hale had given a flag to Lieutenant Brooks, Regimental Adjutant, and when the fort was taken the Spanish flag was hauled down, and Lieutenant Brooks raised the American Flag at 11:00 o'clock. This was the first American Flag raised over the fortifications. A few minutes later, Color Sergeant Richard Holmes, and the Color Guard, who had accompanied Company I to the attack at Malate, raised the National and Regimental Colors, on the upper story of the most prominent building in the vicinity, this being the first American Flag raised within the limits of Manila. The regimental band played "A Hot Time in the Old Town To-Night," but later in the day, when possession of the city was for-mally taken it played "The Star Spangled Banner" as the flag was hoisted in the central part of Manila. The regiment took part in many engagements in the Islands, and made an enviable record. It was mustered out of the service of the United States at San Francisco, Sept. 8, 1899, with 46 officers and 938 enlisted men.

The first Squadron of Cavalry, composed of two troops, A and B (Denver and Leadville), was organized and mustered into the service of the United States, at Denver and Cheyenne, Wyoning, and became the Second Regiment, United States Volunteer Cavalry. The Regiment was ordered to Jacksonville, Florida, and while it did not see service at the front, it was considered a very efficient force and upheld well the honor of the states it represented.

The second call of the President, May 25, 1898, for 75,000 volunteers, placed Colorado's quota as one Light Battery of Artillery, in addition to 330 recruits for the First Colorado Infantry, United States

Volunteers. Thus the Chaffee Light Artillery was mustered in at Denver, July 18. It left Fort Logan, August 10, and arrived at Fort Hancock, N. J., August 15. It was mustered out of the service of the United States November 7.

Captain Draper's company of Engineers, known as the Second Regiment United States Volunteer Engineers, recruited in Denver, was mustered into the United States service and placed on duty at Honolulu.

On account of mustering into the United States service so many of Colorado's military organizations, Adjutant General Overmyer, in his report of November 30, 1900, stated that when he assumed the duties of the office in December, 1898, the National Guard was disorganized. However, during his term there had been organized: Two regiments of Infantry; One Squadron of Cavalry; One Battery Light Artillery; One Signal Corps; and One Medical Department. The First Regiment consisted of eight companies, and the Second Regiment of seven. The total number of officers and men was 1,187. Owing to a riot in Lake City, March 16, 1899, Companies A and B of the First Regiment, and Companies A and B of the First Regiment, Troops B and C of the First Squadron Cavalry, and the Chaffee Light Artillery were called into service for a period of twelve days.

During the next two years the organizations remained much the same. On August 1, 1901, Boulder began a Quarto-Centennial Celebration. The First Regiment Infantry, the Chaffee Light Artillery, Troops B and C, First Squadron Cavalry, the Signal Corps and the Medical Corps went into Camp at Boulder and remained three days. The United States provided for a camp of instruction at Fort Riley September 29 to October 9, and invited the State of Colorado to send a detachment. A provisional Battalion of 219 was made up from the Regiment which attended the army maneuvers at Fort Riley.

It is rather interesting to note that the periods of greatest stress and trouble in Colorado run in cycles of 10. The "hard times" of 1893 saw distressing times in Colorado in which the National Guard had important duties to perform through 1893 and 1894. So we find, that the years 1903 and 1904 saw many strikes and much trouble in this State. The first was the Colorado City strike, March 3 to March 19, 1903. The sheriff of El Paso County and his deputies being unable to cope with the situation, petitioned the Governor for aid, and Companies A, B, K, of the First Regiment; Companies D and I of the Second Regiment; Troop C of the First Squadron Cavalry; Battery A, Chaffee Light Artillery, and the Signal Corps, were ordered into the field March 3, 1903, and remained there until the 19th of March when they were ordered to their home stations. The settlement at Colorado City did not allay the unrest, and trouble broke out in Cripple Creek which resulted in an order dated September 3, 1903, calling out the First Regiment, with Company H of the Second Regiment; Troops B, D, C, of the First Squadron of Cavalry; also Battery A, and the Signal Corps and the Medical Corps. The situation was a very difficult one; shootings, fires, and riots being the order of the day, so that the troops remained until April 12, 1904. While this trouble was on, the sheriff of San Mignel County at Telluride, and others made a demand for State troops to suppress a threatened tumult and acts of violence to persons and property, so on November 20, 1903, the following were ordered to go: Companies A, H, G, L, and B, First Infantry, I, Second Infantry, and Troops B and D, First Squadron Cavalry. By February 22 all of the officers and men were relieved from duty and sent home, except Troop A, First Squadron Cavalry, which was ordered into active duty on February 18,

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and was relieved from duty, March 9, 1904. Just thirteen days after this, owing to the fact that the sheriff of Las Animas County at Trinidad informed the Governor he was unable to preserve order and protect life and property against a body of about 1,500 lawless men, an order was issued calling into service: Troops B and C, First Squadron Cavalry, Companies C, H, L, First Regiment; Companies E and I, Second Infantry, part of the Signal Corps, and part of the Medical Corps, with a Section of Battery A. The troops arrived in Trinidad on March 23, 1904. The campaign lasted until June 12, 1904. Just six days before this date, the Independence Depot in the Cripple Creek District was blown up and a number of men were killed. On June 7, 1904, Companies Land If of the Second Infantry were called into service. Many violent agitators and undesirables were arrested and deported. Conditions improved, and on July 26 the troops still on duty were relieved.

On January 21, 1903, Congress passed an Act changing the military scheme, and bringing the Militia of the States into closer relations with the National Government. The General Assembly of Colorado, on April 14, 1903, passed an act bringing the law of Colorado into harmony with the National Law. strikes and troubles of these years disorganized the National Guard by discouraging re-enlistments and occasioned the resignations of many of the officers. Thus the report of Adjutant General Bulkeley Wells, of March 31, 1907, shows that the National Guard of Colorado consisted of:

One Regiment of Infantry. One Squadron of Cavalry. One Battery of Field Artillery.

One Signal Corps.

One Medical Department.

For the first time in five years an encampment was held at the State Rifle Range, Golden, Colorado, July 7 to August 31, 1906. Each organization was required to serve for a period of not less than seven days, nor more than 10 days, but were permitted to choose the dates of service.

The reports of the Division of Militia Affairs of the National Government, show that the National Guard of Colorado, for a number of years after 1904 was rather small. In 1906 there were 599 enlisted and commissioned in the service; 1907, 643; 1908, 713; 1909, 845; and 1910, 1,160. From this time on the reorganization begun by Adjutant General John Chase showed itself, and in 1913 we find the Colorado National Guard consisted of:

Infantry-

First Regiment, 11 Companies, Second Regiment, 12 Companies.

1 Squadron of Cavalry.

Two Batteries of Field Artillery. Corps of Engineers; 1 company.

Signal Corps; 1 company, Sanitary troops; five detachments

Total enlisted and commissioned personnel The organization in 1914 was practically the with a total strength of 1,637. Another period of disorganization, and the Militia Bureau report of 1916 shows, that while the organization was the same, the First Regiment of Infantry had only four companies;

the Second Regiment, five companies, and the entire

organization had in enlisted and commissioned personnel, 828 men, in 1916, 1,039 men.

It was in this period from 1910 to 1914 that we enter the third strike cycle. In 1910 a strike of coal miners was declared in Boulder County. This continued through 1911 and 1912. In 1913 the miners in the southern field declared a strike, and most of the miners in the State became involved. The situation became very serious. Large quantities of arms and ammunition were purchased for use of the mine guards and deputies, for the strikers were fully armed for the struggle with them.

On October 26, 1913, the Governor, through the

Adjutant General, Brigadier General John Chase,

commanded the officers and Companies A. B. C. F. H. I., and I., of the Second Infantry to be ready for held service. On the 28th of the month, the First Infantry, the Second Infantry, the Medical Department, the First Squadron of Cavalry, the Signal Corps, and the First Battalion Field Artillery were ordered to assemble, fully equipped for field service. On October 29, base camps were established at Trinidad and at Walsenburg. The whole situation soon developed into a civil war against the law and authority of the State of Colorado. Armed conflicts took place at Berwind, Walsenburg, La Veta and Ludlow, the latter being the most destructive of all. It was at Ludlow that a tent colony was made, consisting of 178 tents and housing nearly a thousand men, women and children. It was a strategic position, for it was in full view of the railroad station. During the months of February, March and April, the National Guard had been relieved company by company, but when on April 20, 1914, the Ludlow conflict was brought on, resulting in the destruction of the camp, all of the Guard were recalled to service. The Governor then called upon the Federal authorities for aid, and on May 4 the National Guard was relieved, and the Federal Troops took charge of the southern field.

Growing out of the War in Europe, and the threatening situation in Mexico, on June 18, 1916, the President of the United States called into the service of the United States the National Guard, and the Secretary of War by order specified as the quota from Colorado:

Two Battalions of Infantry. One Squadron of Cavalry. Two Batteries of Field Artillery. Two Companies of Engineers. One Field Hospital.

One Signal Corps.

By command of Governor Carlson, through Adjutant General Gamble, the following were ordered mobilized:

First Squadron Cavalry. Engineers, Cos. A and B. Field Artillery, Batteries A and B. Signal Corps, Co. A. First Field Hospital, Co. No. 1.

First Infantry, Cos. C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K, and L. After reorganization, on October 23, 1916, two separate battalions of infantry left camp at Golden, for Douglas, Arizona, for service on the Mexican Border. They were then ordered about May 1 to Fort D. A. Russell, then later to Firt Logan, and were thus in Federal service when the United States declared war against Germany, April 6, 1917.

In view of the declaration of war, and anticipating

the early call of the Federal Government for the mobilization and drafting of troops into the Federal Service, and desiring that the National Guard of Colorado might be in the best condition possible in the way of instruction, discipline and equipment, when the final call should come, on July 7, the Governor by proc-(Continued on page 140)

lamation, mobilized all State Guard organizations which had been recognized by the Federal Government, in camps of instruction.

At Fort Logan,

First and Second Battalions, already in Federal service (except Cos. F, G and H.)

3rd Battalion, First Infantry.

Camp Gunter, Pueblo, 2nd Regiment, Infantry.

Camp Baldwin, Denver.

Engineer Battalion.

Engineer Train.

1st Regiment, Cavalry. Cos. A. B. C. Field Artiller Signal Company. Hospital Corps C Golden State Armory,

From this date until August 5, 1917, when all of the units were drafted into the Federal service, strenuous work was carried on in the way of instruction and equipping the command. So that, as General Baldwin, Adjutant General, in his report says: the State troops were transferred to the Federal Government, the men of all branches of the service, not included in the first and second Battalion of the First Infantry already in the Federal service, were completely uniformed and equipped with every article of the uniform of standard quality necessary for their immediate requirements and comfort, at the expense of the State.

The strength of the organizations, drafted into the Federal service, was as follows:

The same and the s	Officers	Enlisted men
Engineers, First Battalion,	15	290
Signal Corps, Co. B.	3	74
Cavalry		
1st Regiment,	52	1159
Attached Sanitary,	5	24
Field Artillery:		
1st Battalion,	17	466
Attached Sanitary,		7
Infantry:		
1st Regiment,	42	1128
Attached Sanitary,	1	8
2nd Regiment,	48	953
Attached Sanitary,	5	18
Engineer Train,	4	91
Sanitary Field Hospital, No. 1.	. 3	79
	198	4297

The organizations departed for cantonment, as follows:

To Camp Kearney:		
EngineersSept. 8	15	221
Engineer Train Sept. 8	3	82
Signal Troops Sept. 26	3	67
First Cavalry Sept. 29	54	1048
First Infantry Sept. 27	49	1007
Second Infantry Sept. 29	57	810
To Camp Greene:		
Field Artillery Sept. 28	19	412

In the reorganization

1st Infantry. 157th Infantry 40th 2nd Infantry. Less Band and Cos.

A, B, C, and D, Machine Gun Co. and Sup-

ply Co...... 115th Ammunition Train.... 40th

Machine Gun Co. 115th Trench Mortar Bat'ry. 40th Supply Co. Cos. A, B, C, D. 115th Supply Train......40th 1st Regt. Cavalry: Less Band and Troop E. 157th Infantry 40th Troop E. 115th Engineers..... Camp Lewis, Washington Band.

1st Battalion, Field Artillery. 148th Field Artillery, Heavy. 41st 1st Battalion, Engi-

gineers. 15th Engineers........... 40th 5th Field Signal Battalion. 40th 117th Sanitary Train.

1st Engineer Train. 115th Engineer Train...... 40th The first units of the Division (Fortieth) known as the "Sunshine Division," consisting of National Guard troops from California, Nevada, Utah, Colorado, Arizona and New Mexico, embarked for overseas on August 7, 1918, and the last units arrived in France on August 28. Upon arrival in France the division was made a replacement division, and was ordered to La Guerche, and became the 6th Depot Division. The division was then broken up and its personnel was used as replacements for combat divisions at the front. The 148th Field Artillery participated in the Champagne-Marne defensive July 15-18; the Aisne-Marne offensive, July 18 to August 6; St. Mihiel offensive, September 12-16; and the Meuse-Argonne offensive, September 26 to November 11. The 115th Field Signal Battalion saw battle service in the Toul Sector, October 16 to November 11. The 115th Engineers saw service in the same sector, October 4 to November 11. As soon as possible the troops were returned to the United States. The 157th Regiment, Infantry, arrived in the United States April 11, 1919 and was mustered out at Fort D. A. Russell, April 29, 1919.

Prior to the federalization of the Colorado National Guard, on August 5, 1917, a nucleus of what was known as the Third Regiment was recruited and organized. Detachments were placed on active duty guarding Public Utility Plants throughout the State. Considerable activity was manifested in recruiting and organizing companies, and on November 30, 1918, Federal recognition was obtained for the Regiment, to date from October 4, 1918. The Regiment consisted of twelve companies, a Sanitary Detachment, Head-quarters Company, Machine Gun Company, and Supply Company, and numbered 50 officers and 1,301 enlisted men. In addition Battery D, Troop A and a Signal Corps were organized.

During the months of October, November and December, 1919, on account of the strike of the coal miners, it was necessary to call some of the companies into active service. Companies D, G, K, L, were sent to Trinidad, and Headquarters Company, Supply Company and Companies A, B, C, E, F, H, I, Sanitary Detachment, and Signal Company, proceeded to the Rifle Range, Golden, where detachments were sent into the Northern coal fields as necessity required.

A strike in the Steel Mills at Pueblo, Colorado, again necessitated the use of the troops from December 28, 1919, to January 22, 1920, and Company B with detachments from Companies A, C, and F, were called

Owing to the fact that the Third Regiment had been organized during the war, and many felt they had performed their duty and should be discharged upon the termination of the emergency, and the additional fact that some of the units were made up of groups from several small towns, a number of the units were

disbanded. Finally on February 15, 1921, by order, the Third Regiment ceased to exist. In the meantime, new units were being formed for a new Regiment. The recruiting and organization had been done so rapidly and well, that on October 26, 1921 the new Regiment was Federally recognized. In harmony with the policy of the Government, that in the assignment of designations to units, the names, numbers and other designations of the divisions and subordinate units thereof that served in the World War, should be preserved as far as practicable, the Regiment was designated by the Federal Government as the 157th Regiment, Infantry, (1st Colorado National Guard) in order to perpetuate the number of the Regiment which had gone from Colorado during the World War.

For several years the question of securing for the state of Colorado an allotment, by the War Department, of at least a squadron of Air Service had been before the military authorities of the State and the city of Denver. The military and commercial value of such an acquisition was so apparent that once the question was raised there was no letup in the agitation until an agreement was secured from the War Department to make such an allotment if a flying field could be secured. At once several locations presented themselves but when the price and terms of purchase or lease were considered all were eliminated except one at 38th and Dahlia Street, Denver, Colorado, on which there was secured a lease for a tract consisting of 130 acres for a flying field. This field was named "Lowry Field" in honor of 2nd Lieutenant Francis Brown Lowry, Coast Artillery Corps, observer, a young Denver officer killed in action near Crepion, France, September 26, 1918.

The 45th Division Air Service was organized early in 1923, and consisted of the 120th Observation Squadron, 120th Photo Section, 180th Air Intelligence Section, and Medical Detachment, stationed at Denver, Colorado, and Flight "B" stationed at Pueblo, Colorado. These organizations all received their Federal Recognition from the War Department. The equipment of the 45th Division Air Service consisted of eight Curtis JNSE airplanes and other necessary supplies with which to operate a splendidly organized

Inasmuch as Colorado was now provided with an air squadron the State, in general, began to become airminded, and at several towns throughout the State arrangements were made with municipal authorities for landing fields for the airplanes of the Colorado National Guard and other transient planes crossing

Under date of May 31, 1928 the Secretary of War authorized the Disbandment of Flight "B" 120th Observation Squadron, 45th Division Air Service, at Pueblo, leaving the entire air squadron of the Colorado National Guard stationed at Denver. The government hanger at the Pueblo airport was leased by the Federal government to the city of Pueblo with the provision that the United States reserved the right to use said hanger for aircraft purposes at any and all times, and that the hanger should be maintained in good order and repair without expense to the government.

In 1937 a W. P. A. project at the Denver municipal airport for the construction of a new hangar for the air squadron was begun. Upon the completion of the new hangar, early in 1938, arrangements were made for the movement of the 45th Division Aviation from Lowry Field to the new location. Actual operations, therefore, ceased at old Lowry field January 31, 1938,

and continued at the municipal airport, beginning February 1, 1938.

In view of this change, patriotic and civic organizations in Colorado had previously requested that steps be taken to further perpetuate the name of Lieutenant Francis B. Lowry by transferring the name "Lowry Field" from the National Guard Air Squadron location to that of the new Air Corps Technical School being located in Denver. The Adjutant General, A. P. Ardourel, and Governor Teller Ammons each approved this, and so informed the Chief, National Guard Bureau, in Washington, D. C. Accordingly, the Air Corps Technical School now is known by the name Towry Field', much to the gratification of all

CHANGES CITY Pursuant to authority of the Secretary of War dated January 24, 1928 Headquarters Company, 1st Battalion, 157th Infantry, at Montrose was disbanded, and Company "B" 157th Infantry, at Fruita, was converted into a new Headquarters Company, Battalion, 157th Infantry, February 14, 1928.

concerned.

Authority having been granted by the War Department under date of February 23, 1928, Headquarters Company, 2nd Battalion, 157th Infantry, stationed in Denver, was converted into a new Company "B", 157th Infantry, April 1, 1928, and a new Headquarters Company, 2nd Battalion, 157th Infantry, organized at Longmont, Colorado.

On January 1, 1938, Headquarters Company 2nd Battalion, 157th Infantry at Longmont, Colorado, was redesignated Company "G" 157th Infantry, at the same station, and Company "G" 157th Infantry at Manzanola, Colorado, was redesignated Headquarters Company 2nd Battalion, 157th Infantry, without change of station.

The Medical Department Detachment, 168th Field Artillery Battalion (Horse), was disbanded at Pueblo, Colorado, January 21, 1929 and reorganized at Fort Collins, Colorado on February 1, 1929.

In order to comply with changes in Tables of organization, and on instruction of the Chief, Militia Bureau, it became necessary to disband the Headquarters detachment, 1st Squadron, 117th Cavalry, stationed in Denver, on January 3, 1929. The personnel of this unit was transferred to other Denver units without loss of service.

With a view to better keeping up maintenance strength of certain units of the 157th Infantry, and changing the larger requirements for men to larger cities, the following conversions and redesignations were made on February 1, 1929:

Company "M", stationed at Fort Morgan, Colorado, was converted and redesignated Company "K" 157th Infantry, and Company "K" 157th Infantry, at Brighton, Colorado, was converted and redesignated Headquarters Company, 3rd Battalion, 157th Infan-

Under authority of the War Department, Office of the Chief of the National Guard Bureau, orders were issued by the Adjutant General of Colorado on August 1, 1933 for the conversion of the then 168th Field Artillery (Horse) to the 1st Battalion, 168th Field Artillery (Truck Drawn), and the conversion of the then 117th Separate Squadron of Cavalry to the 2nd Battalion, 168th Field Artillery, (Truck Drawn). Later adjustments of letter units were made.

On January 1, 1934, authority was granted for the conversion and redesignation of Headquarters Battery and Combat Train, 1st Battalion to Headquarters Battery, 168th Field Artillery, (Truck Drawn); also

(Continued on page 142)

on April 16, 1934, pursuant to War Department authority the Medical Department Detachment, 2nd Battalion, stationed at Denver, was disbanded, and the Medical Department Detachment (less Medical Detachment, 2nd Battalion) stationed at Fort Collins, was redesignated Medical Department Detachment 168th Field Artillery, with Station remaining at Fort Collins.

On account of industrial and other changing conditions over the State, additional changes in organizations of the National Guard must of necessity had to be brought about. Under the instructions of the Secretary of War, Company "K", of the 157th Infantry, stationed at Brighton, Colorado, was disbanded on June 1935, on account of inability to maintain the organization at proper strength. This disbandment, however, proved a benefit in disguise by awakening the citizens of that locality to the fact that the armory in that city would necessarily have to be closed and the windows barred, all of which be a blot on the record of energy and enthusiasm of all concerned. They at once went to work and reorganized a new Company "K" on a basis that proved successful, and it was granted Federal recognition.

TROOPS CALLED TO ACTIVE DUTY

A strike among coal miners originated and conducted by the Industrial Workers of the World (I. W. W.), and which spread to practically every coal field in the state, was called October 18, 1927. Mass picketing, which is in violation of the Colorado antipicketing law, was resorted to on the property of every mine that attempted to work, in Huerfano, Las Animas, Freemont, and Weld Counties. No mines in Boulder County attempted to work until after troops were in the field. Crowds of picketers, to the number of 800 men and women, would often gather in towns adjacent to mines, attempting to operate, and in automobiles and trucks numbering as high as one hundred, would form a column and go to the mines in the mornings and evenings at the times the shifts were changing, and by every known method of intimidation and threat, would endeavor to keep men from working.

Their activities, however, were centered on the Columbine mine northeast of Boulder—the only mine attempting to work. At 6:00 o'clock on the morning of November 21, 1927 the state law enforcement officers under command of Captain Lewis A. Scherf, superintendent, contacted a mob of some 600 to 700 picketers, mostly men, near the tipple of the property. As Captain Scherf had only about 16 men, many of them were badly wounded. Governor William H. Adams and Adjutant General Paul P. Newlon, sensing the seriousness of the situation, by executive order, mobilized the following organizations and ordered them to report for active duty at the Columbine Mine.

45th Tank Company, Troop "B" 117th Cavalry, Headquarters Company, 157th Infantry, Medical Detachment, 157th Infantry, Company "F" 157th Infantry, Company "K" 157th Infantry, Company "K" 157th Infantry, Headquarters Battery and Combat Train, 168th Field Artillery Battalion (Horse), 45th Division Air Corps, Troop "C" 117th Cavalry. By means of vigilant patrols, the situation was guidely cleared up and more returned to work in practice.

By means of vigilant patrols, the situation was quickly cleared up and men returned to work in practically every mine in the district. The general situation over the state was so much improved that all troops were returned home early in 1928, the last one being left on duty until April 6, 1928.

Under the instructions contained in an Executive order of the Governor dated April 18, 1936, and pub-

lished in General Orders of the Adjutant General, ten officers and 58 enlisted men of various units, mainly those unemployed, were called to active duty to patrol the southern border of Colorado to prevent the entry of aliens and indigent persons which was resulting in social disorder and disturbance among the citizenry and making it impossible for worthy persons to obtain employment. These troops were recalled by order of the Governor on April 29, 1936.

On account of the gross destruction by myriads of grasshoppers in eastern and southern Colorado, the Governor, on June 28, 1937, declared an emergency to

Governor, on June 28, 1937, declared an emergency to exist and issued the following Executive Order.

WHEREAS, by reason of imprecedented plague of grasshoppers occuring in the State of Colorado, which plagues are resulting in injury and destruction of crops over vast areas, and which plagues threaten even more disastrous results if no preventive measures are invoked to stop them; and

WHEREAS, in order to combat such plagues immediate action is necessary and the civil authorities are unable to cope with the situation;

NOW THEREFORE, I, Teller Ammons, Governor of the State of Colorado, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested, do hereby find, determine and order that an emergency exists, and in order to combat the existing plagues, the Adjutant General, Alphonse P. Ardourel, is hereby directed to order out such troops and equipment, as in his judgment, may be necessary, cooperating with Mr. Sam C. McConnell, Extension Entomologist. Officers and enlisted men of the Colorado National Guard ordered to active duty during this emergency shall receive pay and allowance in accordance with Chapter III, Colorado Annotated Statutes, 1935.

GIVEN under my hand and Executive Seal, this twenty-eighth day of June, A. D., 1937.

TELLER AMMONS, Governor.

In accordance with the foregoing executive order twenty officers and 384 enlisted men were called to active duty from the following units of the Colorado National Guard:

Company "C" 120th Quartermaster Regiment. State Staff, State Detachment, Q. M. C.

45th Tank Company.

Service Company, 157 Infantry.

Company "H" 157th Infantry.

Headquarters Battery 168th Field Artillery.

Headquarters, 168th Field Artillery.

Service Battery, 168th Field Artillery.

Batteries "A", "B", "C", "D", "E", "F", 168th Field Artillery.

Headquarters Battery & Combat Train, 2nd Battalion, 168th Field Artillery.

Headquarters Company, 1st Battalion, 157th Infantry.

Medical Detachment, 157th Infantry.

120th Observation Squadron, Air Corps.
Companies B', 'E' and 'K' and Headqua

Company, 3rd Battalion, 157th Infantry.
Under date of August 30, 1937, by executive order of the governor, all troops in the field were recalled from active duty.

Again, on August 3, 1939, it became necessary to order out certain troops of the National Guard to suppress tumult, riot, and mob violence threatened, and actually existing, in Summit and Grand Counties, where the Federal government was constructing a dam

known as the Green Mountain dam. The governor in his executive order called upon all law abiding citizens to assist in maintaining order by strict observance of the laws of Colorado and of the United States by continuing in the quiet pursuits of their usual vocations, and by refraining from participating in assemblages which would likely become disorderly, tumultuous, or otherwise unlawful. Adjutant General Harold H. Richardson, under the Governor's orders and proclamations, published in General Order No. 22, Adjutant General's Office, August 3, 1939, mobilized the following organizations at their home stations to await further orders:

45th Tank Company.

Companies "A", "B" and Headquarters Company,
34th Battalion, 157th Infantry.

Batteries "B" and "C", 168th Field Artillery and Company "C" 120th Quartermaster Regiment.

Major William F. Hunn, 168th Field Artillery, was placed in command of the troops in the field and proceeded with the disarming of citizens in and about Kremmling and Heeny, Colorado. Major Hunn and the officers and enlisted men serving under him did a most excellent piece of military work by the fair and impartial manner in which they handled the situation.

On August 29, 1939, the Governor, by executive order, stated that conditions which had caused this strike had been peacefully adjusted to such an extent that there was no further need for the troops nor the status of martial law being further extended. Accordingly all officers and enlisted men called out were relieved from strike duty and directed to return to their homes, on August 31, 1939.

SERVICE MEDALS

The following General Order of the Adjutant General of Colorado covers the subject of medals and their awards more completely than can be otherwise expressed.

STATE OF COLORADO Office of the Adjutant General Denver, Colorado

November 31, 1931.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 18

> ATTACHED STATE OF COLORADO, Office of the Adjutant General Denver, Colorado

* * * * * * *

November 16, 1931.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 18

2. In compliance with the provisions of Section 5 of "An Act to Further Increase the Efficiency of the National Guard of Colorado by the provision of awards for Long Service and Good Conduct and service, and for Active Service" enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado and approved April 14, 1931, the following regulations for the design and conditions of award of these decorations and medals are published for the information and guidance of all concerned:

3. The Active Service Medal:

(1) **Description:** A medal of bronze, 1¼ inches in diameter. On the obverse is the coat of arms of the State of Colorado, contained within a circle ¾ of an inch in diameter in the lower half of the medal on which is inscribed "State of Colorado ——1876". Surmounting the circle is an eagle with spread wings

and a shield of the United States superimposed on its breast. Springing from either side of the circle are two laurel wreaths. On the reverse are the words "Colorado National Guard" arranged around the upper half of the rim, with crossed Laurel wreaths around the lower half; in the center, the words "For Active Service." The medal is suspended by a silk ribbon, 1 3/8 inches in length and 1 3/8 inches in width composed of a stripe of yellow (1/8 inch), a stripe of white (1/8 inch), a band of blue (½ inch), a stripe of white (1/8 inch), a stripe of yellow (1/8 inch), with a border of red (3/16 inch) on each edge. A bronze clasp, 1 3/8 inches long and 3/16 inch wide, to denote the particular campaign or period of service for which the medal is awarded, will be placed on the ribbon below the concealed suspension pin. One clasp will be awarded for each separate campaign or period of active service. A bronze five-pointed star, 3/16 inch in diameter, will be worn on the service ribbon in lieu of the clasp when the medal is not worn.

(2) Conditions of award: (a) This medal will be awarded to any person who is serving with, or has served with, the Colorado National Guard, in any campaign or period of active duty in the field under the call of the President of the United States or of the Governor of Colorado, and for which no campaign medal has previously been awarded by the Government of the United States or the State of Colorado. Provided, that the period of active service must have exceeded seven days in duration, or, in the event of a lesser number of days, there were killed or wounded on the side of the troops of the Colorado National Guard engaged.

(b) The campaigns or periods of active field duty for which this medal may at present be awarded are

as follows:

Campaigns: Inscription on Clasp: Ute Campaign, 1879...... Utes, 1879. Ute Campaign, 1887..... Utes, 1887. Leadville Strike, 1880..... 1880 Coal Mine Strike and Insurrection in Colorado Coal Field, 1913-14. . 1913-14 Active duty in the field in any organization of the Colorado National Guard (not in Federal service) during the period of the World War, April 6, 1917, to June 10, 1919..... 1917-19 Strike in Southern Colorado Coal Fields, October-November 1919. 1919 Flood at Pueblo, June 1921..... 1921 Strike and Riots at Frederick Colorado, July, 1922.... 1922 Strike and Riots at the Columbine Mine and vicinity, November,

(c) Subsequent awards of the Active Service Medal will be as directed in orders from this office.

b. The Meritorious Conduct Medal:

(1) **Description:** A cross of bronze, 1 7/8 inches in heighth and 1 5/8 inches in width, with an eagle surmounting a shield on the center. Above the eagle a scroll bearing the words, "Colorado National Guard", and to either side of the shield and below the eagle (another scroll inscribed "For Valor". The shield is decorated with the fasces crest of the Colorado National Guard. On the reverse, in the center of the cross is a circle and scroll with the inscription "Awarded to for Meritorious Conduct." The scroll is left blank for the name of the recipient to be engraved thereon. The cross is suspended by a ring from a silk ribbon 1 3/8 inches in length and 1 3/8 inches in width, composed of a band of blue (1/4 inch) (Continued on page 144)

on each edge, two stripes of white (1/8 inch each) separated by a band of red (5/8 inch) through the

Conditions of Award: The Meritorious Conduct Medal will be awarded to all officers and enlisted men of the Colorado National Guard who, when on an active duty status not in Federal service, guished themselves by extraordinary heroism or endangered their lives in saving the lives of others. One medal only will be awarded to an individual; for a subsequent act that would entitle the same individual to another medal, a silver, five pointed star, 3/16 inches in diameter, will be awarded to be worn on the ribbon of the Meritorious Conduct Medal and on the service ribbon of this medal.

The Meritorious Service Medal:

(1) Description: A medal of bronze, 114 inches in diameter. On the obverse is the fasces crest and wreath of the Colorado National Guard contained within a circle. Around the rim is the inscription, "Colorado National Guard—For Meritorious Ser-On the reverse is a scroll (to be inscribed with the recipient's name), and above the scroll the words, "Awarded to". Below the scroll is a sprig of laurel. The medal is suspended by a silk ribbon 1 3/8 inches in length and 1 3/8 inches in width, composed of two bands of blue (5/16 inch, each) on either edge and two bands of white (5/16 inches, each) separated by a stripe of blue (1/8 inch) down the center.

(2) Conditions of Award: This medal will be awarded to any person serving in any capacity in or with the Colorado National Guard who distinguishes himself by exceptionally meritorious service to the State of Colorado. One medal only will be awarded to an individual; the same conditions will apply as for the Meritorious Conduct Medal for subsequent service of a distinguished character.

d. The Long Service Medal:

- (1) Description: A medal of bronze, 11/4 inches in diameter. On the obverse a cross and superimposed upon the center of the cross the coat of arms from the great seal of the State of Colorado. Above the coat of arms and across the upper arm of the cross a scroll bearing the inscription, "Faithful Service"; below the coat of arms another scroll inscribed "Colorado National Guard". On either side of the coat of arms a sprig of laurel. On the reverse a scroll (to be engraved with the recipient's name) and above the scroll the words, "Awarded to"; below the scroll the words, "For Long and Faithful Service". A sprig of laurel crosses diagonally from left to right beneath the scroll. The medal is suspended by a silk ribbon 1 3/8 inches in length and 1 3/8 inches in width, composed of two bands of blue (3/8 inches, each) on either edge, a stripe of yellow (1/16 inch), a stripe of red (1/16 inch), a band of white 3/8 inch through the center, a stripe of red (1/16 inch) and a stripe of yellow (1/16 inch).
- (2). Conditions of Award: This medal will be awarded to any person who has served honestly and faithfully, either as an officer or an enlisted man, or both, in or with any organization or department of the Colorado National Guard (in State or Federal Service) for a period of ten years; the period of ten years need not be consecutive. For each subsequent period of five years service rendered by any individual, a bronze five-pointed star, 3/16 inch in diameter will be worn on the ribbon of the medal and on the service ribbon.
- 4. Service Ribbon: A service ribbon identical with the ribbon from which one of the decorations or medals described in paragraph 3 above are suspended, and 3/8 inch in length, may be worn on the service uniform in lieu of the corresponding medal. Medal

will only be worn on occasions of ceremony as prescribed in Section V, AR 600-40.

- 5. Character of Service Required: Decorations, medals and clasps may be earned by honorable service only. Service in an enlistment, or as an officer, which terminated otherwise than honorably, is not considered honorable service, within the meaning of the term as here used.
- 6. The order of precedence of decorations and medals awarded by the State of Colorado is as follows:
 - a. Meritorious Conduct Medal.

The Meritorious Service Medal. ampaign Medals in order of dates of award The Long Service Medal.

e. Marksmanship Awards.

- 7. Applications and Recommendations: a. Applications for Active Service and Long Service Medals will be made on Forms furnished by this office. These Forms will be available on and after April 1, 1932.
- b. (1) Decorations will ordinarily be awarded on the recommendation of the commanding officer of the regiment or other similar unit. In cases of persons not in a regimental command the recommendation must ordinarily be made by an officer corresponding as nearly as possible to a regimental commander or one of higher command. Recommendations may, however, be initiated by officers of lower rank.
- 2) Recommendations in the case of the Meritorious Conduct Medal must be based upon the statement of a person who has personal knowledge or who was an eyewitness, preferably the immediate commander. The service or act must be described specifically and in detail, and when the recommendation is made by a person who has personal knowledge or was an eyewitness, it must be so stated. When the recommendation is made by a person who has not personal knowledge or was not an eyewitness, the testimony when practicable, of at least two persons who have personal knowledge or were eyewitnesses, and who so describe themselves, must accompany the recommendation. Written testimony will be in the form of certificates or affidavits. The exact military status of the person recommended at the time of the act or service must be stated in the recommendation.

By Command of the Governor:

W. C. DANKS, The Adjutant General.

OFFICAL:

W. C. DANKS, The Adjutant General.

STATE OF COLORADO, Office of the Adjutant General Denver, Colorado.

January 13, 1939.

GENERAL ORDERS,

- General Orders No. 18, this office, dated November 18, 1931, is amended as follows:
- Add the following note to Paragraph 3 a (2) (b):

"NOTE: Where an individual was called to active service and reported for duty under proclama-tion or orders of the Governor of Colorado, or the President of the United States, but did not actually serve in the field, or, who remained at the home station of his unit, such individual will be entitled to the active service medal without clasps only, providing such service was for a period of seven days or more.

b. Add the following sub-paragraph to Paragraph

"c. All applications for Meritorious Conduct

Medal and the Meritorious Service Medal will be referred to a board of officers appointed by this office, and the recommendation of such board in each case will be submitted to the Governor for final approval before any of these medals will be issued.'

By Command of the Governor:

W. C. DANKS,

The Adjutant General.

OFFICIAL:

W. C. DANKS,

The Adjutant General.

Colorado called a state of home-owned National Guard Armories. Armory facilities at most stations, including Denver, are considered adequate, not only for present use, but for the accommodation of a larger number of troops than at the present time organized. State owned armories are located at the following named towns; and the names of units stationed thereat are

- 1. Boulder, Company "F" 157th Infantry
- Burlington, Company "I" 157th Infantry
- Brighton, Headquarters Company, 3rd Battalion, 157th Infantry
- Brush, Company "L" 157th Infantry
- Canon City, Anti-Tank Platoon, Headquarters Company, 157th Infantry
- Craig, Company "A" 157th Infantry
- Delta, Company "C" 157th Infantry
- Denver, Service Company, Company "B", 157th Infantry

Medical Department Detachment, 157th Infantry

45th Division Tank Company Company "C", 120th Quartermaster Regiment

Regimental Headquarters Battery, 168th Field Artillery

Battery "B" 168th Field Artillery Battery "E" 168th Field Artillery Band Section, Service Battery, 168th

Field Artillery State Detachment, Q. M. C.

- 9. Fruita, Headquarters Company, 1st Battalion, 157th Infantry.
- Fort Collins, Company "H" and Band Section, Service Company, 157th Infantry. Battery "A" 168th F. A. and Medical Department Detachment 168th F. A.
- 11. Fort Morgan, Company "K" 157th Infantry.
- 12. Golden, Service Battery, 168th Field Artillery.
- Greeley, Regimental Headquarters Company, and Company "M" 157th Infantry.
- 14. Loveland, Battery "C" 168th Field Artillery.
- Lamar, Company "E" 157th Infantry. 15.
- Manzanola, Headquarters Company, 2nd Battalion, 157th Infantry.
- 17. Monte Vista, Battery "D" 168th Field Artillery
- Montrose, Company 18. Pueblo, Colorado, Artillery.

The 24th Division Aviation is adequately housed at the municipal airport, Denver, state owned hanger.

CAMP GEORGE WEST.

On May 1, 1934, the Colorado National Guard Camp, long known as "Rifle Range", near Golden,

Colorado, was designated "Camp George West" in accordance with the following quoted order:

> STATE OF COLORADO Office of the Adjutant General, Denver, Colorado,

May 1, 1934

SPECIAL ORDERS

No. 10.

1. In order to perpetuate the name of an officer who served faithfully and gallantly in the Civil War, commanding on organization of Colorado men, and

who played an important part in the upbuilding in the heart of the Rocky Mountains the Great State of Colorado, and who served as The Adjutant General of the State from 1887 to 1889, the State Rifle Range, near Golden, Colorado, is, effective as of this date, renamed and redesignated CAMP GEORGE WEST and will henceforth be referred to in all communications and orders of whatever nature pertaining to this range.

By Command of the Governor:

NEIL W. KIMBALL,

The Adjutant General.

OFFICIAL:

NEIL W. KIMBALL, The Adjutant General.

RIFLE RANGE

The state and Federal Government have been quite liberal with the Colorado National Guard and have made many needed improvements at the State Rifle Range now known as Camp George West, near Golden, Colorado, in the way of bettering facilities for annual encampments.

Since earlier days of the Guard when this Rifle Range was nothing more than a prairie, with a few warehouses located upon it, there have been added kitchens and mess halls for all units of the Colorado National Guard, the old mudwalks have been replaced with cement sidewalks, the streets graveled, and trees set out. On the side of the hill above the target range a splendid amphitheatre has been constructed and arranged with moving picture booths for use in evening entertainments during camp time. Recently a new mess hall, swimming pool and modern, up-to-date administration building, have been constructed, and new cement tent floors installed in the unit tent areas. Many of the warehouses have been overhauled and modernized, and the tank sheds treated to new cement floors making Camp George West a range that the Colorado National Guard can well be proud of.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS IN THE NATIONAL GUARD

Under an Act of the State Legislature, approved June 2, 1937, the following extract of Chapter 199, Session Laws, 1937, (page 877) became the law of the State regarding appointments and promotions of officers in the Colorado National Guard and repealing all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent therewith:

(1) The Governor shall appoint an Adjutant General to serve at the pleasure of the Covernor, and such appointed shall have had not less than five years commissioned service in the Colorado National Guard and shall have attained the grade of a Captain or a higher grade at least one year prior to his appointment as Adjutant General.

(2) The Governor shall appoint, designate or detail, subject to the approval of the Secretary of War, the United States Property and Disbursing Officer.

(3) With the exception of the Adjutant General (Continued on page 146) appointed as provided in this Act, the Governor shall appoint as members of his State Staff in the Colorado National Guard commissioned officers of the Colorado National Guard. Any officer so appointed shall be appointed in Grade and shall retain his seniority upon the promotion list of the branch from which appointed. Such appointees at the time of appointment shall have been, for at least three years immediately prior to appointment, a regularly commissioned officer of the Colorado National Guard.

(4) Except as otherwise herein specified, all officers of the Colorado National Guard who shall be commissioned by the Governor shall their have the qualifi-cations specified as follows:

- (a) Brigadier-Generals shall be appointed by the Governor. A Brigadier-General at the time of his appointment must be an officer in service in the Colorado National Guard, of the grade of field officer, and for five successive years immediately preceding his appointment shall have been in continuous service in the Colorado National Guard as a field officer.
- (b) Colonels, Lieutenant-Colonels and Majors shall be promoted or commissioned by seniority in grade within their respective branches from the next lower respective grade, regardless of whether the officer so promoted or commissioned is a staff officer, line officer or field officer.
- (c) An officer assigned to any staff post in any of the branches of the Colorado National Guard shall be selected from the officer personnel of the branch with which the staff is primarily identified. He shall be assigned in grade and shall retain his seniority for promotion upon the promotion list of his former branch.
- (d) Captains and First Lieutenants shall be commissioned and promoted from the next lower respective grade by seniority within their respective units.
- (e) Second Lieutenants shall be commissioned from the enlisted men within their organizations.
- (f) In addition to the foregoing requirements, all officers shall be appointed, commissioned and promoted subject to their respective qualifications as now or hereafter prescribed under the National Defense
- (5) No branch of the Colorado National Guard shall be considered senior to another branch.
- (6) Should an officer resign his commission in one branch to accept a commission in another branch he shall forfeit his seniority in the former branch and his seniority shall then date from the date of his new appointment.
- (7) An officer who holds a commission in one branch of the Colorado National Guard shall not be eligible by virtue of that commission for promotion to or within another branch thereof unless his name is carried upon the seniority list of that branch in which the promotion is intended, as indicated in paragraph (4) (c) hereof.

ALLOTMENT OF NATIONAL GUARD TROOPS TO THE STATE OF COLORADO

* * * * * *

As a result of recent changes made by the Chief of the National Guard Bureau, the following is the allotment of National Guard units to the State of Colorado:

STATE STAFF AND DETACHMENT

45th Division Troops

Headquarters (part) Special Troops 45th Tank Company 89th Infantry Brigade (In part, consisting of) Headquarters (part) 157th Infantry 120th Quartermaster Regiment (in part consisting of) Company "C"

24th Cavalry Division Troops

Headquarters (part) 168th Field Artillery, 75mm TD. 128th Engineer Squadron 124th Medical Squadron

lorps Troops 0th Observation Squadron Medical Department Detachment.

(The foregoing units have been relieved from attachment to the 45th Division and have been attached to the 24th Cavalry Division for training and administration.)

106th Signal Battalion

137th Medical Regiment

This allotment dated August 15, 1939 supersedes all former letters of allotment to the State of Colorado.

PRESENT STRENGTH OF THE COLORADO NATIONAL GUARD STATE OF COLORADO,

OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL, Denver, Colorado,

September 21, 1939.

Authorized

GENERAL ORDERS

No. 27.

1. In accordance with instructions from the Chief, National Guard Bureau, in letter NGB 325.44-Colo.-16, dated September 21, 1939, and later instructions covering increased enlisted strength of certain National Guard organizations by Executive Order of the President, September 8, 1939, the following authorized strength of the Colorado National Guard includes the maintenance strength of the units, plus 10% of the enlisted maintenance strength which was heretofore calculated on the sum of the maintenance strength allotted to Colorado and supersedes all other previous orders on the subject:

			Enlisted
45th Division:	Off.	W. O.	Strength
Headquarters	4		
Special Troops:			
45th Tank Company	5		86
157th Infantry	66	1	1,290
120th Obs. Sqdn., Photo			
Sec., Med. Dept. De-			
tachment	33		94
Hqs., 89th Inf. Brigade	4		
120th Quartermaster Regt:			
Company "C"	2		48

24th Cavalry Division:

Headquarters. 180

The total strength of the Colorado National Guard:

180 Officers 2 Warrant Officers 2,273 Enlisted men.

2,455 Total.

AUTHORIZED STRENGTH OF UNITS 24TH DIVISION AVIATION 120th Observation Squadron... 31 Enlisted 70 Off. W.O. Men 120th Photo Section..... 19 State Staff..... Medical Dept. Detachment.... State Detachment, Q. M. C.... 29 45th Div. Hq. Det..... 33 86 The authorized strength of units as shown above will 48 be strictly complied with and Commanding Officers 89th Infantry Brigade Hq..... will see that these numbers are not exceeded. By Command of the Governor: 24 163 HAROLD H. RICHARDSON The Adjutant General. HAROLD H. RICHARDSON, Hq. Co., (less Anti-tank Platoon) 84 The Adjutant General. Anti-Tank Platoon, Hq. Co.... 44 Service Co. (less Band)..... 67 Band Section, Service Company Medical Dept. Detachment... Hq. 1st Battalion... ADJUTANTS GENERAL 40 1 STATE OF COLORADO 35 The following list of Adjutants General, State of Hd. Company, 1st Battalion. Company "A". Company "B". Company "C". Company "D". Hq. 2nd Battalion. 25 Colorado prepared from available records, is thought 80 to be correct, with but one or two exceptions, same 80 having been taken from the Biennial Report of the 80 Adjutant General of Colorado for the period ending 75 November 30, 1930. Hq. 2nd Battalion Hq. Company, 2nd Battalion Company "E" Company "F" Company "G" Company "H" Hq. 3rd Battalion Brigadier General Richard E. Whitsett, 1861–1862 25 Brigadier General David H. Moffat, 1862-1865 80 Colonel Leavitt L. Boen, aide-de-camp and commander-in-chief, 1865–1866* 80 80 Brigadier General Lewis N. Tappan, 1886–1867* 75 Brigadier General Hal Sayr, 1867–1872* Brigadier General William R. Thomas, 1872–1874 Hq. Company, 3rd Battalion... Company "I"... Company "K"... Company "L"... Company "M"... 25 Brigadier General Champion Vaughn, 1874-1875 80 Brigadier General Robert S. Roe, 1875-1879 80 Brigadier General Frank Hall, 1879-1881 80 Brigadier General Raymond M. Stevenson, 1881–1883 75 Brigadier General Sidney A. Sheppard, 1883–1885 Brigadier General F. A. Taylor, 1885–1887 1290 1 Brigadier General George West, 1887-1889 Brigadier General Benjamin F. Klee, 1889-1891 24TH CAVALRY DIVISION Brigadier General John C. Kennedy, 1891–1893 Brigadier General T. J. Tarnsey, 1893–1895 24th Cavalry Division Hq. Det. Brigadier General Cassius M. Moses, 1895–1898 168TH FIELD ARTILLERY Brigadier General Lewis Barnum, 1898–1899 Brigadier General J. C. Overmyer, 1899–1901 Headquarters..... Brigadier General George F. Gardner, 1901–1903 Brigadier General Sherman Bell, 1903–1905 Service Battery (less Band).... Band Section, Service Battery... 4 42 1 28 Brigadier General Bulkeley Wells, 1905-1907 Medical Dept. Detachment.... 30 Brigadier General Carleton A. Kelley, 1907–1909 Brigadier General John Chase, 1909–1916 Battalion Hq., 1st Battalion . . . Hq. Battery & Combat Train, 4 Brigadier General Harry P. Gamble, 1916-1917 1st Battalion..... Major General, U. S. A. retired Frank D. Baldwin, Battery "A" Battery "B" Battery "C" 79 1917-1919

worldwartwoveterans.org

Colonel William A. Spangler, 1919-1921

Colonel Patrick J. Hamrock, 1921–1923

Brigadier General Neil W. Kimball, 1934-1937

Brigadier General Alphonse P. Ardourel, 1937-1939

Brigadier General Harold H. Richardson, 1939, now in

Colonel Paul P. Newlon, 1923-1931 Colonel William C. Danks, 1931-1934

79

79

79

79

Battalion Hq., 2nd Battalion... Hq. Battery & Combat Train,

Battery "F".....

2nd Battalion

HISTORY, STATE DETACHMENT QUARTERMASTER (Continued from page 25)

From the time Colorado was created a Territory in 1861 until January 10, 1910, the State Staff, consisting of Commissioned Officers only, handled all matters pertaining to the administration, quartermaster, ordnance and commissary of the armed forces of the State. In January, 1910 the State authorized two Sergeants, each in the Quartermaster Department, Subsistence Department and Ordnance Department. This Detachment functioned until April 12, 1915 when the State Legislature passed an act to change the Organization of the Colorado National Guard to conform to the Tables of Organization, Organized Militia, 1914. This resulted in the assignment of five Sergeants First Class to the Quartermaster and one Ordnance Sergeant. In June, 1916, the National Defense Act brought the National Guard of the United States under closer Federal supervision. Federal pay for Armory drill was a new feature at this time.

On June 19, 1916, the President called the Guard into Federal Service for duty on the Mexican Border. The State Staff and enlisted detachment established a mobilization camp at the Rifle Range near Golden, and furnished personnel to train the newly enlisted in the administration and supply functions until their departure to the Border.

The United States entered the World War April 6, 1917 and all units in the State not already in the Federal Service were called, and the detachment was again called on to function in their speciality. At the end of the World War the troops were called for State duty and at the end of this period requested to be mustered out.

In 1921 a small enlisted detachment of the Quartermaster Corps was organized but the personnel were transferred late in the same year to the newly organized Service Company, 157th Infantry and 45th Division Tank Company. However, the detachment was again organized in October, 1924 and consisted of the First Sergeant; one Corporal; and one Private, but was later increased to twelve men. This detachment functioned at the Pueblo flood in June, 1921, the coal strike at Frederick, June and July, 1922, and the strikes and riots in Boulder and Weld Counties in November, 1927. In 1934 the strength of the detachment consisted of one Technical Sergeant; two Staff Sergeants; three Sergeants; four Corporals; four Privates First Class and eight Privates. At the present time the detachment consists of one Master Sergeant; two Technical Sergeants; three Staff Sergeants; four Sergeants; one Corporal; four Privates First Class and eleven Privates making a total of twenty-six enlisted men.

> BAND 157TH INFANTRY (Continued from page 44)

successful way until the fall of 1925 when he resigned and David C. Carson was extended Federal recognition Nov. 23, 1925, as Warrant Officer, 157th Infantry, and took it in charge. Warrant Officer Carson commanded its activities for almost 12 years, making it an organization of which not only he but the whole of the Colorado National Guard was proud. Mr. Carson resigned on October 6, 1937, and since that date Warrant Officer Gregory A. Bueche, who was extended Federal recognition on October 11, 1937, has been in command. Mr. Bueche has maintained the high standard of the Band

and in many ways furthered its interests until it is an organization recognized not only by the National Guard as a whole but by the Regular Army, as well. The State of Colorado is proud of the 157th Infantry Band and its leader.

The first annual field training comp for the company

The first annual field training camp for the company was held at the Rifle Range, Golden, Colorado in 1923, the first to be held for the Colorado National Guard following the World War, and the company has attended all subsequent training periods since that time.

While the company has had no actual battle experience, it has been called out four times, since its organization, to suppress threatened disorders within the State. The 45th Tank Company was a potent factor in maintaining tranquility in the affected areas and the grim but silent threat of the tanks had a decidedly quiescent effect on the turbulent elements with the result that at no time during these periods of active duty was it necessary to resort to extreme measures to enforce the peace.

During the nineteen years of the 45th Tank Company's existence it has enjoyed an enviable reputation for efficiency, and in the past ten years the condition of its tank material and other ordnance equipment has elicited very favorable comment from inspecting officers of the Ordnance Department, Eighth Corps Area, Fort Sam Houston, Texas. The state of training of the unit as a whole has resulted in its being given a rating of Superior in inspection reports of the National Guard Bureau. The company has attained a degree of efficiency second to none as a tank unit of the National Guard and such efficiency bodes well for the future. There is little doubt that it will continue to live up to its motto of being, "Ready and Able".

The 45th Tank Company with a present strength of 65 enlisted men is commanded by Captain Lou W. Appeldorn with Edwin B. Allen and Walter F. Anderson as First Lieutenants and Harold S. Spitzer and Harry H. Dickison as Second Lieutenants, all of whom have had long service with the company.

HEADQUARTERS COMPANY (LESS ANTITANK PLATOON)
(Continued from page 39)

This being in line with the reorganization of the National Guard under the new Army organization.

This Company served the State during the coal strikes in 1922 and in 1928-1929 and conducted themselves in a manner credible to the state and to the company.

This Company has an enviable record in assisting the City of Greeley and Weld County in all civic celebrations and functions and has taken part in many activities for civic betterment in connection with the Chamber of Commerce and the service clubs of the city.

The members of the Company have been drawn from the men students of Colorado State College of Education and from selected young men of the community and has always maintained a very high average in all military functions and activities.

ANTITANK PLATOON (Conlinued from page 41)

Canon City August 24, 1915, then transferred in June, 1916 to the 1st Infantry and in July redesignated as Company "C", 1st Colorado Infantry. This organization saw service on the Mexican border and at Camp Kearney, California during 1916 and 1917, was redesignated as Company "C", 157th Infantry in 1917 and saw service in the World War from July 21, 1918 to April 29, 1919, being mustered out at that date. On April 22, 1921 Canon City organized the Howitzer Company 177th Infantry, it being redesignated Howitzer Company 157th Infantry and Federally recognized to date from May 23, 1921, and consisted mainly of World War veterans.

This organization saw its first service at Pueblo, Colorado, in May and June, 1921, during the disastrous Pueblo flood. After the flood, a period of inactivity followed until October 3, 1929, at which time there occurred one of the bloodiest prison riots ever to occur. In this riot the Howitzer Company was the first organized force on the scene and did much to prevent further bloodshed and escape, manning the walls and commanding the area with its weapons. An unheralded act of bravery during this riot was performed by Corporal Fred R. Long, now a resident of Santa Fe, New Mexico. Corporal Long, with his pistol, voluntarily covered the entry and the placing of a dynamite charge by Father O'Neil. By entering the prison and firing in the west windows of the barricaded cell house, he kept the prisoners back and allowed Father O'Neil to work unhampered. It was through the efforts of the Howitzer Company in securing and inducing tear gas into the barricaded cell house that the riot was broken. After a week of service as tower guards and outside patrols the company was relieved.

The activities of the company from that time were uneventful until September 1, 1939, at which time the Howitzer Company was reorganized and redesignated The Antitank Platoon, Headquarters Company, 157th Infantry, with Lt. Fred A. Luthi Commanding and Lt. James W. Lee and Captain Frank E. Sanburg carried as extra officers of the regiment and attached for training to the Antitank Platoon.

Company "B", 157th Infantry (Continued from page 55)

the 157th Infantry under the command of Captain J. W. Le Fever.

Company "B" changed jobs in 1921 and was redesignated as Regimental Headquarters Company under Col. William C. Danks.

November 26, 1923 the unit was again changed and became Headquarters Company Second Battalion under the command of Lt. Harold H. Richardson.

Company 'B' 157th Infantry, regained its old designation as a rifle company April 1, 1928 under the command of Captain Bert V. DaVolt. It has retained that designation to the present time.

Captain DaVolt resigned his commission as Commanding Officer on May 27, 1938 and was succeeded in command by 1st Lt. Joseph L. Montague. On June 1, 1938 Lieutenant Montague was promoted to the rank of

Captain, 2nd Lt. Lewis E. Hollard to the rank of First Lieutenant and Sgt. Edward F. Von Bergen became the Second Lieutenant of the unit. These officers hold their respective ranks to the present date.

HONORS OF THE COMPANY

"Bummer's War"-1860

"Glouetta Pass"—1862 Civil War

Wanila Land Battle—1898 Apanish American War Fort Malate—1898 Philippine Insurrection—1899 Mexican Punitive Expedition—1916

Mexican Punitive Expedition—1916 World War—1917–1918

CIVIL DISTURBANCES

City Hall Riots—1894 Cripple Creek Disturbances—1894–1896 Green Mountain Dam Disturbance—1939

SERVICE COMPANY, 157TH INFANTRY (Continued from page 42)

member left in the company, is the senior non-commissioned officer in the entire Regiment, both in years of service and age. He will retire in 1940 after 23 years of continuous service.

The present company commander enlisted in the company in 1922 and has had continuous service with the company since that time.

There are fourteen men with war time service, of which seven are over-seas veterans, including the Company Commander and the Senior First Lieutenant.

Four men of the Service Company have been sent to West Point through National Guard appointments, three of whom graduated and now hold commissions in the regular army.

Many of the Officers of the Division, State and Regimental staffs have served as enlisted men and officers in the Service Company, the present Adjutant General having served as a Lieutenant. Others include Lt. Col. Richard F. Grinstead of the Division Staff, who is also a former Commander of the Company; the Regimental S-4, Captain Richard A. Freygang, also commanded the Service Company.

HEADQUARTERS COMPANY, 2ND BATTALION, 157TH INFANTRY (Continued from page 61)

Lt. Bernard A. Faller as officers. Under Paragraph 4, Special Orders, No. 101, A. G. O. Colorado, dated December 31, 1937, the Headquarters Company, stationed at Longmout, was redesignated as Company "G", 157th Infantry, and Company "G", 157th Infantry, stationed at Manzanola, Colorado, was designated Headquarters Company, 157th Infantry, effective as of January 1, 1938, where it is at the present time. Major William O. Perry, Denver, Colorado is now Battalion Commander, and 2nd Lt. Clarence A. Heskett of Rocky Ford, Colorado, is the Company Commander.

Company "I", 157th Infantry (Continued from page 79)

Lt. Floyd G. Powell. Capt. Powell commanded the company faithfully and well, until September 1, 1937, at which time he was promoted to the rank of Major, and assigned to duty on the Regimental Staff. 1st Lt. Asa E. Calvin was then advanced to a Captainey and the Command of the unit.

Of the fifty-eight men who composed the Company at its organization in Burlington, only two remained with the unit at this time, Captain Asa E. Calvin, and Private Raymond H. Bey.

The Company "I", Small Bore Rifle Team won the 1939, Chief of the National Guard Bureau, Indoor Target Match.

On September 18, 1939, construction was commenced on a new Target pit for the Outdoor rifle range, to be used by Company "I".

HEADQUARTERS Co., 3RD BATTALION, 157TH INFANTRY (Continued from page 77)

92. 2nd Lt. Eldon P. Sutton was promoted to First Lieutenant.

July 3, 1924, Captain Harry D. Conner resigned, by Special Orders No. 55, Neil H. Durkee was made Captain Commanding, August 6, 1924, Ist Lt. Eldon P. Sutton resigned, by Special Orders No. 64. September 25, 1924, Harry D. Conner was commissioned as First Lieutenant. Corporal George J. Williams was promoted to Second Lieutenant, by Special Orders No. 72.

June 8, 1925, Captain Neil Durkee resigned, by Special Orders No. 44. June 30, 1925, the company was disbanded by Special Orders No. 18 and reorganized again August 12, 1925, with William W. Gaunt as Captain, John Casteel, First Lieutenant and George J. Williams Second Lieutenant by Special Orders No. 62.

August 10, 1926, 1st Lt. John Casteel resigned, 2nd Lt. George J. Williams was promoted to First Lieutenant and 1st Sgt. Karl F. Stolz was promoted to Second Lieutenant by Special Orders No. 53. February 4, 1927, Capt. William W. Gaunt resigned, and 1st Lt. George J. Williams was promoted to Captain, 2nd Lt. Karl F. Stolz to First Lieutenant and Sgt. Glen C. Lyon to Second Lieutenant, Special Orders No. 9. November 21, 1927 the company was ordered to active duty at coal strike at Columbine Mine, Special Orders No. 88, being relieved, February 15, 1928.

February 1, 1929, Company "K", 157th Infantry, was redesignated as Third Battalion, Headquarters Company, Capt. George J. Williams and 1st Lt. Karl F. Stolz both resigning. George J. Williams was appointed First Lieutenant in command, and Karl F. Stolz, was appointed Second Lieutenant, Special Orders No. 9.

July 26, 1939, 1st. Lt. George J. Williams was promoted to Captain, and assigned to State Staff. August 1 1939, 2nd Lt. Karl F. Stolz was promoted to First Lieutenant n command, Special Orders No. 79.

August 3, 1939, the company was ordered to active strike duty at Green Mountain Dam between Dillon and Kremmling, Colorado, and relieved August 30, 1939.

This unit attended all National Guard Encampments except the one in 1925.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT DETACHMENT 157TH INFANTRY

(Continued from page 91)

Infantry in order to perpetuate the traditions of the Infantry regiment that had represented Colorado in the Federal service during the World War. Under provisions of Tables of Organization of 1921, the old Sanitary Detachment was renamed the Medical Detachment,

Detachment was renamed the Medical Detachment,
157th mantry Colorado National Guard
The Sanitary (Medical) Detachment has seen State
service on numerous occasions:

1. During the flood emergency at Pueblo, June 4,

1921 to June 24, 1921;2. At Frederick, Colorado, during the coal strike

in 1922;
3. At the Columbine Mines, during the coal strike

of 1927; and

4. The Emergency Grasshopper Control Detachment, June to August, 1937.

The First annual encampment took place at Rifle Range, Golden Colorado, June, 1923. Maj. Stemen resigned January 15, 1926, and was succeeded as Acting State Surgeon by Maj. John Chase, later made State Surgeon.

In October, 1939, the organization of the Medical Detachment, 157th Infantry, Colorado National Guard, was as follows:

Maj. Samuel Towbin, M. C., Commanding, (succeeding Maj. P. W. Whiteley on May 18, 1938; Capt. Towbin, at the time, receiving his commission as Major, August 17, 1938).

Capt. Combs, Colo. C., DC Capt. Stander, Thomas R., MC Capt. Brethouwer, Norman A., MC 1st Lieut. Chambers, William W., MC 35 Enlisted Men.

BATTERY "A", 168TH FIELD ARTILLERY (Continued from page 105)

Battery "A" was again mustered in. However, the battery being composed in great part of college students from the State Agricultural College at Ft. Collins, was, under War Department orders, mustered out of Federal service, and returned to its home station (Ft. Collins), on September 16, 1916.

Following the declaration of war against Germany by the United States, Battery "A" was again mobilized, and directed to assemble at Camp Baldwin, Overland Park, Denver, Colorado, by June 13, 1917. The unit was inducted into Federal service August 5th, and arrived at Camp Greene, Charlotte, N. C. October 2nd, where it was assigned to the 148th Field Artillery, and for a time became a unit of the 41st (Sunset) Division. On October 25th, the 148th Field Artillery left Camp Greene by wail arriving at Camp Mills, Long 4sland. New York on

rail, arriving at Camp Mills, Long Island, New York on the following day. On January 21, 1918, the regiment including Battery A", embarked for overseas, arriving at Liverpool, England, at about 1:00 P. M. February 6th. A few days at rest camp in Winchester, and the regiment again embarked, arriving at Le Havre, France in the early morning of February 10. After several more months of intensive training, Battery "A" received its initial baptism of fire on July 6, when, with the rest of the regiment, it was moved into the front lines near

Chateau Thierry in support of the 38th Corps, French. Space will not permit of a detailed account of the battery's activities during the next four months. Suffice it to say, that Battery "A" performed credibly in five major engagements, namely: Champagne, Champagne-Marne-Aisne-Marne, St. Mihiel and Meuse-Argonne. Following the armistice, the unit became a part of the Army of Occupation, being stationed at Hohr, Germany, until departure for the United States June 2, 1919, arriving at New York on Sunday, June 15.

riving at New York on Sunday, June 15.

Mustered out of Federal service between June 27 and 29, 1919, the battery remained mactive until September 25, 1930, when Battery "A" was again mustered in, under command of 1st. Lt. Joseph E. Ryan. Upon his transfer to staff, Capt. Floyd Cross assumed command July 1, 1934. On April 1, 1939, Capt. Cross was appointed Major, Veteran Corps, and 1st Lt. Lora E. McDonald took command, Lt. McDonald received his captaincy April 8, 1939. At this date (September 24, 1939) the battery officers are as follows: Capt. Lora E. McDonald, 1st. Lt. John B. Egan, 2nd Lts. Marion L. Madison and Lynn L. Thompson. The oldest man in the battery, both in years and in length of service, is the 1st Sgt. Clark P. Lanphere. Battery "A" is considered one of the "top" outfits of the regiment, among other trophies, having won the Lowry Post, Veterans of Foreign Wars, cup, for "the best battery at annual Armory inspection 1939". In accordance with tradition, Battery "A" is still composed nearly one hundred percent of college students.

BATTERY "C", 168TH FIELD ARTILLERY (Continued from page 111)

regular army. The only two remaining members of the unit which attended this training period are 1st Lt. Phillip E. Berg and 1st Sgt. E. H. Kratzer.

Old Troop "C" quickly came into notice as a unit which was outstanding in its achievements. It won four Colorado National Guard athletic championships, besides numerous Squadron pennants for excellence in training. Ist Sgt. Kratzer was responsible for winning nine consecutive pennants for best administration in the squadron, an honor singular in the Colorado Guard. In addition Troop "C" won many honors in mounted contests at Frontier Days in Cheyenne, Wyoming and at the Ski-Hi Stampede in Monte Vista, Colorado. Through these activities the troop built up a large troop fund which was to be of unexpected value before long.

In 1927, Loveland received a new National Guard Armory which was constructed on Lincoln Avenue, main entry to the city from the south. Then Troop C moved from the old Farmers' Union hall into the new Armory to continue its training. Here it was that the troop fund was a life saver. Funds from here were used to furnish the new building and provide a modern, comfortable home for the Loveland unit including clubrooms, piano, chairs and other furnishings. At that time Fred L. Pray was captain of the troop.

In the late summer of 1927 William F. Hunn, now a major and commander of the First Battalion of the 168 Field Artillery, was made captain of Troop "C", raised from the rank of second lieutenant. Soon thereafter came the call to active duty in the November, 1927, coal strike emergency in the northern Colorado coal fields. Troop "C" was the first guard unit in the field to take over in the emergency. It remained on active duty through the winter months until March 10, 1928, four

months of duty. The unit then served under our present Adjutant General, Harold Richardson, in command of the second provisional organization.

Color and romance of the old western mounted forces was destined to fade with the march of progress in America's armed forces.

In June, 1933, just ten years after Troop "C" became a guard unit, officers and troopers said farewell to their horses—the cavalry had passed. Colorful final review of the old squadron, with guidons fluttering in the breeze and bared sabres glittering in the sun, flashed a final, sad picture across the pages of Colorado National Guard's most romantic and adventuresome chapter.

The horses had given way to mechanized equipment—trucks, station wagons and rubber-tired field cannon.

Troop "C" became Battery "F" of the 168th Field Artillery. Quickly, however, the unit was given back its old designation of "C" and became Battery "C" of the 168th Field Artillery.

Troopers became cannoneers, truck drivers, telephone men and instrument men. Officers of the new motorized artillery unit of a revitalized Colorado guard were Capt. William F. Hunn; 1st Lt. E. M. Specht and 2nd Lts. Phillip E. Berg and Everett Burns and E. H. Kratzer continued his long service as first sergeant. He is now the oldest first sergeant in years' service in the Colorado National Guard.

Quickly the unit dug in, as it had ten years before, and learned the new technique. Before long the song "And Those Caissons Go Rolling Along" became almost as familiar to them as "O, The Cavalry is The Place For Me." They were becoming artillerymen.

Active service was to come again. In July of 1936, almost upon returning from a summer training camp at Fountain, Colorado, Battery "C" was called upon to take part in the fight against grasshopper hordes that were devastating crops and fields throughout the State. Trucks and men were mobilized with Battery "C's" detachment under command of 1st Sgt. Kratzer. It remained in service throughout the state during the summer for a long, difficult campaign.

Then Capt. Hunn was promoted to the rank of major in command of the First Battalion of the 168th and 1st Lt. Mark E. Conway as placed in command of Battery "C".

Three years of hard training whipped the new unit into one of the leading batteries in the regiment. Lt. Conway was promoted to the rank of captain; 2nd Lt. Phillip Berg became first lieutenant and executive officer and second lieutenants appointed were Jack B. Cook and Kenneth M. Burke.

Thursday morning, just after midnight, August 3, 1939, Battery "C" received the call to take the field for active service in the emergency created by the strike riots near Kremmling, Colorado, at the Green Mountain Dam project. The unit packed, entrucked and arrived on the scene at 9:45 o'clock that morning and immediately was placed on duty with other units of the guard which made up the emergency provisional organization under command of Major W. F. Hunn. The unit remained on duty there until August 31, when all units were released to return to home stations.

In September of 1939, the unit received orders to increase its personnel to seventy-nine enlisted men, and to hold two drills weekly. It reached full strength October 20, 1939.

HERALDRY—168TH FIELD ARTILLERY (Continued from page 92)

the organization participated during the World War. The scorpion-symbolizes service on the Mexican Border; and the sheathed Roman sword from the Spanish War Service Medal, represents Spanish War Service. The motto is from a letter of commendation from General De Mondesir, commanding the 38th Army Corps (French), which the 148th Field Artillery supported during the Champagne-Marne defensive.

pagne-Marne defensive.

DISTINCTIVE INSIGNIA: Approved December 12, 1928; amended, January 19, 1929: Shield and motto of the coat of arms.

ORIGIN OF REGIMENTAL MOTTO: During the Champagne-Marne defense, the 66th Field Artillery Brigade was divided in support of both the First Corp, American Expeditionary Force, and the 38th Corps, French. The 148th Field Artillery and the Second Battalion of the 146th Field Artillery were in position to the south of Chateau Thierry in support of the 38th Corps, French. These units were directly under the command of the Sixth French Army. Shortly after the Allies took the offensive, the brigade was united and operated throughout the campaign as Corps Artillery of the First Corps, American Expeditionary Force. After the brigade had been reunited, the following letter of commendation was received from the commander of the French 38th Corps:

VI Army Q. G. 17th July, 1918 (translation)

"The General commanding the 38th Army Corps congratulates all groupments of the Army for their cooperation in the defense of the Marne.

"Altho fatigued under an intense bombardment causing sensible losses and upsetting the liaison, they have accomplished with energy all their missions, from the beginning to the end of the action, with a constant care to coordinate their efforts and support at all costs the troops engaged, and this not only on our front, but supporting also the units in the vicinity.

"Troops and staff may take their share of the success obtained over the enemy, which has been entirely thrown back beyond the river, on the front of our Army Corps.

"The present order will be read as soon as possible in all the batteries.

"General Commanding the 38th Army Corps.
DE MONDESIR"

HISTORICAL SKETCH of the CHAFFEE LIGHT ARTILLERY By E. K. Stimson

In the year 1878 the city of Denver had two well-organized and drilled military companies, viz., the Governor's Guard and the Mitchell Guard. Both were infantry companies. The Governor's Guard was commanded by A. H. Jones, a veteran of the war for the preservation of the American Union. He has seen continuous service in the Army of the Potomac almost from the beginning of the war to the end, being connected with that renowned regiment, the Ninth New York Infantry, or more familiarly known as "Hawkins' Zouaves." The Mitchell Guard was commanded by Captain E. J. Burke.

The idea of forming a light battery and making the same a crack military organization which should be a

fixture and a credit to the city of Denver had for some time been prevalent in the daily thought of Captain Jones. He had several consultations with United States Senator Jerome B. Chaffee, and found that his proposition met with cordial endorsement from that distinguished gentleman, and that the proper influence would be brought to bear in order that field pieces of artillery and caissons might be secured from the United States Government.

So the matter was agitated and considered among a few who were enthusiastic in military matters at that day, with the result that a preliminary meeting for organization was called and held, of which the following is a true copy of the minutes, taken from the record:

MINUTES OF MEETING HELD JANUARY 10, 1878.

At a meeting held at the office of A. H. Jones on Thursday evening, January 10, 1878, there were present Messrs. A. H. Jones, Sam L. Chapin, Frank A. Robertson, R. C. Webster, W. S. Hopewell, Frank W. Cram, W. D. Anthony, Phil Trounstine and Hyatt Hussey. On motion of Mr. Trounstine, A. H. Jones was elected Chairman of the meeting. On motion of Mr. Trounstine, Hyatt Hussey was elected Secretary.

The Chairman briefly stated that the object for which the meeting was called was to take some preliminary steps toward the organization of a light artillery company in anticipation of the early arrival of a battery in this city, that was then en route to the Governor of the State. The gentleman present freely entered into a discussion as to the name to be given to the organization and, in consideration of the successful efforts of Senator Chaffee in procuring the battery, it was resolved, on motion of Mr. Webster, that the organization be called "The Chaffee Light Artillery Company."

On motion of Mr. Webster, the meeting adjourned, to meet at the State Armory on Saturday evening, January 12, 1878.

Hyatt Hussey, Secretary.

Thus the now justly famous company to which this sketch is devoted was brought into active life.

In January, 1878, two brass Napoleon guns, twelve-pounders, were received. They were in good condition, and supplied with limbers and other equipments complete. Soon after two caissons were received, and a section of a light battery was at hand ready to go into action if manipulated by hand and prolong. The necessary equipments for horses and drivers were all that was lacking to make a fully-equipped one-half of a four-gun battery.

The guns and caissons were placed in the basement of the Guards' Hall. This is the building at the corner of Fifteenth and Curtis streets. It was originally constructed as an armory for the Governor's Guard more than anything else, but was later on used as a theatre, being known as "The Forrester Opera House." During the flush times in Denver after the discovery of carbonates in California Gulch the building was secured by the Denver Club, and was used as a club house until the com-

Denver Club, and was used as a club house until the completion of their magnificent quarters at Glenarm and Seventeenth streets.

Captain Jones resigned as commander of the Governor's Guard in January, 1878, and at a meeting of the new Artillery Company in January he was unanimously elected Captain of the Chaffee Light Artillery Company.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT DETACHMENT 168TH FIELD ARTILLERY (Continued from page 125)

tion as of same date. Capt. Joseph M. Feder, M. C., Pueblo, Colorado, was the First Commanding Officer.

On September 9, 1924, the unit was redesignated as Medical Department Detachment, 158th Field Artillery, with no change of station or date of Federal recognition.

On July 1, 1926, it was again redesignated Medical Department Detachment, 168th Separate Battalion, Field Artillery, with date of Federal recognition remaining the same. However, the designation was again changed on February 1, 1929 to Medical Department Detachment, 168th Field Artillery (Horse), and Federal recognition granted to date from February 1, 1929, and station changed to Fort Collins, Colorado.

The Medical Department Detachment, 117th Cavalry, stationed at Denver, was on August 1, 1933, converted into what was to be known as the Medical Department Detachment, Second Battalion, 168th Field Artillery (75-MM Truck-Drawn), with station at Denver, Colorado. By Paragraph 5, Special Orders No. 29, Adjutant General's Office, State of Colorado, dated April 16, 1934, this latter organization was disbanded and the organization at Fort Collins redesignated as Medical Department Detachment, 168th Field Artillery, retaining Federal recognition date as February 1, 1929, under which designation it is still maintained.

BAND 168TH FIELD ARTILLERY (Continued from page 100)

Federal recognition was given the Band Section along with Service Battery, proper, April 13, 1937, in Golden, Colorado, Warrant Officer Marlin in charge. The band section had no instruments for camp. They used drummers and bugles at camp. It was not until September 18, 1937, however, that the band section had functioned as a musical unit. At this time, the band became a detached section of the Service Battery and Headquarters were established at the Colorado State National Guard Headquarters, 300 Logan St., Denver, Colorado.

Although the personnel of the band section has changed greatly since its origin, there are still several charter members left of the original twenty-eight enlisted men. W. O. Earl C. Campbell, Commanding, has been with the band since its official recognition as of September 18, 1937. Tech. Sgt. Albert Reuter, St. Sgt. O. D. Thompson, Acting 1st Sgt. Donald F. Yonts, and several of the line sergeants also are charter members. The 1st St. Sgt. Albert Manhoff, was discharged in order to reenlist in the regular army.

Organized but a comparatively short time, and handicapped somewhat by the personnel changes, the band has made rapid strides toward musical perfection. Many of the men have developed their musical ability by means of individual lessons under the supervision of W. O. Campbell. The result has been most gratifying, both

Campbell. The result has been most gratifying, both to the individuals and to the band as a unit.

During the period of organization, the men have had opportunity to attend two summer encampments at Camp George West, Golden, Colorado. A well-planned schedule and system both of musical and military training at these times greatly aided the men in developing tone qualities and technique on their respective instruments, and in working together, and cooperating as an organized military unit. Special attention was given to military maneuvers as pertain to the band.

The high morale of the members is evidenced by the fact that considerable pride and outside interest in the band is shown. A nine-piece dance band, comprised of most of the key men and non-commissioned officers has been functioning for two seasons. During the winter months, this dance group has enjoyed the privilege of playing professionally in Denver and nearby towns in Colorado. A profitable and pleasant coming season is anticipated for this group.

The present personnel of the non-commissioned officers in charge of the 168th Field Artillery Band Section includes Tech. Sgt. Albert W. Reuter, charge of regimental field music; St. Sgt. Oliver D. Thompson, assistant band director and acting sergeant of supplies; Sgt. Donald F. Yonts, acting first sergeant; and Corp. Victor E. Dahlberg, clerk.

BATTERY "B", 168TH FIELD ARTILLERY (Continued from page 109)

National Guard was mobilized for duty in the southern Colorado coal fields.

Real active service came again in 1916. The Battery went into the service of the United States at the call of the President on June 18, 1916. Battery "B" was mustered in on July 4, 1916, and was sent to Deming, New Mexico, arriving there on October 3, 1916. After several weeks of hard training, the battery, as part of the battalion was marched to Fort Bliss, Texas, arriving on November 3. There the battalion was attached to the Fifth Field Artillery, U. S. Army, for training and administration. Late in February, 1917, the battalion was ordered to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming, to be mustered out. This was completed on March 6 and Battery "B" returned to Denver.

War was declared against Germany and her allies on April 7, 1917. In anticipation of a call for troops by the President, Governor Gunter mobilized the Colorado National Guard on July 7. On August 5, all of the Colorado troops were drafted into the service of the United States. The Field Artillery Battalion was sent to Camp Greene, North Carolina, and assigned to the 148th Field Artillery, U. S. A.

The story of the part played by the Battery in the World War is best told by the history of the Regiment. Suffice to say here that Battery "B" fought its share of the four major battles, and two defensive engagements, with the distinction which characterized the action of the entire Regiment.

After the World War, Battery "B" was reorganized in Denver, as a unit of the 158th Separate Battalion, Field Artillery. On July 1, 1926, the designation was changed to the 168th Separate Battalion, and the battalion was assigned to the 24th Cavalry Division, G. H. Q. The armament was the famous French "75".

On November 27, 1927, the Battery was called on for "strike D duty" in the coal fields of northern Colorado, and was relieved on April 6, 1928.

After the annual encampment in 1933, the 168th Separate Battalion Field Artillery, and the 17th Squadron Cavalry were merged into the 168th Regiment of Field Artillery. The method of transport was changed at this time from horse to motor. Armament remained the same except that the old French "75's" were put on pneumatic tires, for draft by trucks. The first encampment as a motorized regiment was held on the Pole Mountain Reservation in Wyoming, in June, 1934. April, 1935 saw the advent of "spring practice" (Continued on page 154)

firing with the new sub-caliber equipment: a 37mm gun bolted on the tube of the "75". Annual camp in 1935 was held at Pueblo. In 1936, at Camp "Dusty" Martin. In 1937, again at Pueblo. In August, 1938, the Battery took part in maneuvers of a part of the Third Army, which were held on the Reservation at Pole Mountain. In 1939, camp was back again at Camp George West with service practice on the Bombing Range of the Air Corps Technical School, near Denven

Range of the Air Corps Technical School, near Denver.
The old bug bear of strike dity arose again on August 3, 1939, when the Battery was ordered to the field to preserve peace at Green Mountain Dam, near Kremmling, during some labor dispute. Relief from this duty

came on August 31.

The development of the "Second World War" in Europe occasioned an increase of strength of the Battery to seventy-nine men. This made it possible, for the first time during peace, for the Battery to man all of its

four ouns

Battery "B" has an enviable record of its own, and as part of the Regiment. The Non-commissioned Officers Club of Battery "B", an old organization, changed its name in 1938, to the "Chaffee Club", in memory of the Senator whose efforts brought Colorado its first artillery unit. All of the "Non-Coms" of the Battery are members of the Chaffee Club, and all of the officers in the Regiment who were at one time members of Battery "B" have been made "Honorary Members". These Honorary Members include a very large number of the officers in the regiment.

Battery "B" has always been the best firing battery in the regiment, has always been given the toughest assignments, and is always able to say that its duty has been "Accomplished With Energy."

24TH DIVISION AVIATION (Continued from page 133)

During its years of service the Squadron has been called upon to perform various services to the State and its citizens. Mercy flights to deliver serum have been made in Colorado and adjoining states, in all kinds of weather and under all conditions. Participation in dedications of new airports, liaison missions with other branches of the service, photographic missions for State and Federal agencies, search for missing persons and aid to State and Federal police in the detection of criminals have all been cheerfully and efficiently performed by various members of the organization.

In February, 1938, the Squadron moved to new and larger quarters at the Municipal Airport. In 1939 the organization was relieved from its assignment with the 45th Division and attached to the 24th Cavalry Division, which assignment is still in effect. The unit consists of a present strength of twenty-nine officers and one hundred enlisted men. Eight of the new 0-47A airplanes have been received which, together with a new photographic trailer and radio truck, aid in making the Squadron one of the most up-to-date and modern organizations in the service.

HEADQUARTERS BATTERY, 168TH, Flind ARTHLERY (Continued from page 97)

In 1889 the battalion was again reduced in strength to two Separate Troops, "A" and "D"; and it was not until November of 1895, that there was a troop which bore the designation of "B". However, on November 16, there was mustered in at Denver the "Denver City Troop "B", "under the command of Capt. William G. Wheeler. Maj. Nankivell, in his excellent reference, *History of*

the Military Organizations in Colorado says of this unit: ".....through this troop the continuity of the history of the cavalry arm in the state service was eventually preserved. The new troop was composed of a very high type of personnel, many prominent business and professional men of Denver being among its members, and it soon attained a high state of efficiency."

This new organization soon saw active service. It participated in the Leadville Strike of 1896-97 and was on duty from September 21, 1896 to March 10, 1897. Upon declaration of war between the United States and Spain, Colorado's quota of men for Federal Service was set at one regiment of infantry and one battery of field artillery. Instead of a battery of field artillery, Colorado sent two troops of cavalry. Troops "A" and "B" were sent, along with those men of Troop "C" who cared to volunteer. The two troops were mustered into Federal Service on May 1, 1898, and were known during the war as Troops "A" and "B" of the Second United States Volunteer Cavalry. The officers of Troop "B" at the time of muster were William G. Wheeler, Captain; A. L. B. Davies, First Lieutenant; and F. A. Perry, Second Lieutenant. Shortly after this Capt. Wheeler was promoted to the rank of Major Lt. Davies became Captain, 2nd Lt. Perry became a First Lieutenant and Sgt. Cyrus E. Mead became Second Lieutenant. The troops were ordered to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming (now Fort Francis E. Warren) on May 31, 1898, where they joined the rest of the regiment. The regiment was under the command of Col. Jay L. Torrey and for that reason became known as "Torrey's Rough Riders." The regiment left Fort Russell on June 23, for Florida, where they remained until October 24, 1898. Although they never saw any actual service in the Spanish-American War, the men were rated very highly in morale and efficiency; and it is certain that if they had taken part in any engagements, they would have maintained the excellent record they held.

After the Spanish-American War, Troops "A" and

"B" returned to their battalions.

In the period following the war, there was a great deal of change within the battalion, but throughout all of these changes Troop "B" remained the same, and preserved its individuality. Troops "A" and "D" were disbanded, reorganized—mustered in in one town and then in another. But Troop "B" had become a constant in the career of a changing Colorado National Guard.

The Troop saw active service in the Cripple Creek Strike, in 1903–04, the Telluride Strike in 1904, and the Colorado Mine Insurrection of 1913 and 1914. Brigadier General Chase summed up the services of the Colorado National Guard during these civil disturbances very well when he said, "They have promptly and cheerfully responded to the State's call in the hour of danger, and their service has been attended in almost every instance with great personal sacrifice, and oftentimes downright suffering." The service was executed in most difficult terrain and often in extremely cold weather. The guardsman stayed with the duty assigned him in spite of all these difficulties; and while he was at the same time facing considerable unfair publicity from a part of the State's press.

As a result of the increasing tension between the United States and Mexico, the President called the National Guard of all States into Federal Service. Troop "B", under the command of Capt. G. S. Lawrence, went with the Battalion to Brownsville, Texas in October of 1916. The squadron was here consolidated with cer-

tain other National Guard and Regular Army Cavalry units, to form the First Provisional Regiment of Cavalry. This organization acted as a border patrol until March of 1917, at which time the Colorado squadron was ordered to Fort D. A. Russell and there mustered out of Federal Service.

One month later the United States declared war upon Germany, and the Cavalry Battalion was increased to a regiment of Cavalry. This regiment left Denver on September 29, 1917 for Camp Kearney, California where it was consolidated with the 157th Infantry which became a part of the 40th Division. The newly formed Cavalry regiment left for overseas duty on August 7, 1918. While in France, the unit was used as a replacement group and though, as a regiment, it did not see active service; nevertheless many members of it did see action as members of other units. Upon its return from France, the 157th Infantry arrived in New York on April 11, 1919 and was mustered out of service at Fort D. A. Russell on April 29, 1919.

Following the World War, public reaction against the military grew in intensity in this country and as a result, it was not until October 18, 1920 that an attempt was made to reorganize the arms of the State. However, on that date the Adjutant General's Office published General Order 32, which provided for the reestablishment of the First Cavalry Squadron. General Order 33, dated October 27, 1920 provided, among other things, for the reorganization of Troop "B", which was to be under the command of Capt. R. H. Jancke. The name of the Squadron was changed to First Separate Squadron Cavalry, Colorado National Guard; and it was placed under the command of Maj. C. F. Cusack, one of the finest horsemen in the State of Colorado. The change

of name became effective June 14, 1921. On November 1, 1921 the name of the Organization was changed again-this time to the Second Squadron, 111th Cavalry; and under this change Troop "B" was

redesignated Troop "E", 111th Cavalry.

The name of the squadron and of Troop "E" (old Troop "B") was changed again on February 1, 1922. It was now known as Troop "B", First Squadron, 117th Cavalry. Troop "B", along with Troop "C", and certain other branches of the Colorado National Guard again saw active service in the Columbine Mine Riots of Boulder and Weld Counties. This service began on November 21, 1927 and then gradually tapered off to its true end in April of 1928.

According to General Order 14, Adjutant General's Office dated September 12, 1931, the designation of the Squadron was again changed (this time for the last time) to 117th Separate Squadron Cavalry, Colorado National Guard. At this time the officers of Troop "B" were Elmer F. Arnbrecht, Captain; Fred L. Plahte, First Lieutenant; and Lawrence W. Ensor, Second Lieutenant.

In pursuance of the plan of the War Department to motorize units having horses, the various units of the 117th Separate Squadron where transferred to the 168th Field Artillery by the authority of Special Order 53, dated August 1, 1933. Under this change, Troop "B" became First Battalion Headquarters Battery and Combat Train. 1st Lt. Plahte and 2nd Lt. Ensor were transferred out of the newly formed Battery and in their were place the unit received Lt. K. S. Johnson, who came from Battery "E". On January 1, 1934, the designation of the unit which had been Troop "B" was again changed to Regimental Headquarters Battery, in accordance with Paragraph 1, General Order 1, Adjutant General's Office, Colorado National Guard.

Hence, we have seen the record of where Regimental

Headquarters Battery came from. We have followed its career from the date of its first mustering in 1880, as Troop "B", to the present time. However, there is much of the unit's life that does not appear in these records-its excellent spirit, the fine type of officers and men, that it has had, and has now, and the numberless activities which constitute a great part of an organization. In 1936 a trophy was for the first time offered by the Veterans of Foreign Wars, for the battery with the highest rating at Federal Inspection. The first year the trophy was presented. Headquarters Battery won it. The same organization won it again the next two years.

Headquarters Battery has twice received the Veterans of Foreign Wars Trophy for the Best Battery at Camp out of the two years it has been offered. As a cavalry troop, the unit always gave an excellent account of itself in the local horseshows.

Every soldier that lived has constantly wished to be proud of his organization-Regimental Headquarters Battery, 168th Field Artillery is one that every soldier is proud of.

REGIMENTAL HEADQUARTERS 168TH FIELD ARTILLERY (Continued from page 94)

Vista, Denver and Loveland, became Batteries "D", "E" and "F", respectively, of the Second Battalion in the motorized regiment, with the exception that Battery "F" was later redesignated Battery "C"—the only unit of the former cavalry organization to regain its old letter designation-and it would be hard to say who,-the ex-cavalrymen or the ex-horse-artillerymen, were more deeply stricken at parting with their horses in exchange for motors.

The new headquarters suffered a loss, almost immediately, with the death of Col. Joseph W. Le Fever on March 31, 1934, and with Lt. Col. William Q. Howell commanding the regiment in lieu of colonel, and with Major Raymond W. Combs, former commanding officer of the 117th Cavalry, transferred to regimental headquarters from the First battalion staff, in May, to assume the duties of executive officer, the regiment went into field training in June, 1934, at the Rifle Range, Golden, Colorado, without its first colonel. The training period was successful, and began the process of forging regimental morale which has steadily progressed to its present very high plane.

This newly organized staff was still in the process of adjustment, however, and after the field training period, Capt. Reed resigned, and Capt. Joseph E. Ryan was transferred from Battery "A" at Fort Collins to fill this vacancy, and was assigned as regimental adjutant. Soon, again, the staff was to lack another officer, for Maj. Raymond W. Combs returned to the command of the First Battalion, and the remaining officers directed the regiment through Federal Inspection in March, 1935, and through the field training period of 1935, with gratifying results in securing commendations for march

discipline and the conduct of service practice, despite the short life of the regiment. The regiment lacked an Instructor for many months, due to the death of Capt. Edward F. Hart, F. A., U. S. A., September 16, 1934, and the vacancy was not filled until June 6, 1935, by the assignment of Maj. John Keliher, F. A., U. S. A. to the Regiment. It was not until December 9, 1935 that the regiment received a new Colonel in the person of John P. Donovan, also formerly a private in the Chaffee Light Artillery, promoted to Colonel, Field Artillery from Major, 89th Brigade staff.

REGIMENTAL HEADQUARTERS 168TH FIELD ARTILLERY (Continued from page 155)

Soon afterward, in January, 1936, Lt. Col. William Q. Howell was transferred to the newly organized detachment of Headquarters, 24th Cavalry Division, and during the same month Major Ronald H. Peters commanding the Second Battalion, was also transferred to Head-quarters 24th Cavalry division. Consequent upon these changes, Capt. Thurston T. Houghton left the regimental staff to become Major and to command the Second Battalion. These vacancies were filled by the promotion of Major Combs to Lieutenant-Colonel, with assignment as Executive Officer, the transfer of Capt. Floyd R. Pool from Headquarters, Second Battalion, to be Plans and Training officer, and with the promotion of 1st Lt. Robert D. Charlton to Captain and his joining the First Battalion staff, 1st Lt. Ralph D. Caldwell of that staff became Liaison Officer on the regimental staff.

1936 was also a year of more than routine activity for the regiment, for in April, close upon the impending June encampment, a Second Battalion Headquarters Battery of three officers and twenty-nine men was organized at Colorado Springs, on the 14th of the month. Four days later, on April 19, various units of the regiment, and one officer of the staff, Capt. Joseph E. Ryan, were placed upon active duty to prevent the entry of alien and indigent persons into the state. On May 1, 1936 a First Battalion Headquarters Battery of three officers and twenty-nine men was organized at Golden,

Colorado.

The field training period of 1936 also departed from the traditional routine of being under canvas along with the 157th Infantry at the Rifle Range, near Golden, Colorado, as, for the first time, the regiment went into camp by itself at Camp John Martin, near Fountain, Colorado, 86 miles south of Denver, and went through its firing, bivouacing, combat problems-and meals-under a film of dust.

This 1936 encampment saw the institution of the Le Fever medal by Col. John P. Donovan to honor the memory of the regiment's first colonel, and to be awarded to the Best All-Around Field Artilleryman among the enlisted men of the regiment, at each encampment, henceforth, and this met with an immediate response of

interest from the men.

It seems also worthy of note that at that time, taking advantage of the opportunity offered by the War Department for enlisted men to earn commissions in the National Guard of the United States and to remain with that component of the Army, three non-commissioned officers held such commissions, one other had accepted an active appointment, and one had been discharged for change of residence, of the original five applying for commission during the first year of the opportunity. Interest has not lagged in the meantime, and at the present writing, the regiment has fifteen non-commissioned officers holding appointments ranging from Second Lieutenant to Captain in the National Guard of the United States.

This increase was aided by the encouragement of the Instructor, Maj. Keliher, F. A., U. S. A., and has continued under Lt. Col. Jones, F. A., U. S. A., who was assigned as Instructor, October 1, 1936, and due to the policy of encouragement and development followed in the regiment toward junior ranks, most of these inactive officers have had the opportunity to fire problems during services processes of the regiment.

service practice of the regiment.

In 1937 there was but one change in the regimental staff. On April 1, 1939 1st Lt. Ralph D. Caldwell was transferred to Battery "D" at Monte Vista, and 1st Lt. Lloyd C. Haggard of Battery "D" was assigned to regimental staff as Liaison Officer.

Again, that year, the regiment, with the addition of a Service Battery, organized at Golden, Colorado, upon reorganization of First Battalion Headquarters Battery at Durango, Colorado, in April and May, 1937, moved southward to Pueblo, Colorado, and, using the State Fair Grounds and the buildings thereon, went into camp just in the rear of the Armory site in that city, and the regiment marched daily approximately 35 miles to the firing range at Fountain, Colorado. Practically all types of problems were fired, and the regiment continued to acquire experience in marches, shelter, defense against aircraft, and in reconnaissance and occupation of position.

Shortly after the end of this encampment, all units of the regiment except the new First Battalion Headquarters Battery at Durango, participated in a tour of active duty, from July 19, 1937 to August 30, 1937 in controlling the grasshopper infestation of that summer in Colorado, gaining valuable experience in marches and convoy.

Early in 1938, with the resignation of Capt. Joseph E. Ryan, and the transfer of Capt. Jay H. Bouton from Headquarters, Second Battalion, to fill the vacancy, as adjutant, the regimental staff assumed the form it still holds, with Col. John P. Donovan, commanding; Lt. Col. Raymond W. Combs, executive; Maj. Wilson P. Ard, Chaplain; Capt. Jay H. Bouton, adjutant; Capt. Floyd R. Pool, plans and training officer, and 1st Lt. Lloyd C.

Haggard, Liaison Officer.

With changes in the personnel of both regimental staff and Instructors recently held to such a low point, the regiment has made notable progress, and has earned the opinions of Federal Inspectors that, with shortages of equipment and personnel adjusted, it is an organization whose state of training and discipline fits it for immediate combat service. The regiment participated, with credit to itself and to the "Red" Army of which it was a part, in the Third Army maneuvers at Pole Mountain, Wyoming, from August 1st to the 15th, 1938.

Service practice that year was somewhat curtailed, due to the maneuvers, but an improvement in the facilities for service practice firing, and the use of a suitable firing range, was granted the regiment by receiving permission from the Commanding Officer of the Air Corps Technical school to use the Air School Bombing Range near Denver. Some service practice was fired on the bombing range in 1938, and all of service practice during 1939, with troops bivouacing and conducting combat problems and tactical exercises on this expansive reservation of 100 square miles during 1939 field training.

Shortly after the field training period of 1939 ended, two units of the regiment, Battery "B" from Denver and Battery "C" from Loveland, Colorado, were called into

active duty by the State to preserve order and protect property during a strike on the Green Mountain dam construction at Kremmling Colorado—a part of the Big Thompson water diversion project—and remained on duty from August 3, to August 31, 1939. In conjunction with infantry units of the Colorado National Guard at Kremmling, these units handled the difficult situation in such splendid fashion as to obtain the absolute cessation

of violence upon the arrival of troops, gain the respect of all, and merit the commendation of the governor, which was forthcoming upon the conclusion of the tour of active duty in the counties of Summit and Grand. With this record the history of the past ends and the

regiment, with added strength under the President's "limited emergency" act, now turns to the future, working toward further improvement, added efficiency and larger achievement, so that it may continue to be said of us that "They have accomplished with energy all their

missions, from the beginning to the end."

HISTORY

SERVICE BATTERY, 168th FIELD ARTILLERY

Before World War, Golden Unit was Company "B", 115th Engineers (See history of 115th Engineers.)

Unit formed again in 1936: Headquarters Battery and Combat Train, First Battalion, 168th Field Artillery.

Unit redesignated, April 13, 1937, as Service Battery, 168th Field Artillery and Band section recruited.

Band Section transferred to Denver.

In the spring of 1936, the intention of the National Guard Bureau to allot new units to Colorado became more positive. One of these new units planned was a Headquarters Battery and Combat Train, First Batteria 1624 1821 Activity

talion, 168th Field Artillery.

Golden, because the State already had an Armory here, was indicated as one of the favorable stations for one of these new units. In March, 1936, Col. Neil W. Kimball, then Adjutant General of Colorado, conferred with civic leaders of Golden, regarding the organization of a National Guard unit to be stationed in this community. Mayor Albert E. Jones and others received the suggestions of Col. Kimball favorably, and plans were laid immediately to have a skeleton organization ready to be mustered within thirty days' notice.

Clyde H. C. Braden, member of the faculty of Colorado School of Mines and a Reserve Officer in the Military Intelligence Division, and Ernest M. Bond, representative of the Adolph Coors company and a Reserve Officer in the Corps of Engineers, were selected to proceed with the skeleton organization. These two Reserve Officers together with Capt. Robert D. Charlton of the 168th Field Artillery, conferred with Col. John P. Donovan, commanding officer of the 168th, and worked out specific plans which were presented to the Adjutant

General.

Edward B. Richardson, then a student at the School of Mines, took active part in assisting Braden and Bond in the preliminary organization work. Everett M. Paris and John E. Moody were two other Mines' students who assisted in enlisting men for the proposed battery. Vernon A. Wilson, insurance salesman of Golden, later became interested in the project and rendered valuable assistance during the period of organization.

The new battery was mustered for inspection for Federal Recognition on May 1, 1936. Among those present at this inspection were Col. Hill, Regular Army Instructor, CNG, Col. Donovan, Adjutant General Kimball, Mayor Jones, and other civic leaders of Golden.

The enlisted men elected the following Officers: Clyde H. C. Braden to be First Lieutenant Ernest M. Bond to be Second Lieutenant

A captain was not elected. Capt. Joseph E. Ryan, Adjutant of the 168th, read a Special Order assigning Capt. Robert D. Charlton as commanding officer of the newly recognized Headquarters Battery and Combat Train, First Battalion, 168th Field Artillery.

Capt. Charlton took immediate command of the Battery. Following Inspection, all of the enlisted men who had taken an active part in organizing the unit, met with Capt. Charlton and the newly elected Lieutenants. Appointment of the First Non-commissioned Officers were recommended: 1st Sgt. Everett M. Paris; St. Sgts. John E. Moody and Dean M. Post; Sgts. James H. Hannan, John P. Marlin, Edward B. Richardson (Richardson was also appointed custodian), and Vernon A. Wilson; Corps. Albert C. Harding, Leslie R. Harrison (battery clerk), Richard L. Peterson, and Frank E.

Siegfreid. Privates were John H. Armstrong, Walter C. Baker, Donald O. Clark, Fred J. Engler, Marshall E. Falch, Evans W. Ferris, John N. Gray, Luther S. Helms, John H. Johnson, Henry W. Lambeau, Earl C. Maund, Sherwin W. Nichols, Arthur J. Olson, Arthur M. Smith, Albert L. Vincent, Richard M. Young, Edward F. Porter.

Enlistment of two others brought the Battery up to full strength: Hubert E. Berninghausen, May 5, 1936,

and Woodrow W. Gruber, May 19, 1936.

The new Battery had only six weeks in which to prepare for the first Field Training period. Nine drills were held, and both Officers and men worked enthusiastically to prepare for duty in the field at "Camp Martin", on the Artillery firing range north of Pueblo.

Four of the men listed on the first Form 100 were discharged June 1, after only one month's service. These were Berninghausen, Johnson, Lambeau, and Young. All of them left the State and were given honorable discharges.

Enlisting on June 1, 1936, were Oscar Q. Moon and Carl Mauer. Moon is now (September, 1939) First Sergeant of the Service Battery.

The first Field Training period was a difficult one. Both the Officers and men were not then well trained, and Capt. Charlton was the only Officer with any Artillery training. Capt. Arnbrecht, commanding the Regimental Headquarters Battery, assisted in the Field Training period, the First Battalion Headquarters unit being placed indirectly under his supervision. The noncommissioned officers of the Regimental Headquarters Battery also gave needed assistance and instruction.

Following the first Federal Inspection, in the spring of 1937, the following commendation was received by the Commander of the Battery:

"First Battalion Headquarters Battery and Combat Train, although newly organized, both Officers and men progressed to a marked degree in instruction and training, and showed unusual eagerness to learn, which was very commendable."

On February 1, 1937, Capt. Charlton relinquished command of the Battery, and Capt. Theodore R. Peck was transferred from the staff of the First Battalion and assigned to command (RO February 1, 1937). Capt. Peck's experience as Commanding Officer of a firing battery (Battery "F", Pueblo), and as a telephone engineer in civilian life, enabled him to give some valuable instruction to both the communications and the instrument sections of the Headquarters unit.

Everett M. Paris, First Sergeant, left Golden to take employment with the Climax Molybdenum Company, near Leadville, and was given an honorable discharge as First Sergeant (Par. 10 SO 8, AGO, Colorado, February 2, 1937).

Appointed as First Sergeant, to succeed Paris, was Edward B. Richardson, staff sergeant (RO 2 February 1, 1937). James Hannan, communications staff sergeant, moved to Summitville, and appointed in his place, was Sgt. Vernon A. Wilson. Sgt. John P. Marlin was appointed staff sergeant (instrument section) vice Richardson. Both Marlin and Wilson were later to be commissioned Second Lieutenants of the Battery. Richardson was to become Master Sergeant later, when the Battery was redesignated the Service Battery, 168th Field Artillery.

Promotion of Pvt. Oscar Q. Moon to corporal, was ordered January 1, 1937, (RO 1). Moon is now (September, 1939) First Sergeant of the Battery.

(Continued on page 158)

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SERVICE BATTERY, 168TH FIELD ARTILLERY (Continued from page 157)

John N. Gray, First Sergeant to succeed Richardson, was appointed corporal from private on December 1, 1936 (RO 19), and later was appointed sergeant on January 1, 1937.

Evans W. Ferris, who succeeded Gray as First Sergeant, was appointed sergeant on October 1, 1936.

John H. Armstrong, succeeding Ferris as First Sergeant, was appointed corporal on September 1, 1936 (RO 15) and to sergeant on October 1, 1936 (RO 16).

In April of 1937, the Headquarters Battery and Combat Train was redesignated the Service Battery, 168th Field Artillery. General Order No. 14, AGO, Colorado, dated May 7, 1937, reads: "In accordance with the provisions of Section 60, National Defense Act, Headquarters Battery and Combat Train, First Battalion, 168th Field Artillery (75 mm Truck-Drawn), Federally recognized to date from May 1, 1936, having conformed to the conditions prescribed by National Guard Regulations, is *Redesignated* as Service Battery, 168th Field Artillery, (75 mm Truck-Drawn), with station at Golden, Colorado, effective to date from April 13, 1937, and the same is hereby announced for information and guidance of all concerned.

By Command of the Governor:

NEIL, W. KIMBALL,

The Adjutant General"

Addressed to the Service Battery, 168th Field Artillery, is the following memorandum from the War Department, National Guard Bureau, dated May 3, 1937.

"In accordance with the provisions of Section 60, National Defense Act, Headquarters Battery and Combat Train, First Battalion, 168th Field Artillery (75 mm Truck-Drawn), Colorado National Guard Federally recognized to date from May 1, 1936, having conformed to the conditions prescribed by National Guard Regulations, is *Redesignated* as Service Battery, 168th Field Artillery (75 mm Truck-Drawn), with station at Golden, effective to date from April 13, 1937.

For the Chief, National Guard Bureau: LeR. Lutes Major, N. G. B.

At that time the Band Section was attached to the Service Battery, with station in Golden. Combined strength of the two sections was sixty-six men, four Officers, and one Warrent Officer.

Capt. Joseph E. Ryan, adjutant of the 168th Field Artillery and Maj. Sydney C. Fergason, Regular Army instructor of the Colorado National Guard, were present to execute the redesignation.

Capt. Ryan read Special Order No. 29, AGO, commissioning Albert F. White as Second Lieutenant. (White, then was head coach of football at the Colorado School of Mines.)

Other Officers remained the same as those of the Head-quarters Battery, First Battalion: Capt. Theodore R. Peck, commanding; 1st Lt. Clyde H. C. Braden, 2nd Lt. Ernest M. Bond. Sgt. John P. Marlin was appointed Warrent Officer (AGO, Colorado Special Order).

Changes in rating of the non-commissioned officers were necessary, of course, following the redesignation. By June 13, date of the beginning of the 1937 Field Training period, final NCO appointments had been made as follows: Service Battery: Edward B. Richardson and Vernon A. Wilson, Master Sergeants; John N. Gray, First Sergeant; John B. English, Staff Sergeant; Louis

Bremkamp, Ellis Kudalis, John E. Moody, James A. Mullinax, George T. Walker, Sergeants; George P. Austin, Robert Howlett, Sherwin W. Nichols, Arthur J. Olson, John L. Pesheck, Corporals . . . Band Section: John H. Armstrong, Technical Sergeant; Oscar Q. Moon, Staff Sergeant; Hubert E. Breninghausen, Michael J. Maloney, Arthur M. Smith, Sergeants; Woodrow W. Gruber, Corporal.

All Officers, except Lieutenant Bond, attended the Field/Praining encampment in 1937. (The Coors Company transferred Bond to a Kansas territory, and he was unable to report for active duty on June 13, 1937.)

All non-commissioned officers attended the camp. The following men were present, according to the morning report of this year: Service Battery: James J. Engler, Edwin P. Flansberg, Arthur A. Gurule, Roger C. Holmgren, Donald J. McAskell, Daniel L. Payne, Carl A. Rund, William G. Sloane, Samuel L. Thompson . . . Band Section: Ernest I. Austin, Henry A. Babcock, James L. Brenneman, Bobby C. Brogaitti, George M. Chapman, Howard L. Clark, George L. Robb, Richard S. White.

The following were on Detached Service with the ROTC during the Field Training period: John H. Dismant, William F. Falligan, Evans W. Ferris, Jack J. Lofland, Edwin M. Swift, John D. Moody, Fred L. Weigand, Howard C. Wentworth.

2nd Lt. White resigned as coach at the School of Mines, and took a coaching position in Grand Junction, Colorado. He was placed on the inactive list.

The Band Section having been moved to Denver (Par. 4, SO 87, AGO), the Warrant Officer, John P. Marlin, was commissioned Second Lieutenant to succeed Bond, resigned.

Marlin, upon graduation from the Colorado School of Mines, took a position with the Phillips Petroleum company in Oklahoma, resigning his commission.

Vernon A. Wilson, Master Sergeant, was commissioned as Second Lieutenant to comply with T/O of Service Battery, calling for two Second Lieutenants to succeed White, resigned.

According to the Initial Roster of the 1938 Field Training period, the following attended camp: (Including Third Army maneuvers at Pole Mountain, Wyoming):

Capt. Peck, Lt. Braden, 2nd Lt. Wilson, 2nd Lt. Cecil Craft (reserve attached), Mr. Sgts. Maloney and Richardson, 1st Sgt. Armstrong, St. Sgt. Moon, Sgt. Kerr, Mullinax, Swift, Walker, Waters, Corporals Berninghausen, Moss, Payne,Rund, Privates 1.cl: Abplanalp, Austin (George), Barb, Frye Gurule, Sarrell, Smith (Art. M.), Spieles and Stevens. Pyts: Babcock. Brenneman, Burroughs (G. L.), Gargan, Goodrich, Kendrick, Lachman, Lanius, MacAskell, MacColl (O, E.), MacColl (R. W.), Marlin (James), Moon (Loyde), Smith (Barry), Tubbs, VanWinkle, Viles, and West. In 1938 and 1939 the Service Battery made splendid progress, and was commended for its efficient work by

In 1938 and 1939 the Service Battery made splendid progress, and was commended for its efficient work by the Colone of the Regiment, especially for its service at the 1939 Field Training period.

Victor H. Kerr was commissioned Second Lieutenant January 28, 1939.

Attending the 1939 camp were: Capt. Peck, Lt. Braden, Lt. Kerr, Lt. Wilson, Lt. Duncan (Reserve assigned), Mr. Sgt. Maloney, Richardson, 1st Sgt. Moon, St. Sgt. Mullinax, Sgts. Armstrong, Berninghausen, Rund, Walker, and Waters. Corps. Barb, Brenneman,

Gurule, Sarrell, and Spieles (Sk Fitzsimmons hop June 17, 1939). Pvts. 1.cl: Ball Burroughs, Grinstead, Mood (Lloyd), Owen, Stevens. Pvts. Burroughs, K., Deering, Eggert, Goodrich, Hess, H., Hess, D., Kerr, L., King, Mann, Mathews, N., Mathews, J., Miller, Morgan, Meyers, Nelson, M., Olson, Smith, B. B., Smith, Don, Stewart and Tripp.

Present Roster is: Capt. Peck, Lt. Braden, Lt. Kerr, Lt. Wilson, Mr. Sgt. Maloney and Richardson, 1st Sgt.

Moon, St. Sgt. Mullinax. Sgts. Armstrong, Berninghausen, Rund, Walker, and Waters. Corps. Barb, Brennemen, Gurule, Sarrell, Spieles. Pvts. 1.cl: Ball Burroughs, Dunn, Grinstead, Owen, Stevens. Pvts: Burroughs, K., Deering, Eggert, Goodrich, Hess, D., Hess, R., Kerr, L., King, Mann, Mathews, N., Mathews, J., Miller, Morgan, Meyers, Nelson, M., Nelson, W., Olson, Smith, B. B., Smith, Don, Stewart, Tripp.

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